

# 우리나라 신대체 요법의 현황

- 인산 민병석 교수 기념 말기 신부전 환자 등록사업 2013 -

## Current Renal Replacement Therapy in Korea

-Insan Memorial Dialysis Registry 2013-



대한신장학회 등록위원회

ESRD Registry Committee, Korean Society of Nephrology

# 새 등록사업 프로그램

- 2013년 7월 사용 시작
- 개인 정보 보호법 적용 및 투석 의료기관 인증제 프로그램과 통합
- 추가 항목 : 투석 방법, 합병증, 검사 수치, 재활상태 추가 등재
- 과거 자료 모두 이전



대한신장학회  
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말기신부전 환자 의료정보 시스템

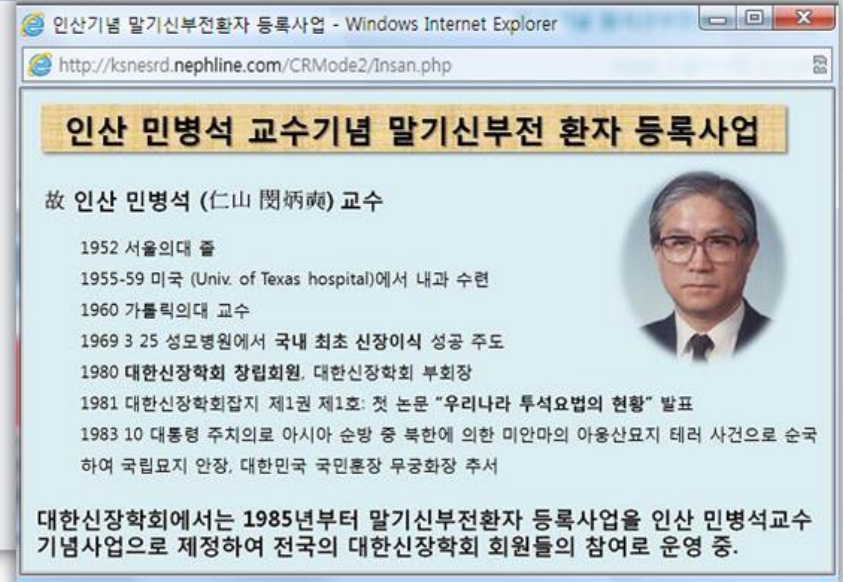
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본 프로그램은 대한신장학회에서 우리나라 투석 환자를 등록하기 위하여 운영하고 있습니다. 각 의료기관 정보 및 환자 개인정보가 암호화되어 관리되므로 담당자는 비밀번호를 잘 관리하여주시고 문제가 발생한 경우 대한신장학회로 연락주시기 바랍니다.

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인산기념 말기신부전환자 등록사업 - Windows Internet Explorer  
http://ksnsrd.nephline.com/CRMode2/Insan.php

인산 민병석 교수기념 말기신부전 환자 등록사업

故 인산 민병석 (仁山 閔炳奭) 교수

1952 서울의대 졸업  
1955-59 미국 (Univ. of Texas hospital)에서 내과 수련  
1960 가톨릭의대 교수  
1969 3 25 성모병원에서 국내 최초 신장이식 성공 주도  
1980 대한신장학회 창립회원, 대한신장학회 부회장  
1981 대한신장학회잡지 제1권 제1호: 첫 논문 "우리나라 투석요법의 현황" 발표  
1983 10 대통령 주치의로 아시아 순방 중 북한에 의한 미안마의 아용산묘지 테러 사건으로 순국하여 국립묘지 안장, 대한민국 국민훈장 무궁화장 추서

대한신장학회에서는 1985년부터 말기신부전환자 등록사업을 인산 민병석교수 기념사업으로 제정하여 전국의 대한신장학회 회원들의 참여로 운영 중.

# Prevalence of Renal Replacement Therapy

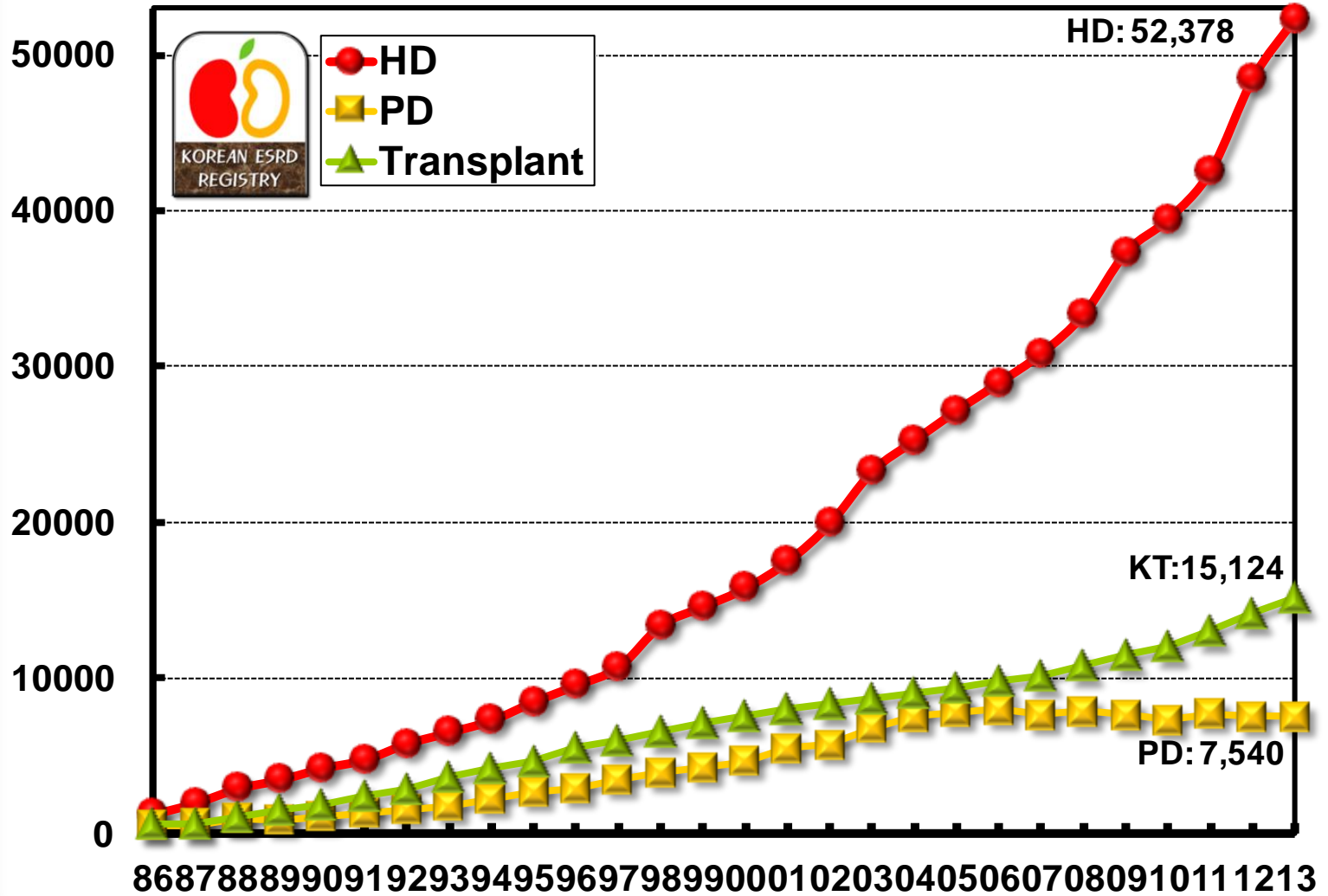


Year	HD		PD		Transplant		Total	
1986	1,335	(32.6)	573	(13.9)	621	(15.1)	2,534	(61.7)
1988	3,012	(74.0)	1,058	(25.2)	982	(23.4)	5,142	(122.7)
1990	4,311	(101.8)	1,130	(26.7)	1,866	(44.1)	7,307	(172.6)
1992	5,890	(135.3)	1,599	(36.7)	2,862	(65.8)	10,351	(237.8)
1994	7,387	(162.7)	2,284	(50.3)	4,116	(90.6)	13,787	(303.6)
1996	9,635	(207.5)	2,976	(64.1)	5,461	(117.6)	18,072	(389.2)
1998	13,473	(285.6)	3,912	(82.9)	6,515	(138.1)	23,900	(506.7)
2000	15,853	(330.4)	4,671	(97.4)	7,522	(156.8)	28,046	(584.5)
2001	17,568	(363.8)	5,489	(113.7)	7,957	(164.8)	31,014	(642.3)
2002	20,010	(412.4)	5,712	(117.7)	8,271	(170.5)	33,993	(700.6)
2003	23,348	(478.2)	6,807	(139.4)	8,635	(176.9)	38,790	(794.5)
2004	25,335	(516.5)	7,569	(154.3)	8,987	(183.2)	41,891	(854.0)
2005	27,246	(553.0)	7,816	(158.6)	9,271	(188.2)	44,333	(899.8)
2006	29,031	(585.0)	7,990	(161.0)	9,709	(195.7)	46,730	(941.7)
2007	30,907	(617.7)	7,649	(152.9)	10,119	(202.2)	48,675	(972.8)
2008	33,427	(663.3)	7,840	(155.6)	10,722	(212.8)	51,989	(1031.6)
2009	37,391	(738.3)	7,618	(150.4)	11,387	(224.8)	56,396	(1113.6)
2010	39,509	(768.1)	7,309	(142.1)	12,042	(234.1)	58,860	(1144.4)
2011	42,596	(823.6)	7,694	(148.8)	13,051	(252.4)	63,341	(1224.8)
2012	48,531	(938.4)	7,552	(146.0)	14,128	(273.2)	70,211	(1357.6)
2013	52,378	(1009.6)	7,540	(145.3)	15,124	(291.5)	75,042	(1446.4)

( ) : number of patients per million population, Population in Korea at the end of in 2013: 52,058,370.

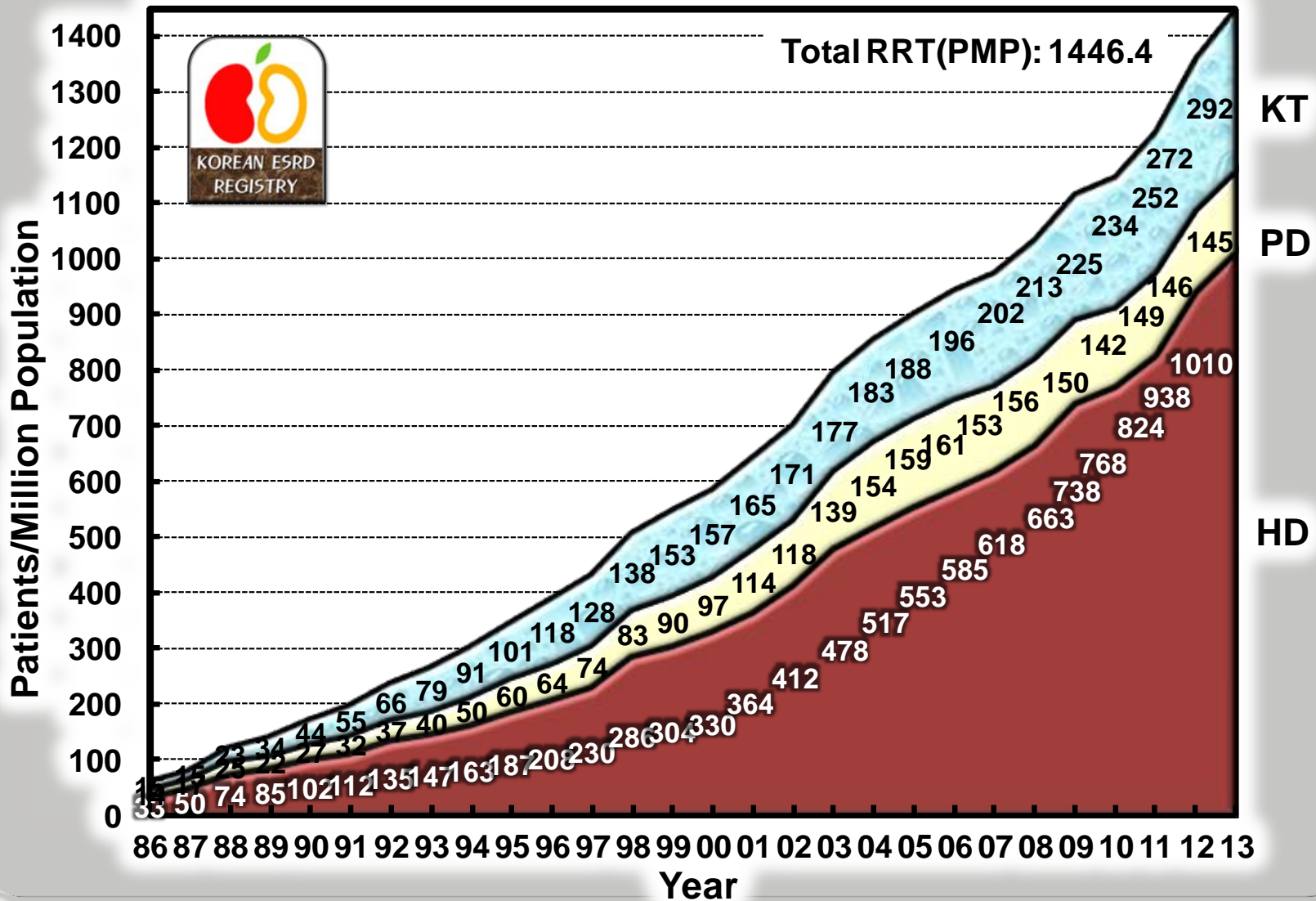


# Patient Number of RRT





# Point Prevalence of RRT

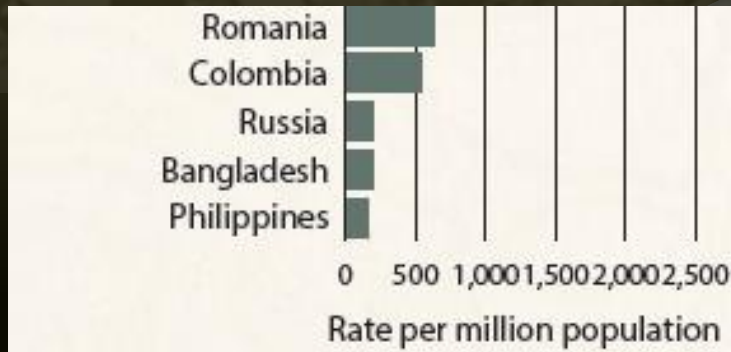
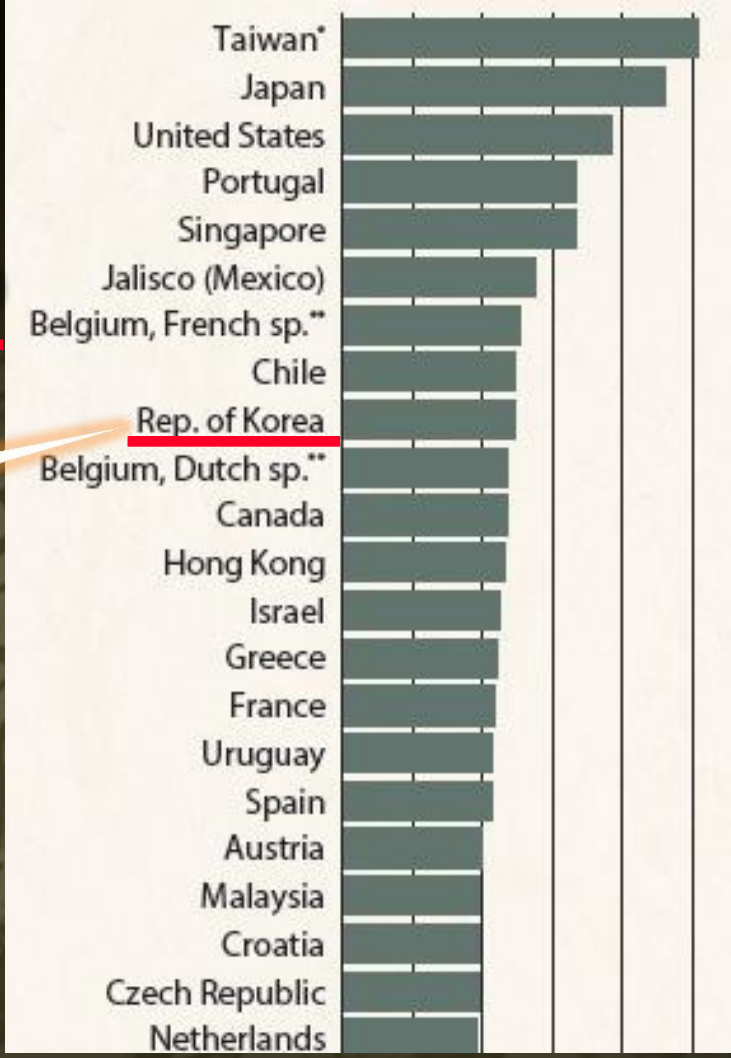


# Prevalence of ESRD

**1,225 PMP**  
**End of 2011**

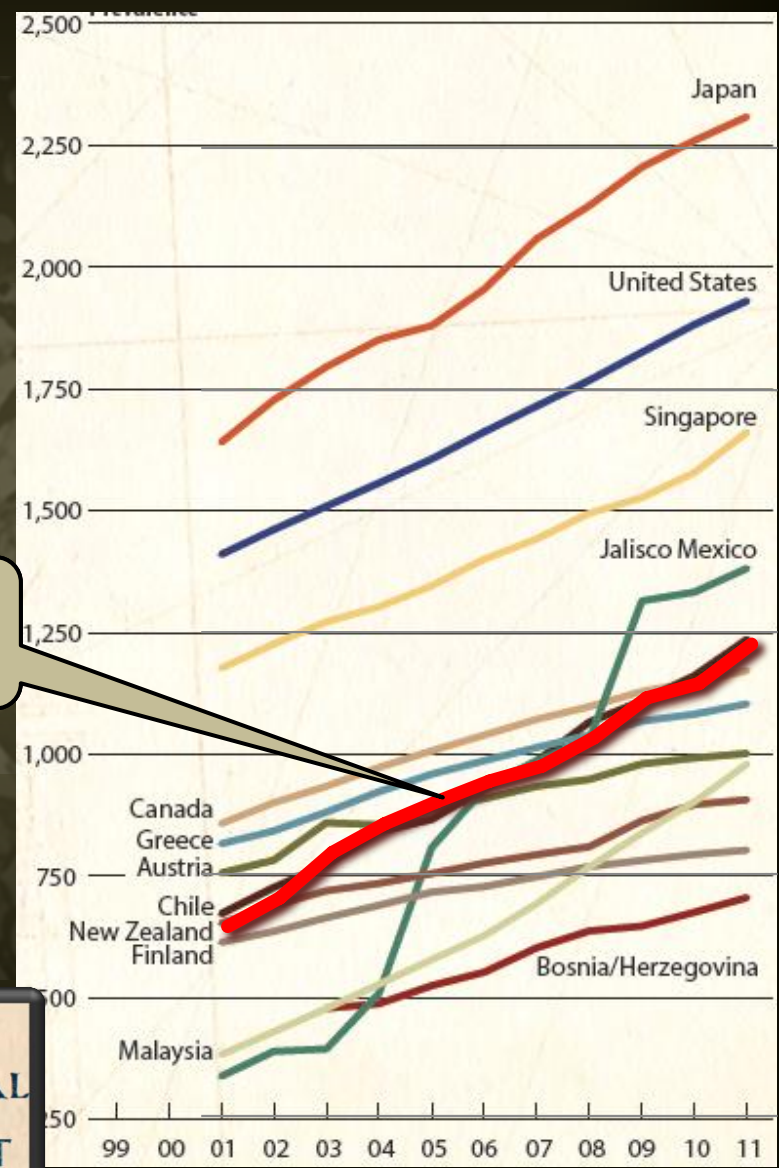
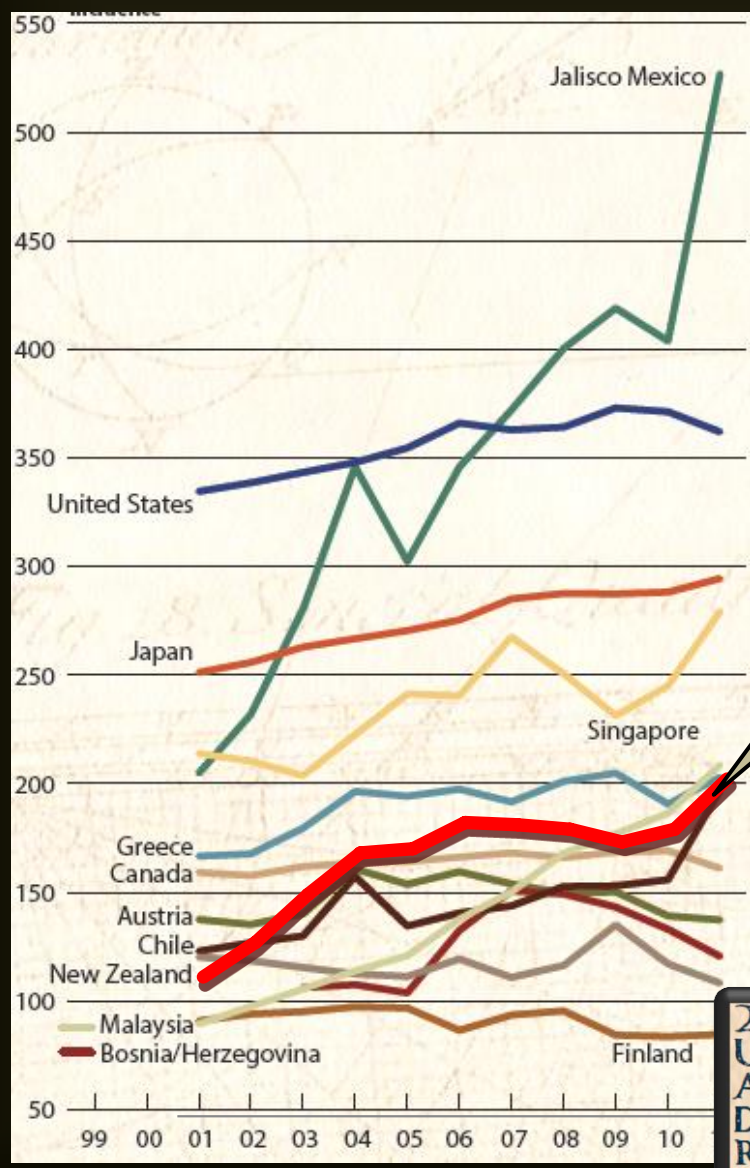


U.S. Renal Data System, USRDS 2013 Annual Data Report: Atlas of Chronic Kidney Disease and End-Stage Renal Disease in the United States, National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases, Bethesda, MD, 2013.



# Incidence of ESRD

# Prevalence of ESRD



Rep. of Korea

2013  
USRDS  
ANNUAL  
DATA  
REPORT

# Number of New RRT Patients



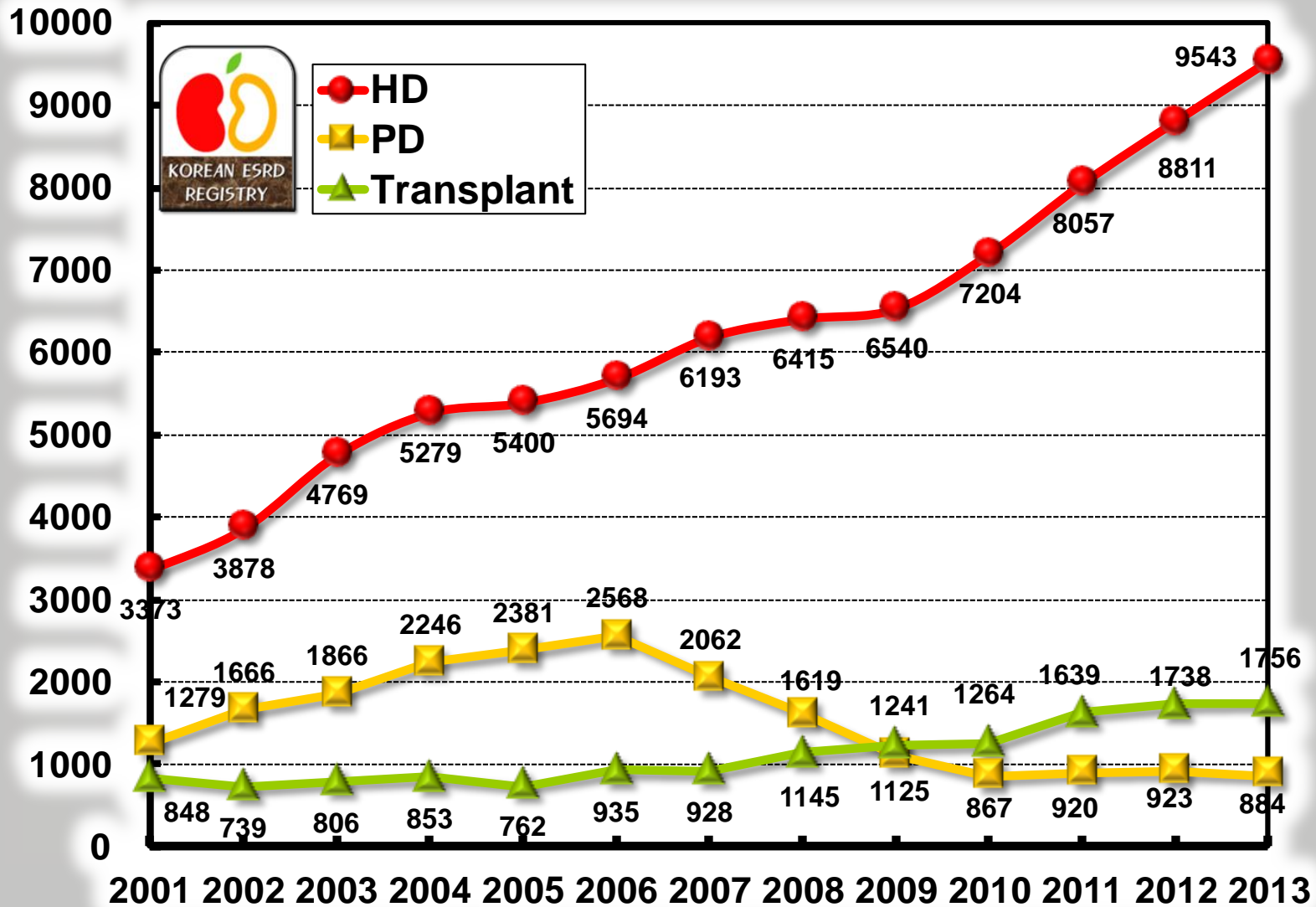
	HD		PD		Transplant		Total	
1986	670	(16.3)	287	(7.0)	221	(5.4)	1,173	(28.7)
1988	1,516	(36.2)	375	(8.9)	428	(10.2)	2,319	(55.3)
1990	2,418	(57.1)	530	(12.5)	624	(14.7)	3,572	(84.3)
1992	3,083	(70.8)	705	(16.2)	765	(17.6)	4,553	(104.6)
1994	2,999	(66.0)	907	(19.9)	685	(15.1)	4,591	(101.1)
1996	3,670	(79.0)	1,388	(29.9)	919	(19.8)	5,977	(128.7)
1998	2,463	(52.2)	753	(15.9)	994	(21.1)	4,210	(89.3)
2000	2,736	(57.0)	1,021	(21.3)	683	(14.2)	4,440	(92.5)
2001	3,373	(69.9)	1,279	(26.5)	848	(17.6)	5,500	(113.9)
2002	3,878	(79.9)	1,666	(34.3)	739	(15.2)	6,283	(129.5)
2003	4,769	(97.7)	1,866	(38.2)	806	(16.5)	7,441	(152.4)
2004	5,279	(107.6)	2,246	(45.8)	853	(17.4)	8,378	(170.8)
2005	5,400	(109.6)	2,381	(48.3)	762	(15.5)	8,543	(173.4)
2006	5,694	(114.7)	2,568	(51.7)	935	(18.8)	9,197	(185.3)
2007	6,193	(123.8)	2,062	(41.2)	928	(18.5)	9,183	(183.5)
2008	6,415	(127.3)	1,619	(32.1)	1,145	(22.7)	9,179	(182.1)
2009	6,540	(129.1)	1,125	(22.2)	1,241	(24.5)	8,906	(175.9)
2010	7,204	(140.1)	867	(16.9)	1,264	(24.6)	9,335	(181.5)
2011	8,057	(155.8)	920	(17.8)	1,639	(31.7)	10,616	(205.3)
2012	8,811	(169.8)	923	(17.8)	1,738	(33.5)	11,472	(221.1)
2013	9,543	(183.3)	884	(17.0)	1,756	(33.7)	12,183	(234.0)

( ): number of patients per million population. The population of Korea in 2013: 52,058,370.





# Number of New RRT Patients

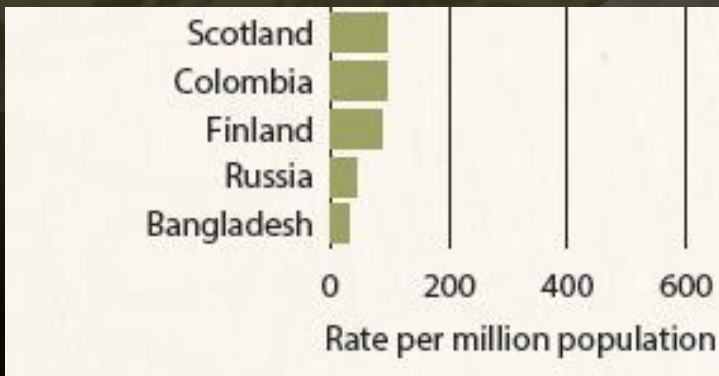


# Incidence of ESRD

**205 PMP**  
**End of 2011**

**2013  
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DATA  
REPORT**

U.S. Renal Data System, USRDS 2013. Annual Data Report: Atlas of Chronic Kidney Disease and End-Stage Renal Disease in the United States, National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases, Bethesda, MD, 2013.



# Causes of ESRD in New Patients



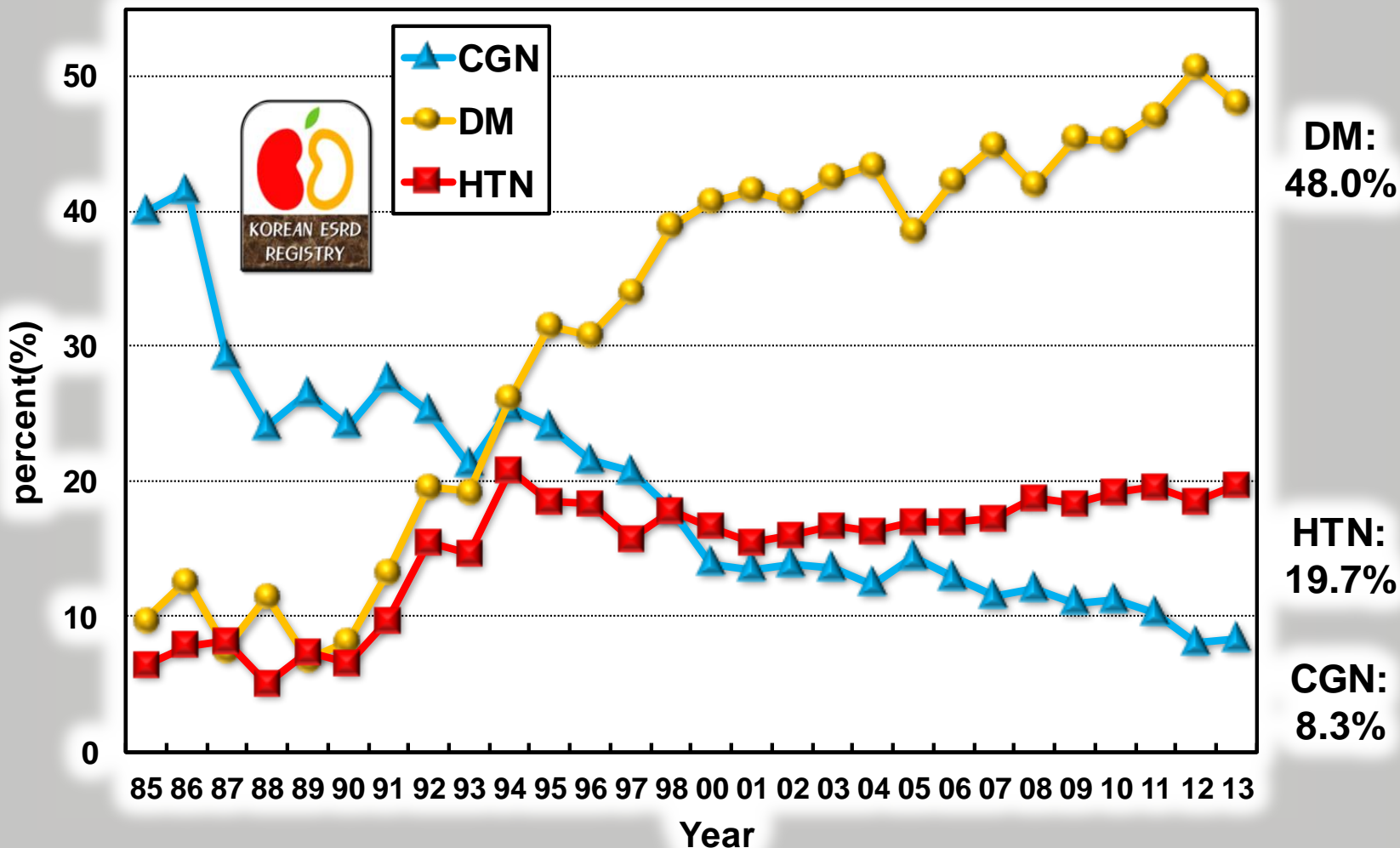
## Causes

## Percent (%)

	1992	1994	1996	1998	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2011	2012	2013
<b>Chronic Glomerulonephritis</b>	25.3	25.5	21.6	17.9	14	13.9	12.5	13.0	12.1	11.3	10.4	8.1	8.3
Not Histologically confirmed	19.7	20.4	16.7	13.6	10.6	10	8.6	9.0	8.2	7.7	6.9	4.5	4.3
Histologically confirmed	5.6	5	4.9	4.3	3.4	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.6	4.0
<b>Diabetic nephropathy</b>	19.5	26.1	30.8	38.9	40.7	40.7	43.4	42.3	41.9	45.2	47.1	50.6	48.0
<b>Hypertensive nephrosclerosis</b>	15.4	20.8	18.3	17.8	16.6	16	16.2	16.9	18.7	19.2	19.6	18.5	19.7
<b>Cystic kidney disease</b>	2.1	2.2	1.8	1.7	2.2	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.5
<b>Renal tuberculosis</b>	1.1	1.5	1.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1
<b>Pyelo/interstitial nephritis</b>	1.3	1.1	0.7	1	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
<b>Drugs or nephrotoxic agents</b>	1.3	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.3
<b>Lupus nephritis</b>	0.8	0.7	1	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
<b>Gouty nephropathy</b>	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3
<b>Hereditary nephropathy</b>	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.4
<b>Kidney tumor</b>	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5
<b>Other</b>	4.1	2.7	2.8	3.9	3	5.6	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.1	5.0	6.8	7.2
<b>Uncertain</b>	28.6	17.8	15.9	16.6	20.2	19	17.8	17.5	17.6	15.3	14.3	11.4	12.7



# Three Major Causes of ESRD



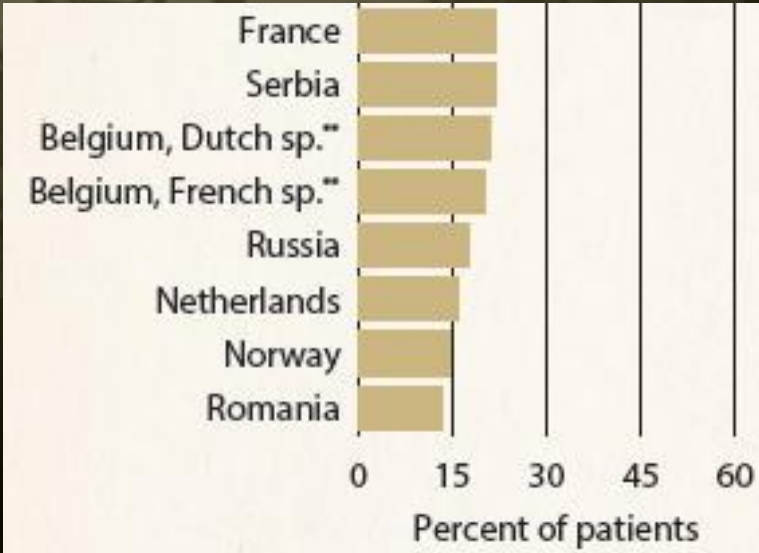


# Diabetic ESRD

47.1%  
in 2011

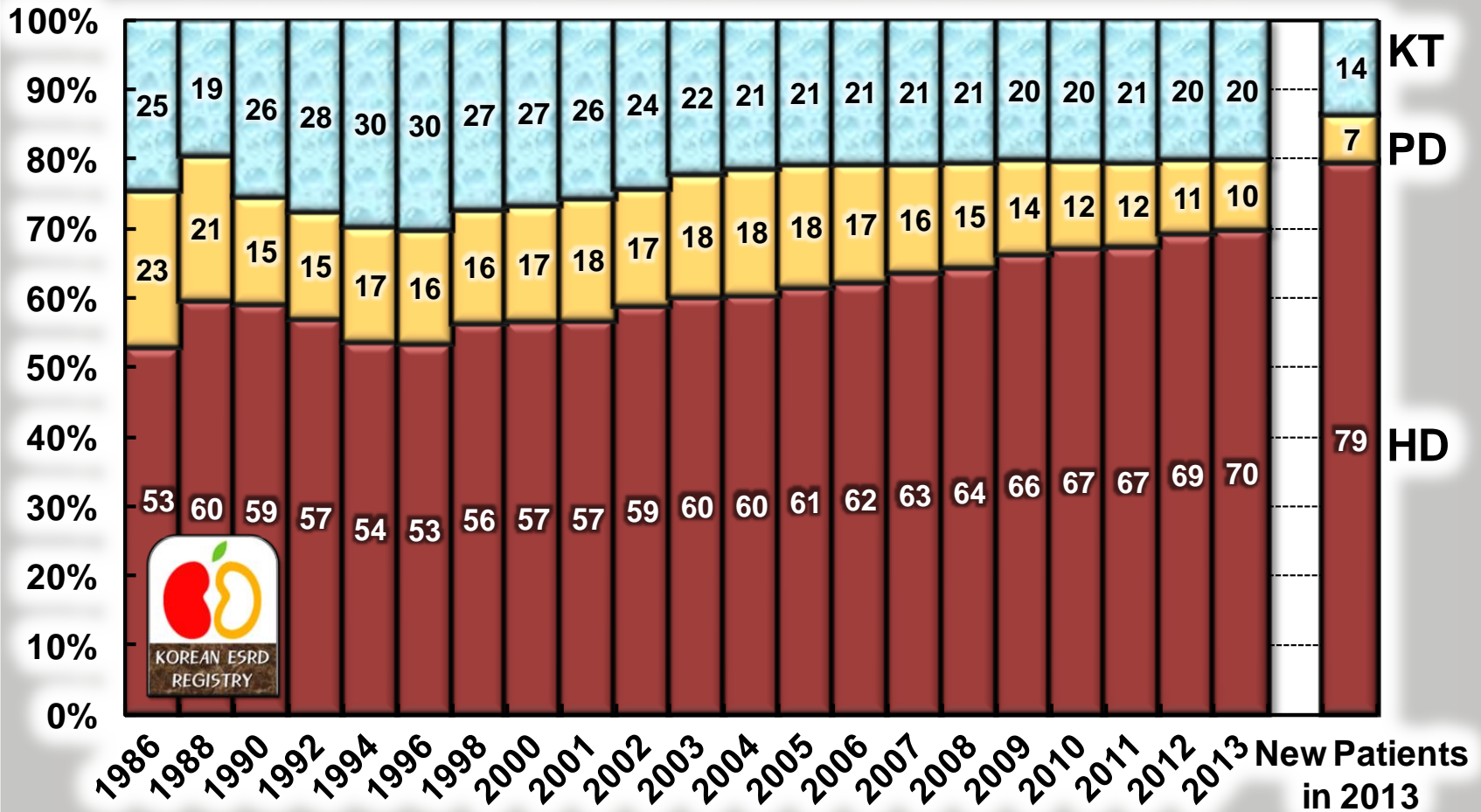
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DATA  
REPORT

U.S. Renal Data System, USRDS 2013 Annual Data Report: Atlas of Chronic Kidney Disease and End-Stage Renal Disease in the United States, National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases, Bethesda, MD, 2013.



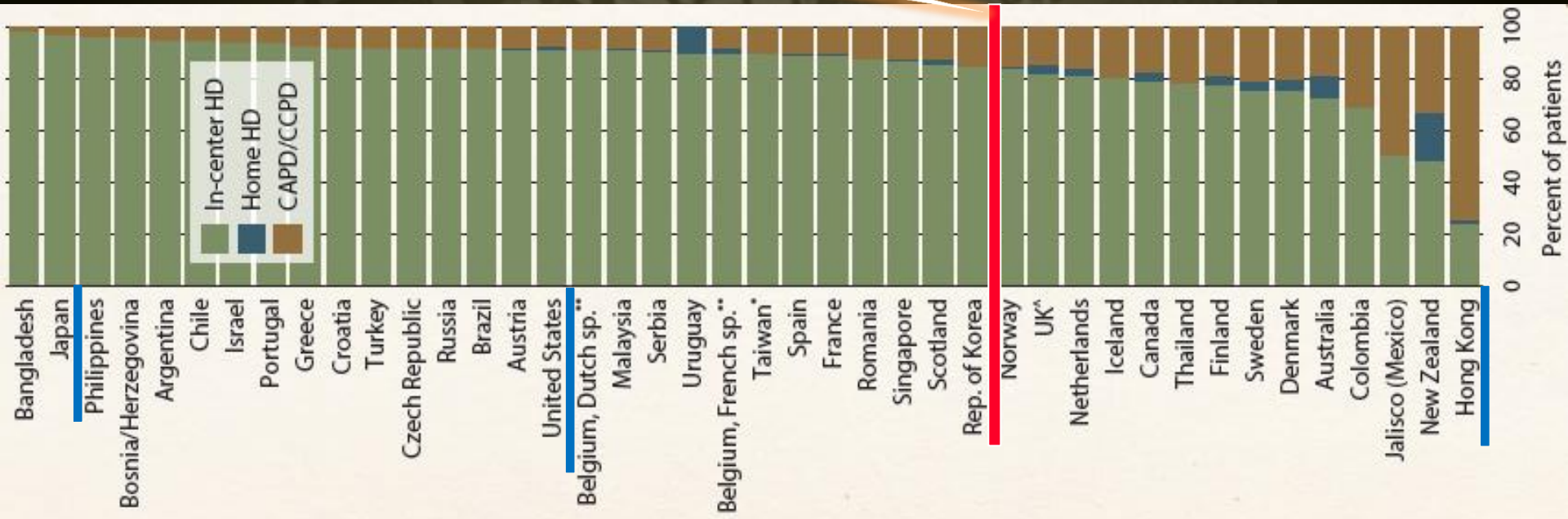


# Proportion of RRT Modalities



# Percent Distribution of Dialysis Modalities

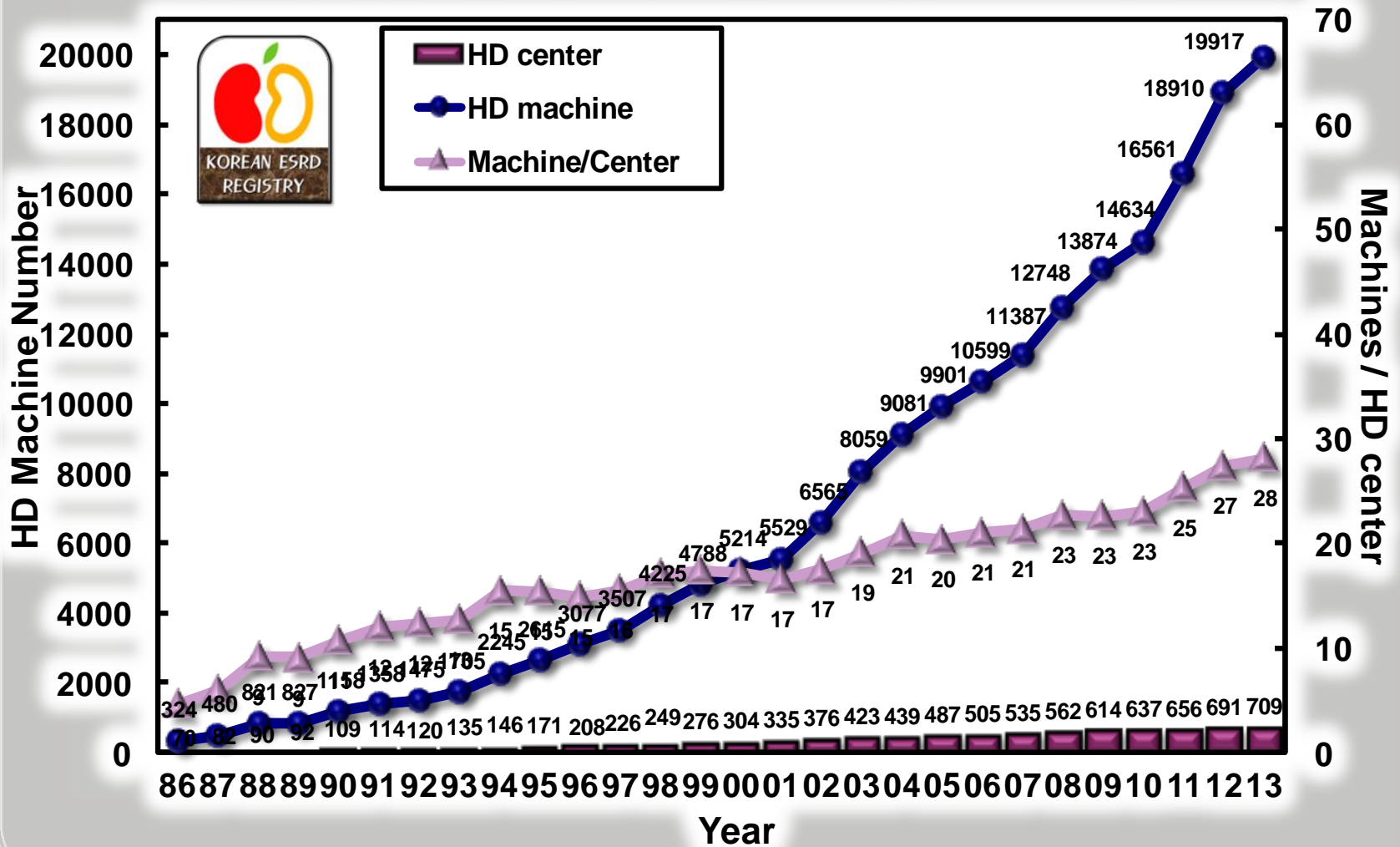
**HD:PD = 84.7% : 15.3%**  
**End of 2011**



U.S. Renal Data System, USRDS 2013. Annual Data Report: Atlas of Chronic Kidney Disease and End-Stage Renal Disease in the United States, National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases, Bethesda, MD, 2013.

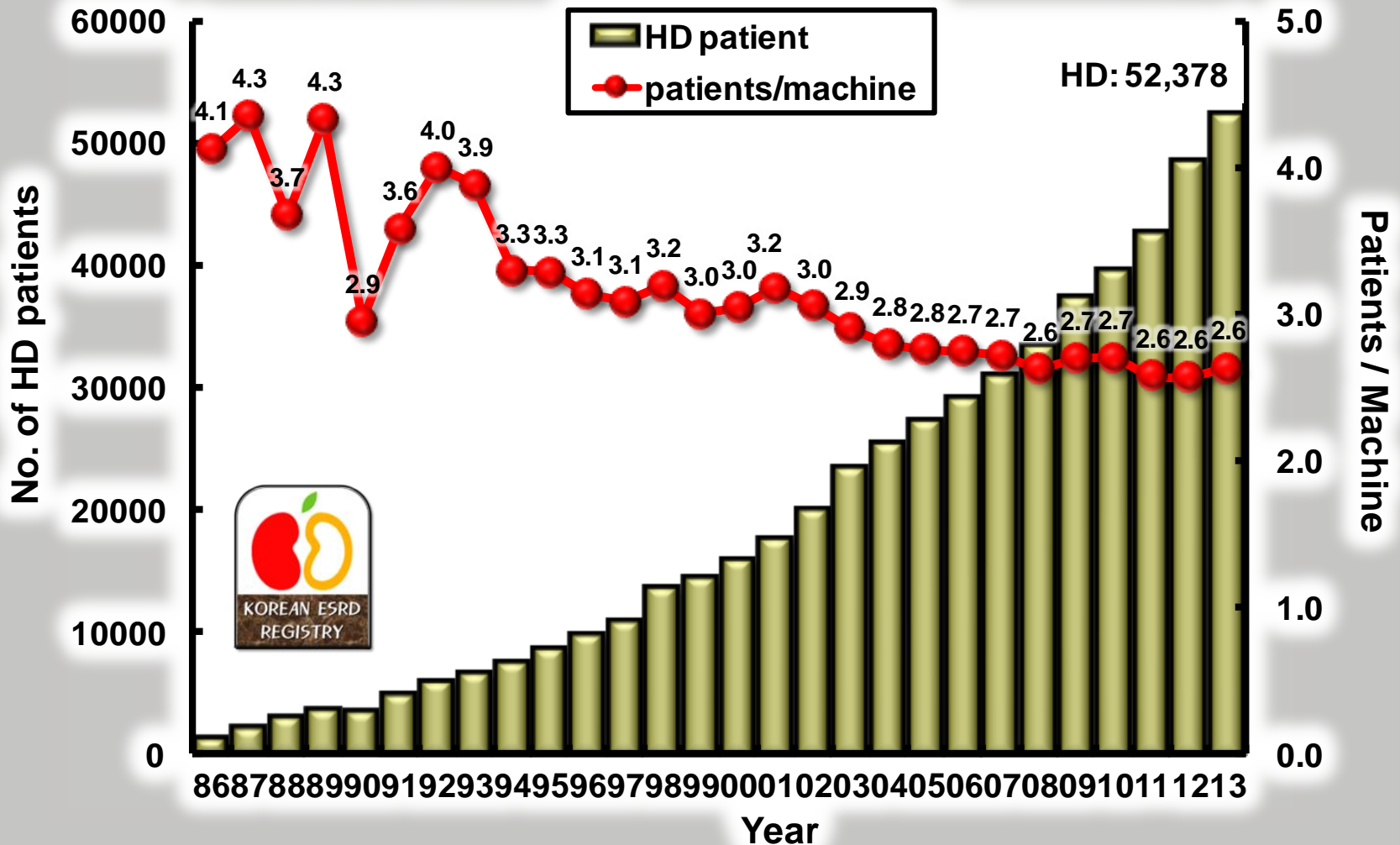


# Number of HD Centers & HD Machines



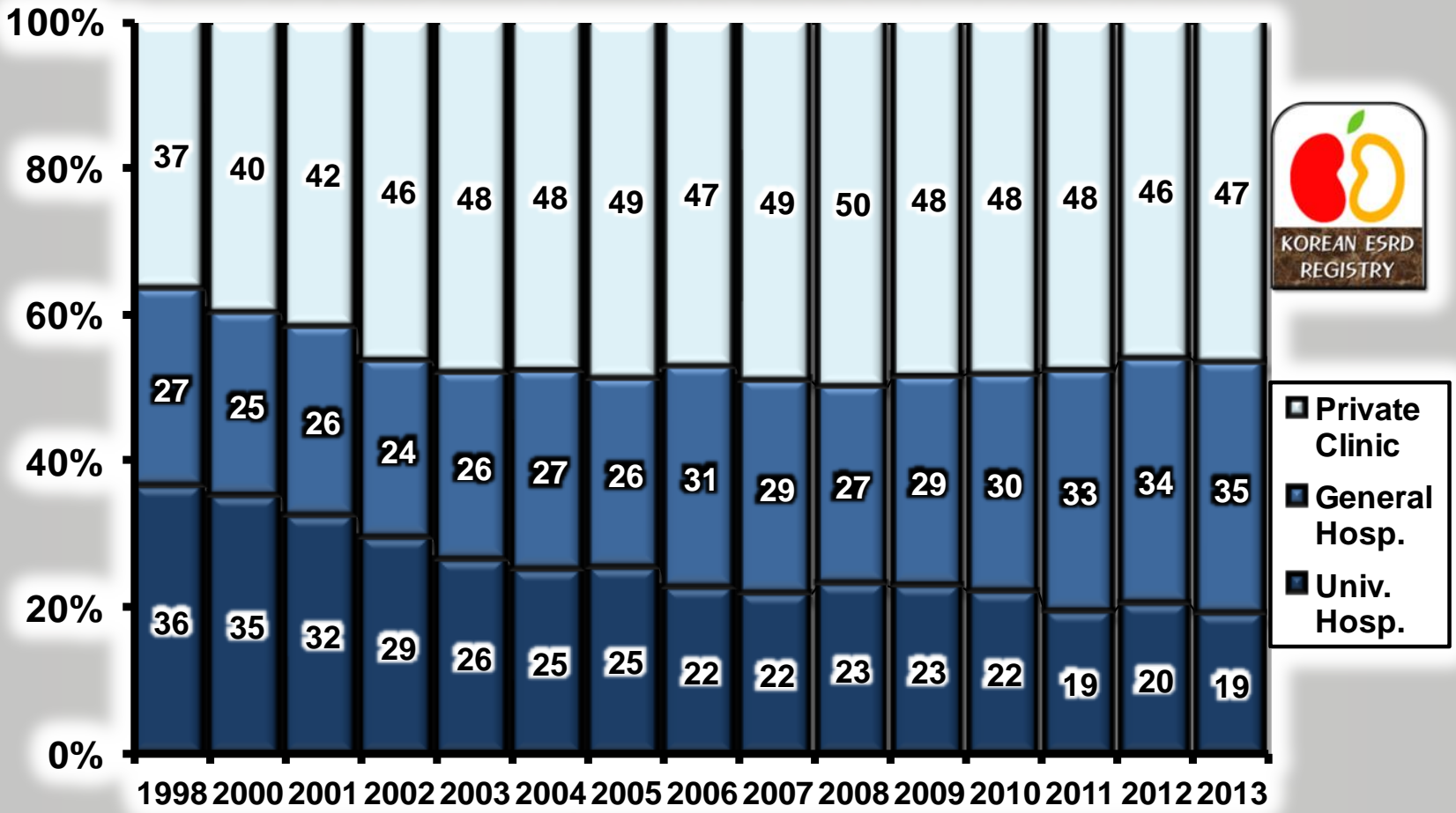


# Ratio of HD Machine & HD Patients





# HD Pts Proportion by Dialysis Center Type



- Private Clinic
- General Hosp.
- Univ. Hosp.

# 행정구역별 투석환자 및 혈액투석기 분포



(2013년 12월말 기준)

	HD pts	PD pts	Total Dialysis pts	Dialysis pts. / Million pop.	Dialysis Centers	HD machines	HD pts./ HD machine
서울 Seoul	10,438	2,352	12,790	1,232	156	3,983	2.6
부산 Busan	4,245	877	5,122	1,439	46	1,496	2.8
대구 Daegu	3,529	707	4,236	1,678	36	1,101	3.2
인천 Incheon	2,850	315	3,165	1,079	32	1,040	2.7
광주 Gwangju	1,532	236	1,768	1,185	33	703	2.2
대전 Daejeon	1,388	364	1,752	1,131	14	593	2.3
울산 Ulsan	864	56	920	781	13	327	2.6
경기 Gyeonggi	12,416	1,323	13,739	1,096	145	4,728	2.6
강원 Gangwon	1,675	364	2,039	1,311	26	671	2.5
충북 Chungbuk	1,676	87	1,763	1,102	28	658	2.5
충남 Chungnam	2,128	90	2,218	1,023	33	769	2.8
전북 Jeonbuk	1,842	162	2,004	1,055	22	813	2.3
전남 Jeonnam	1,768	160	1,928	999	34	798	2.2
경북 Gyeongbuk	2,272	157	2,429	885	36	874	2.6
경남 Gyeongnam	3,017	214	3,231	950	45	1,115	2.7
제주 Jeju	738	76	814	1,355	10	248	3.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>52,378</b>	<b>7,540</b>	<b>59,918</b>	<b>1,151</b>	<b>709</b>	<b>19,917</b>	<b>2.6</b>

# 생활권역별 투석환자 및 혈액투석기 분포

(2013년 12월말 기준)

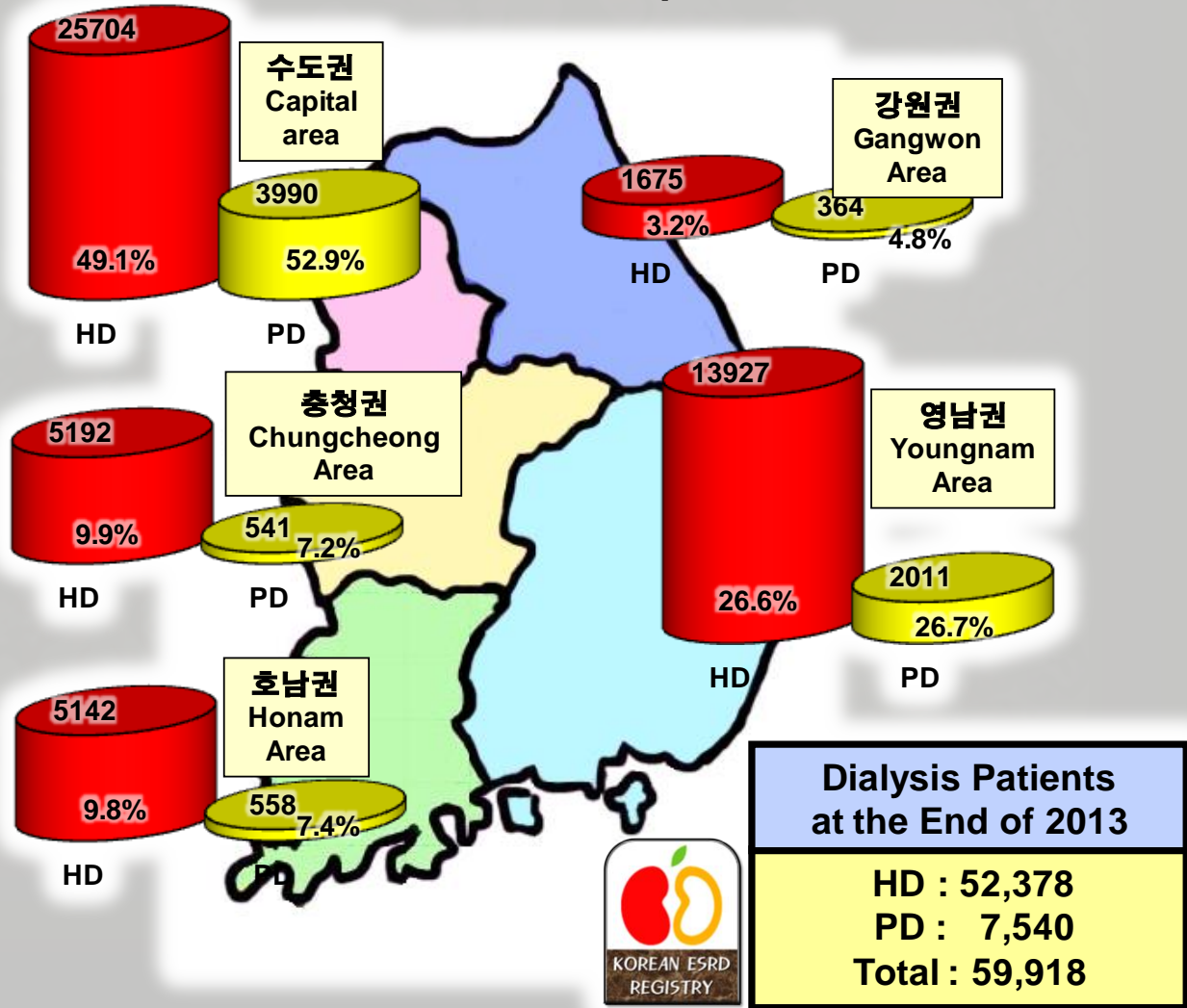


	Population (%)	HD patients	PD patients	Total Dialysis patients	Dialysis pts /Million pop.	Dialysis centers	Dialysis machine	HD pts / HD machine
<b>수도권</b> Capital area	25,854,554	25,704	3,990	29,694		333	9,751	
(Seoul, Incheon, Gyeonggi)	49.7%	49.1%	52.9%	49.6%	1,149	47.0%	49.0%	2.6
<b>충청권</b> Chungchung	5,318,005	5,192	541	5,733		75	2,020	
(Daejeon, Chungnam, Chungbuk)	10.2%	9.9%	7.2%	9.6%	1,078	10.6%	10.1%	2.6
<b>호남권</b> Honam	5,321,135	5,142	558	5,700		89	2,314	
(Gwangju, Jeonnam, Jeonbuk)	10.2%	9.8%	7.4%	9.5%	1,071	12.6%	11.6%	2.2
<b>영남권</b> Youngnam	13,408,952	13,927	2,011	15,938		176	4,913	
(Busan, Daegu, Gyeongnam, Gyeongbuk, Ulsan)	25.8%	26.6%	26.7%	26.6%	1,189	24.8%	24.7%	2.8
<b>강원권</b> Gangwon	1,554,984	1,675	364	2,039		26	671	
	3.0%	3.2%	4.8%	3.4%	1,311	3.7%	3.4%	2.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>52,058,370</b>	<b>52,378</b>	<b>7,540</b>	<b>59,918</b>	<b>1,151</b>	<b>709</b>	<b>19,917</b>	<b>2.6</b>

\* 제주 표시 제외. Data of Jeju-do is not shown.

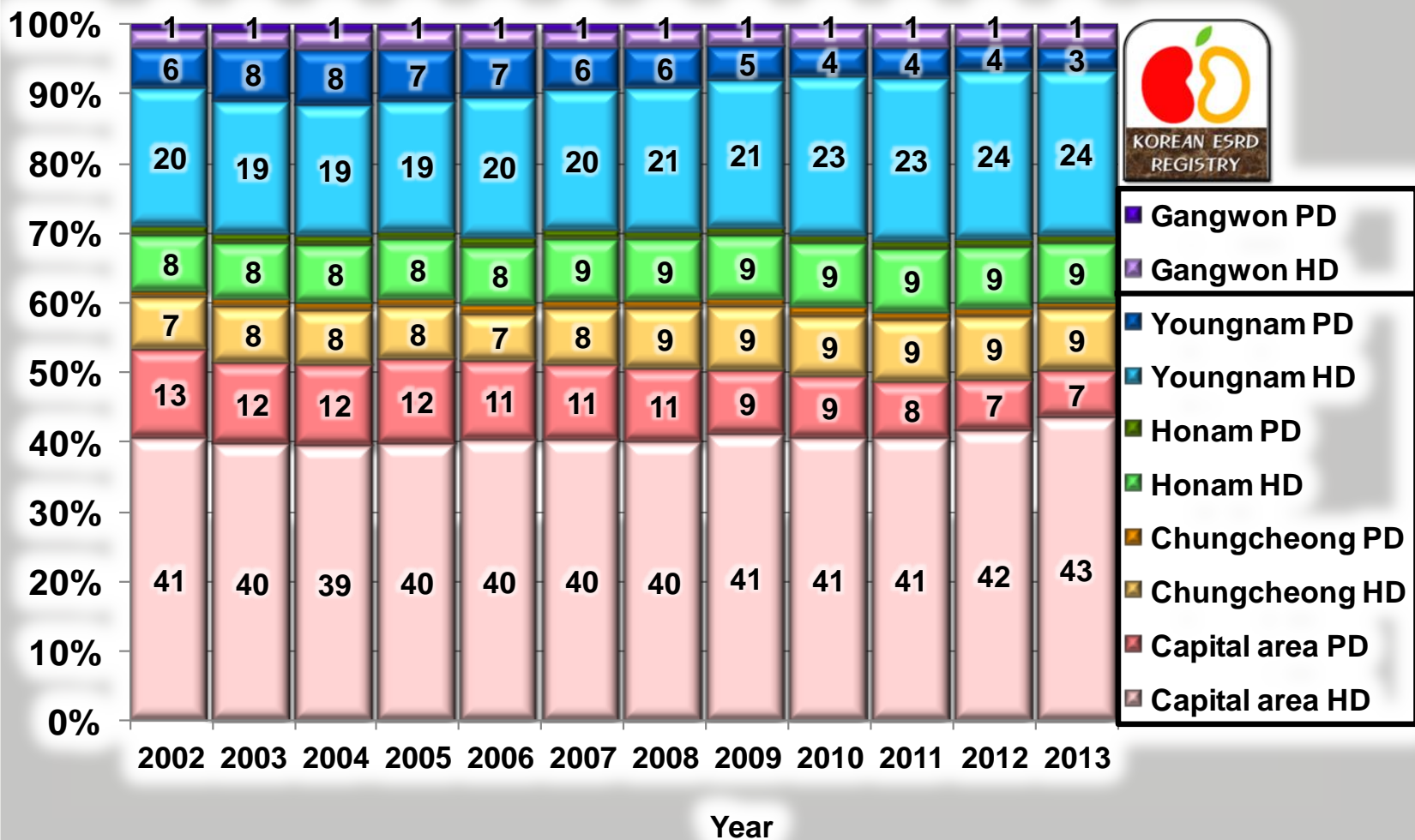
# 생활권역별 투석환자 분포

(2013년 12월말 기준)





# 생활권역별 투석환자 비율의 연도별 변화



- Gangwon PD
- Gangwon HD
- Youngnam PD
- Youngnam HD
- Honam PD
- Honam HD
- Chungcheong PD
- Chungcheong HD
- Capital area PD
- Capital area HD

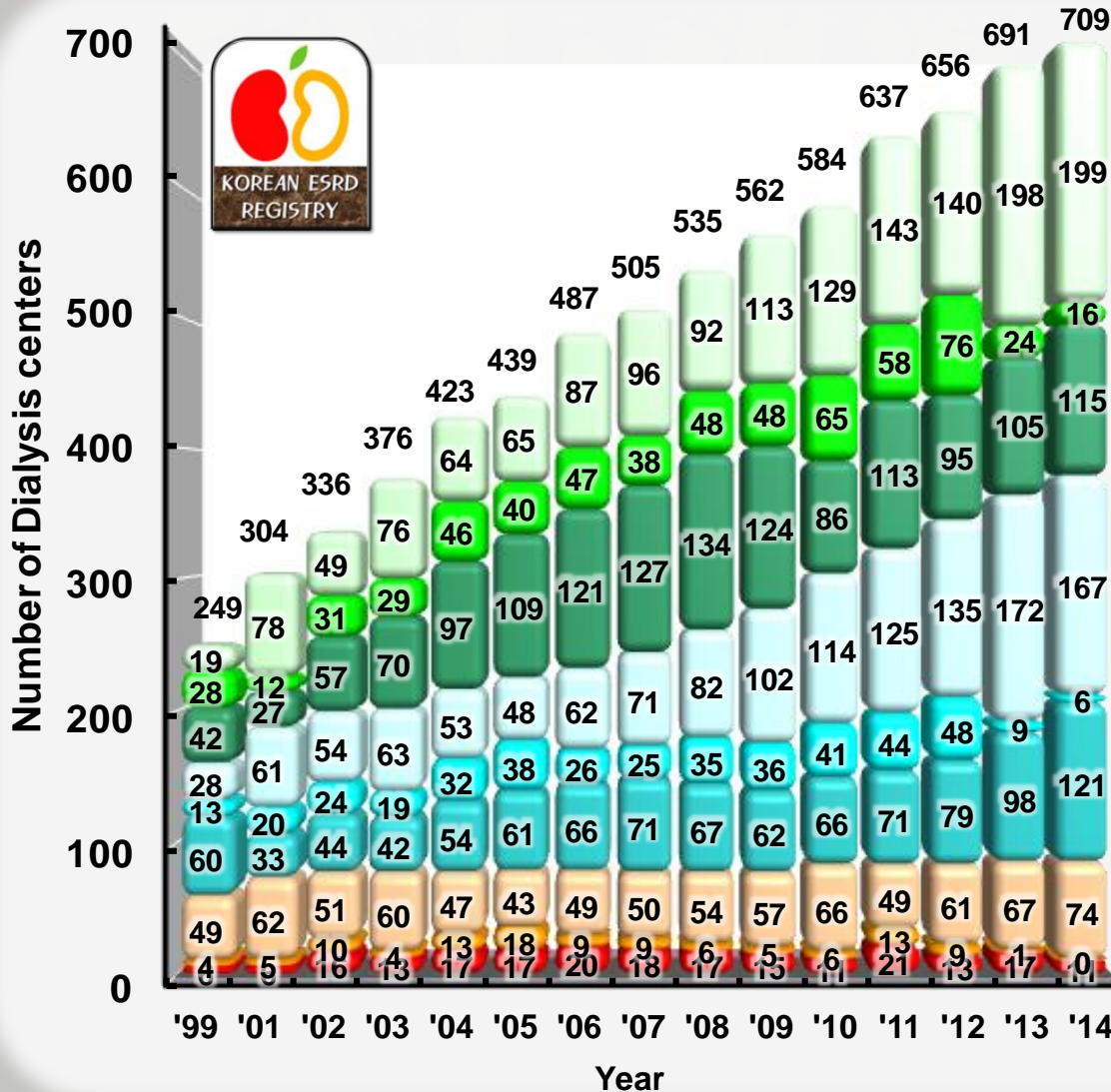
# 등록사업에 참여한 의료기관 수 및 응답률



	Dialysis centers*	Internet Input	Paper data	Total contributed center	Contributing rate (%)
서울 Seoul	156	105	5	110	70.5
부산 Busan	46	26	2	28	60.9
대구 Daegu	36	23	1	24	66.7
인천 Incheon	32	21	1	22	68.8
광주 Gwangju	33	21	0	21	63.6
대전 Daejeon	14	10	0	10	71.4
울산 Ulsan	13	6	1	7	53.8
경기 Gyeonggi	145	84	6	90	62.1
강원 Gangwon	26	14	1	15	57.7
충북 Chungbuk	28	19	0	19	67.9
충남 Chungnam	33	18	1	19	57.6
전북 Jeonbuk	22	12	0	12	54.5
전남 Jeonnam	34	21	0	21	61.8
경북 Gyeongbuk	36	20	3	23	63.9
경남 Gyeongnam	45	32	1	33	73.3
제주 Jeju	10	8	0	8	80.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>709</b>	<b>440</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>65.2</b>

\* 투석의료기관 수에서 비윤리 의료기관(약 50개소)은 제외함.

# 의료기관의 증가와 의료기관별 등록률

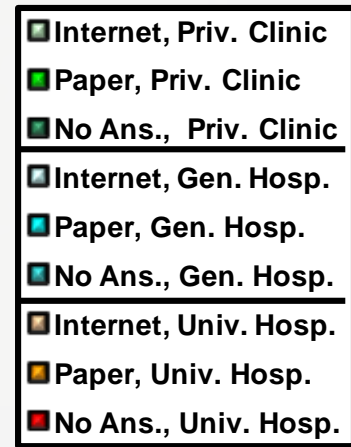


Overall Contrib. Rate : 65.2%  
(462/709)

Private Clinic : 65.2%  
(215/330)

General Hosp.: 58.8%  
(173/294)

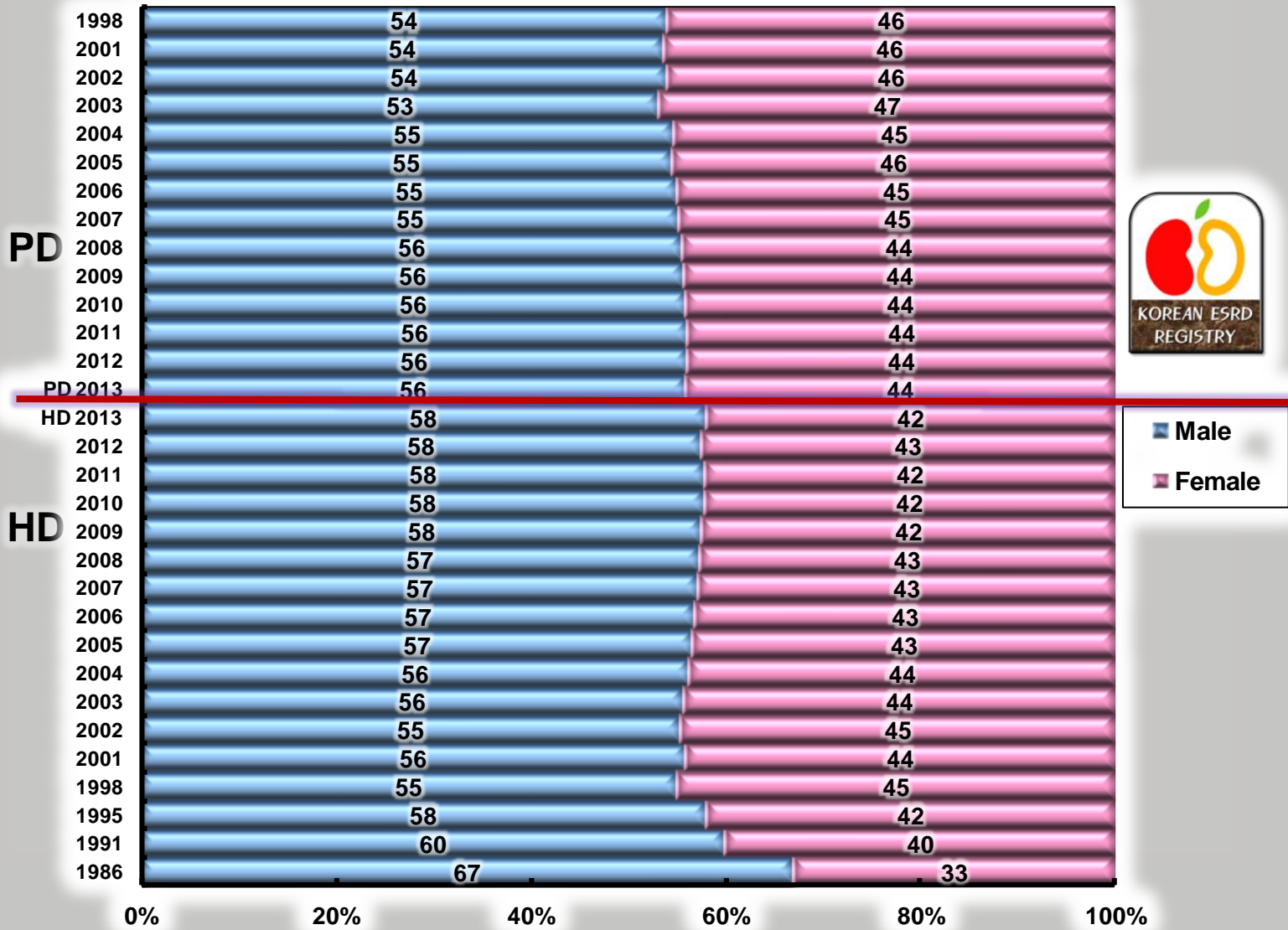
Univ. Hosp. : 87.1%  
(74/85)







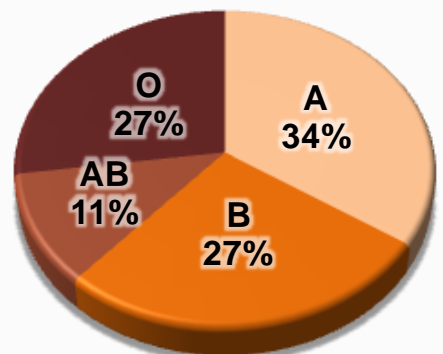
# Gender Ratio of Dialysis Patients



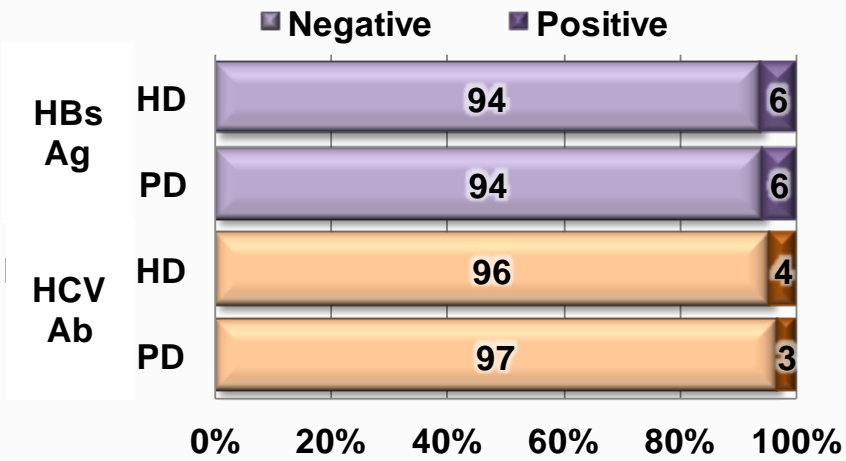
■ Male  
■ Female

# ABO Blood type, Hepatitis virus, Insurance

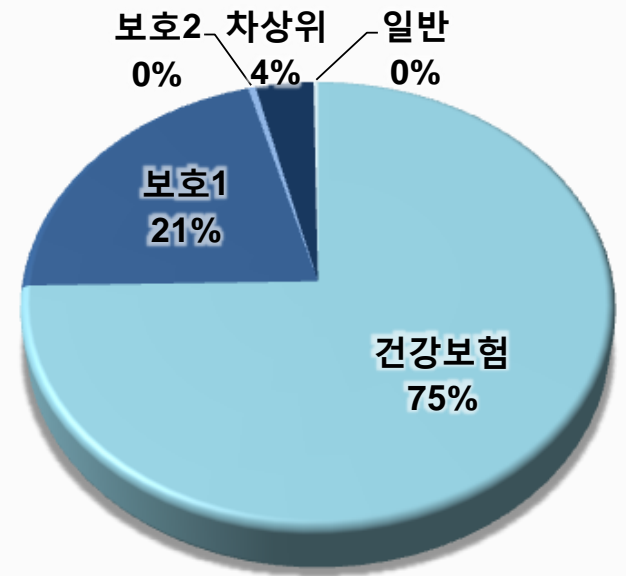
## ABO Blood type



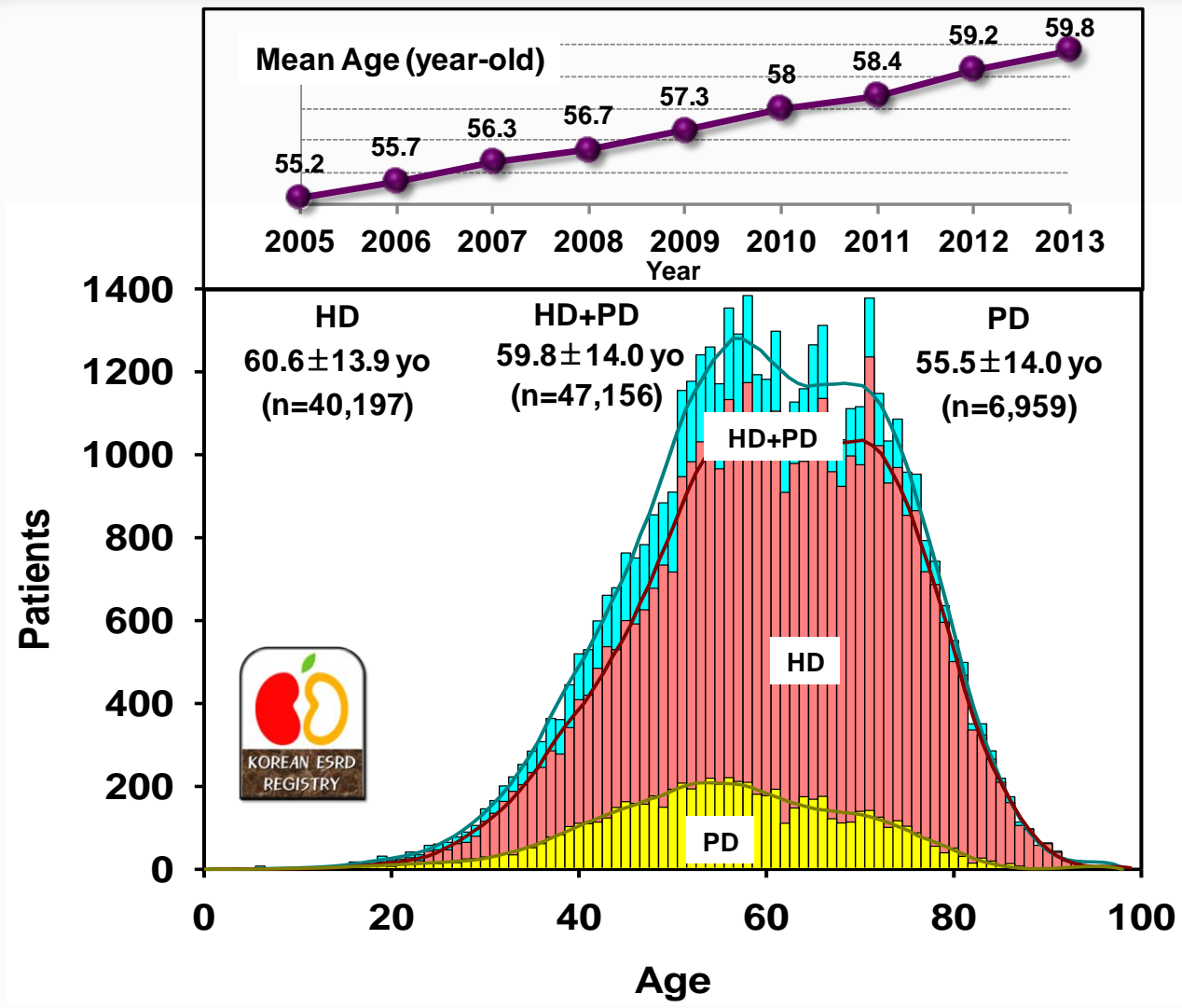
## Hepatitis Virus



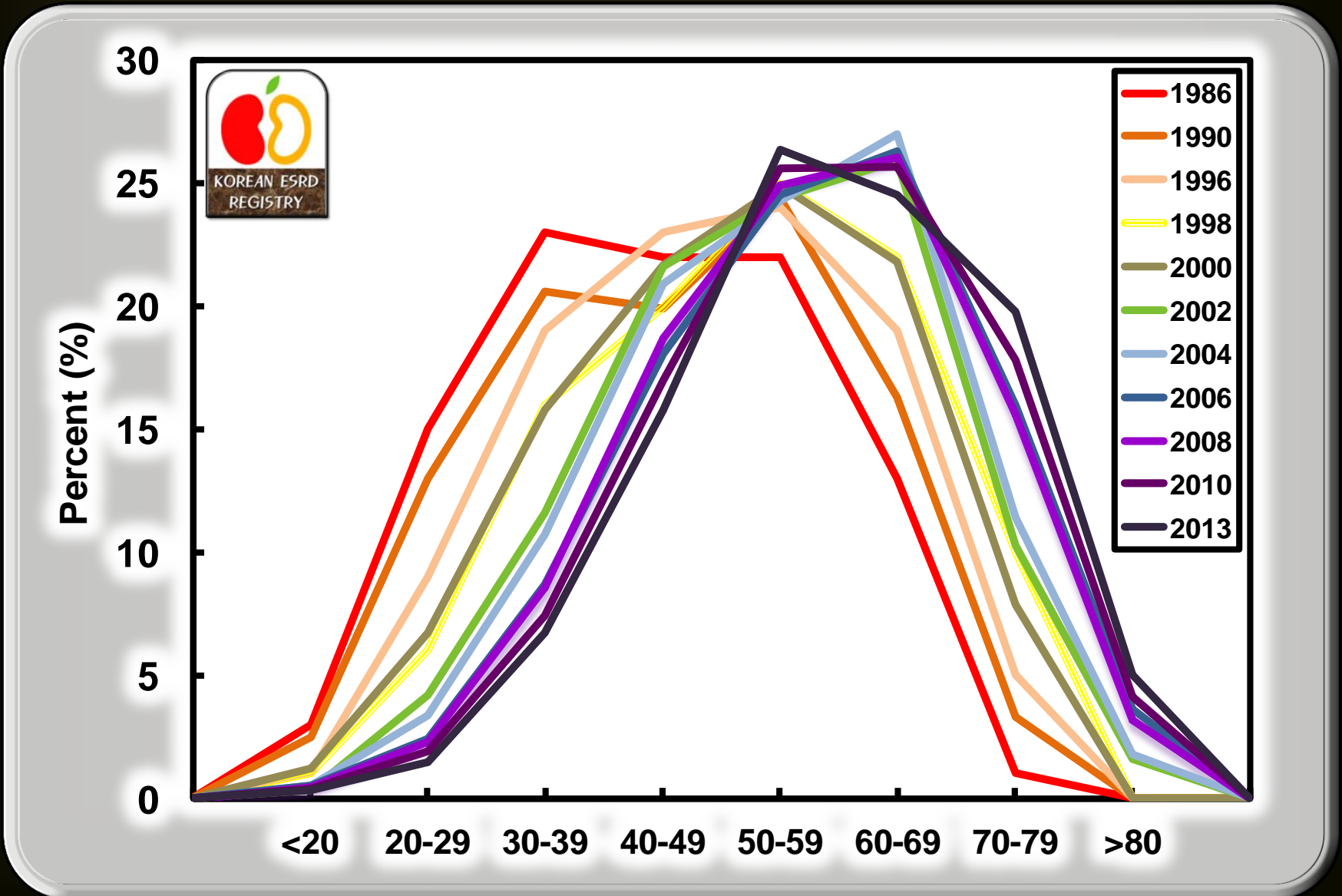
## Insurance



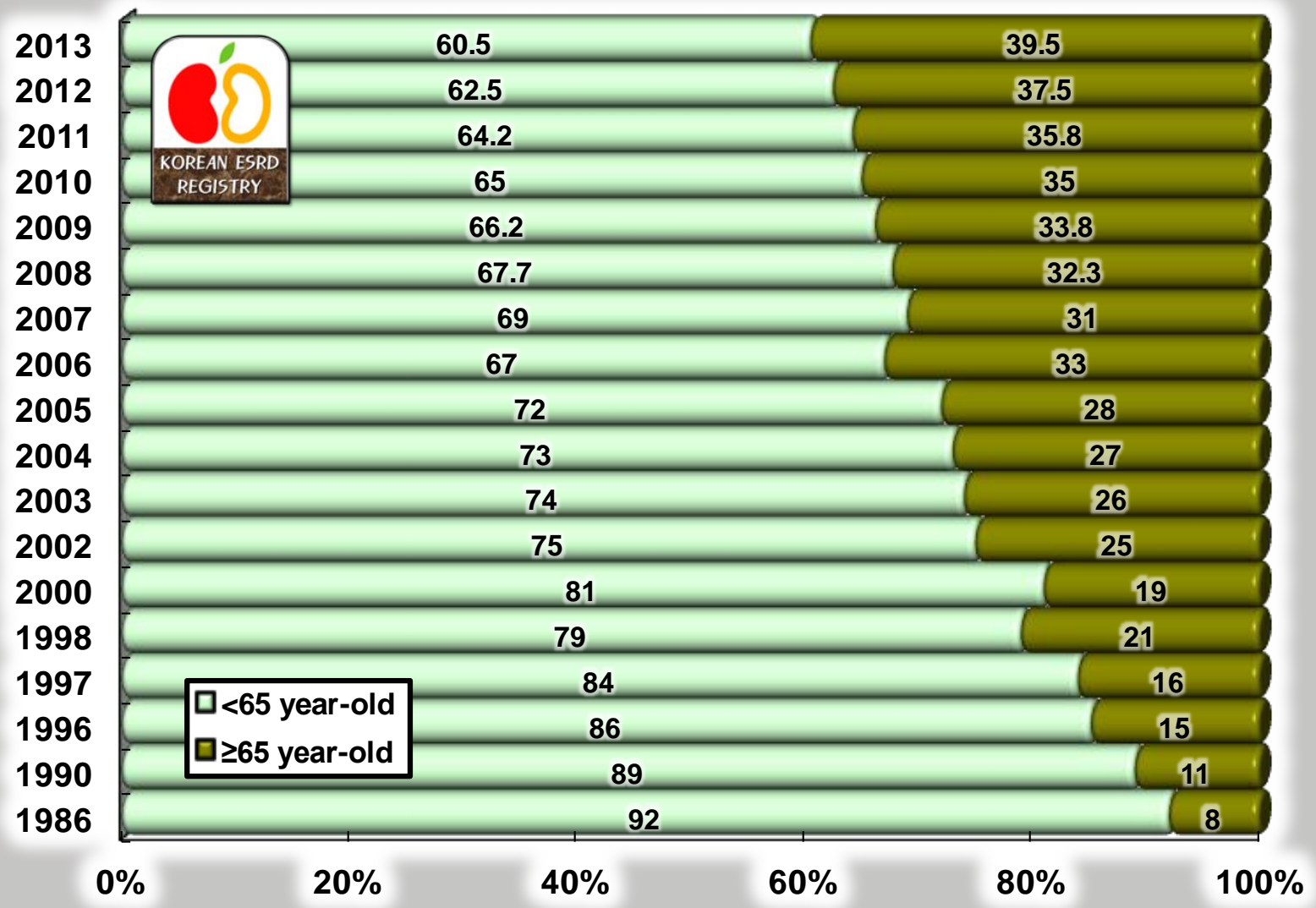
# Age Distribution of Dialysis Patients



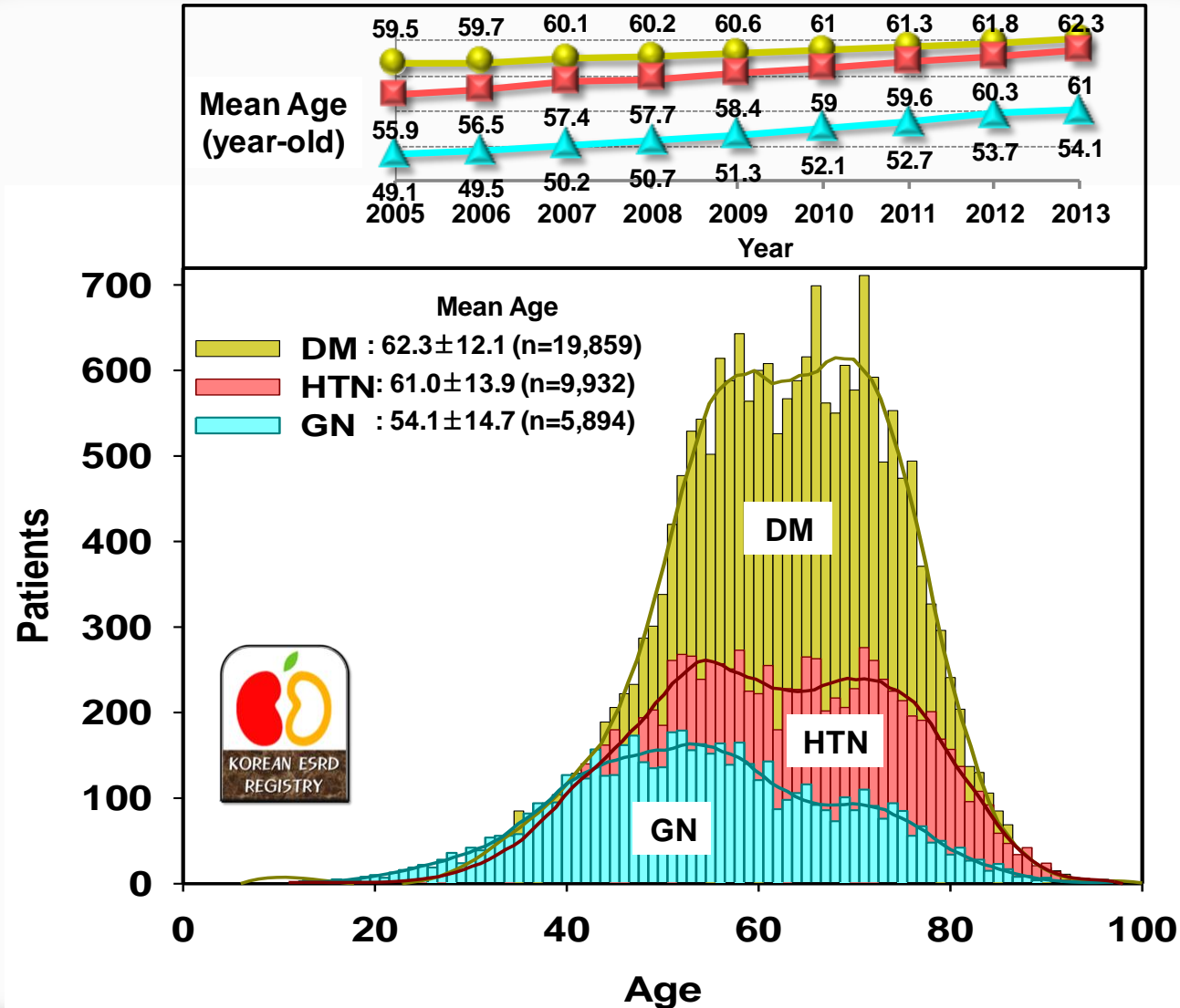
# Age Distribution of HD Pts according to Year



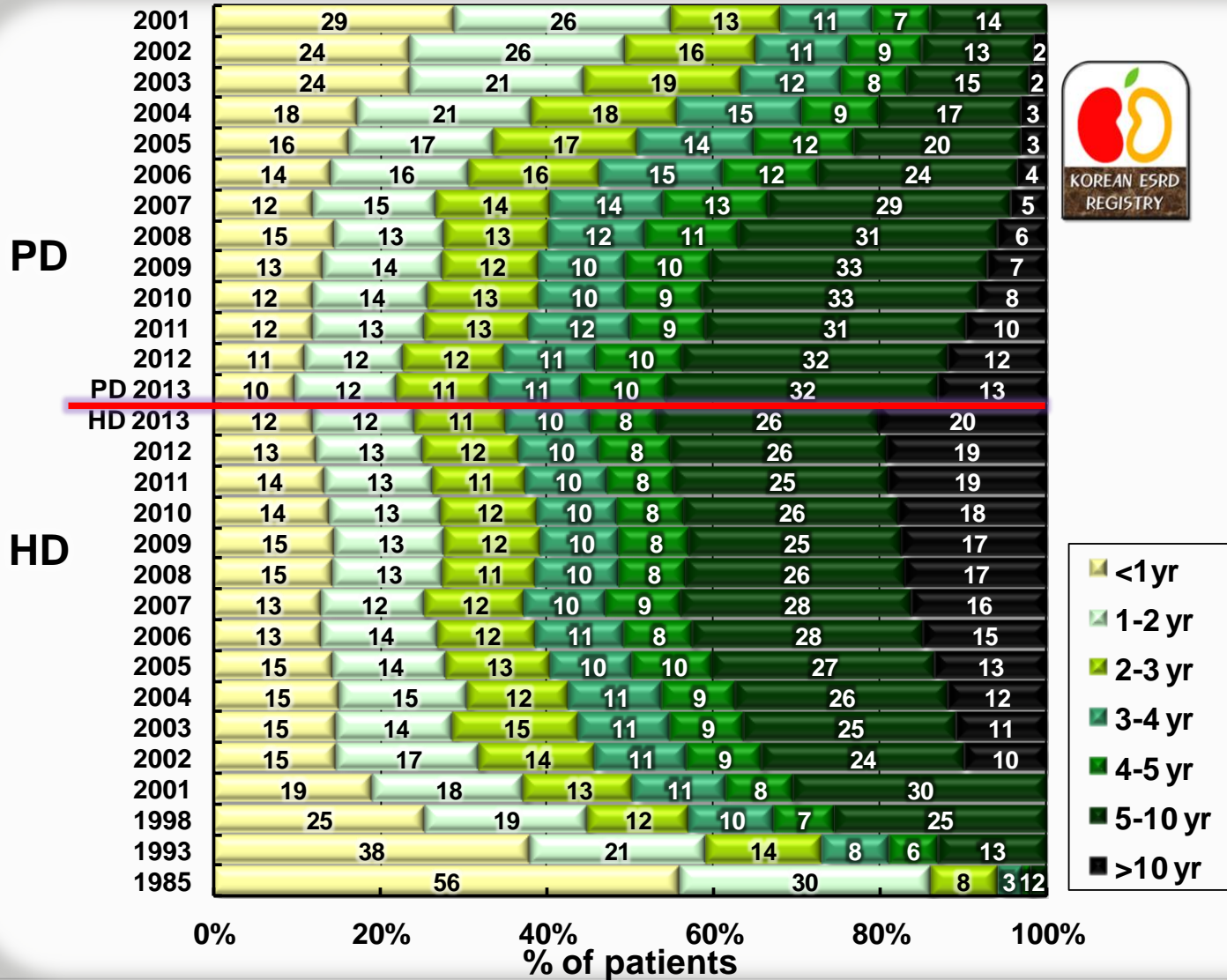
# Percent of Elderly Dialysis Patients



# Age Distribution according to ESRD Causes

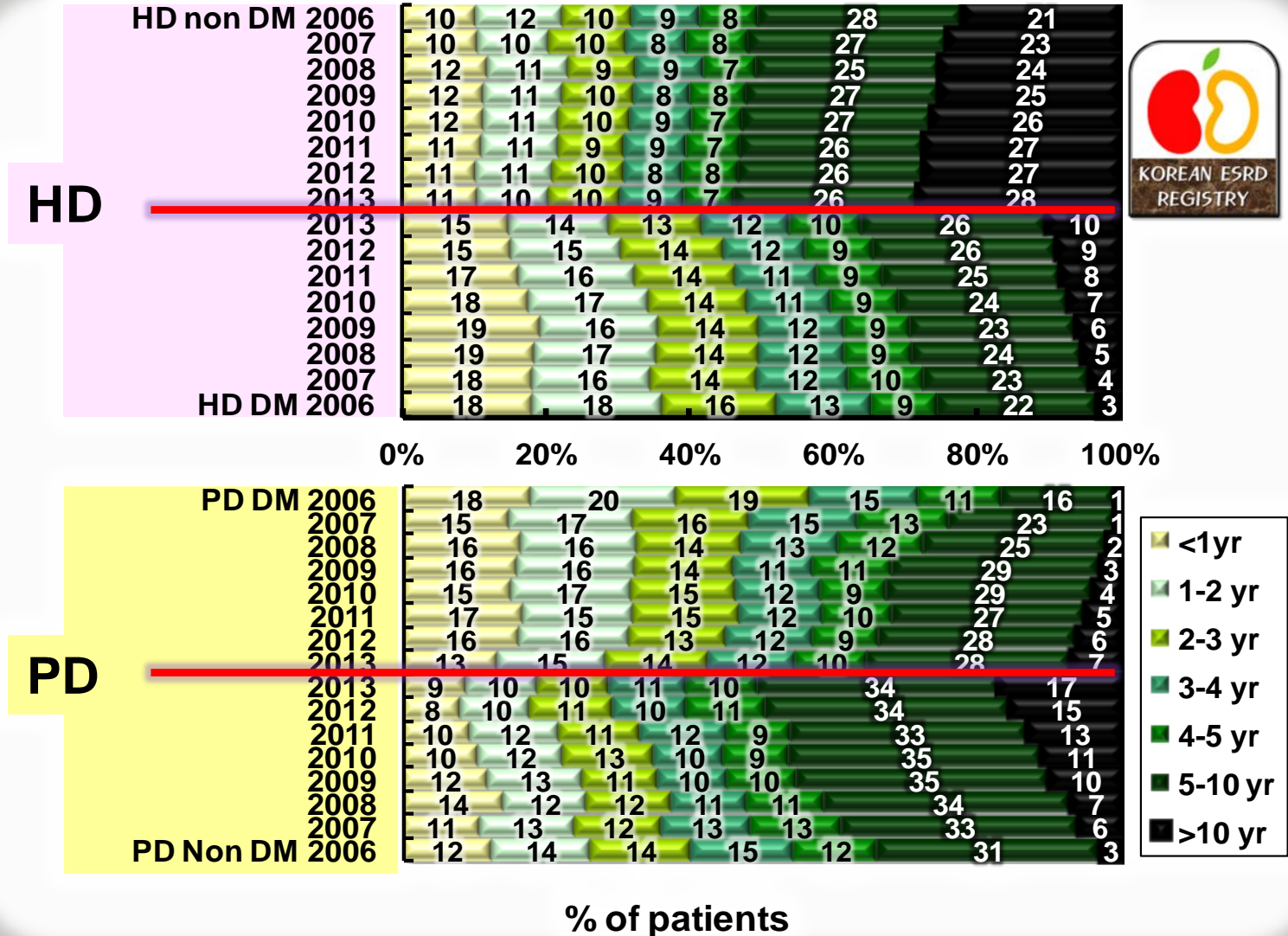


# Duration of Dialysis Maintenance



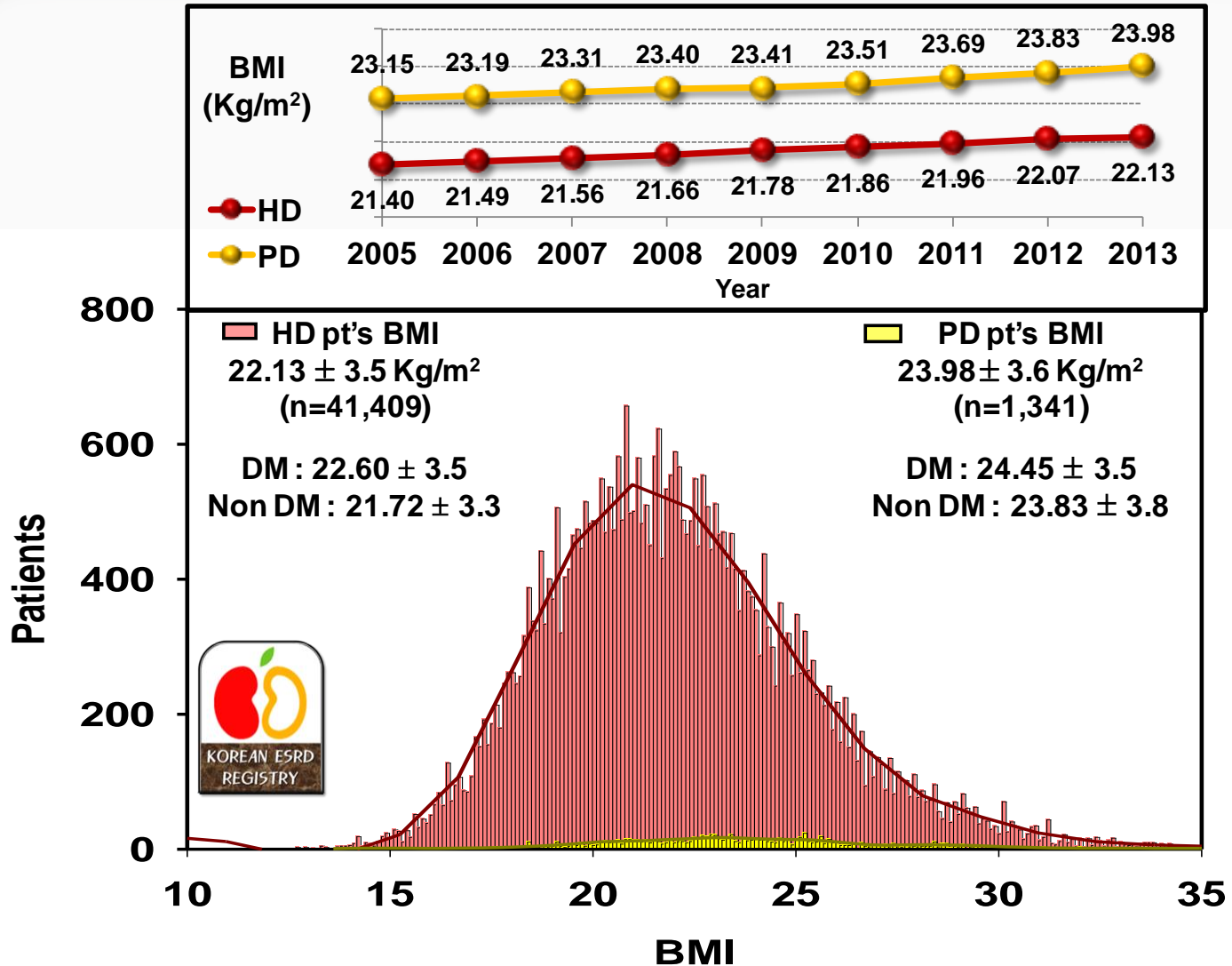
- <1yr
- 1-2 yr
- 2-3 yr
- 3-4 yr
- 4-5 yr
- 5-10 yr
- >10 yr

# Duration of Dialysis : DM & Non-DM

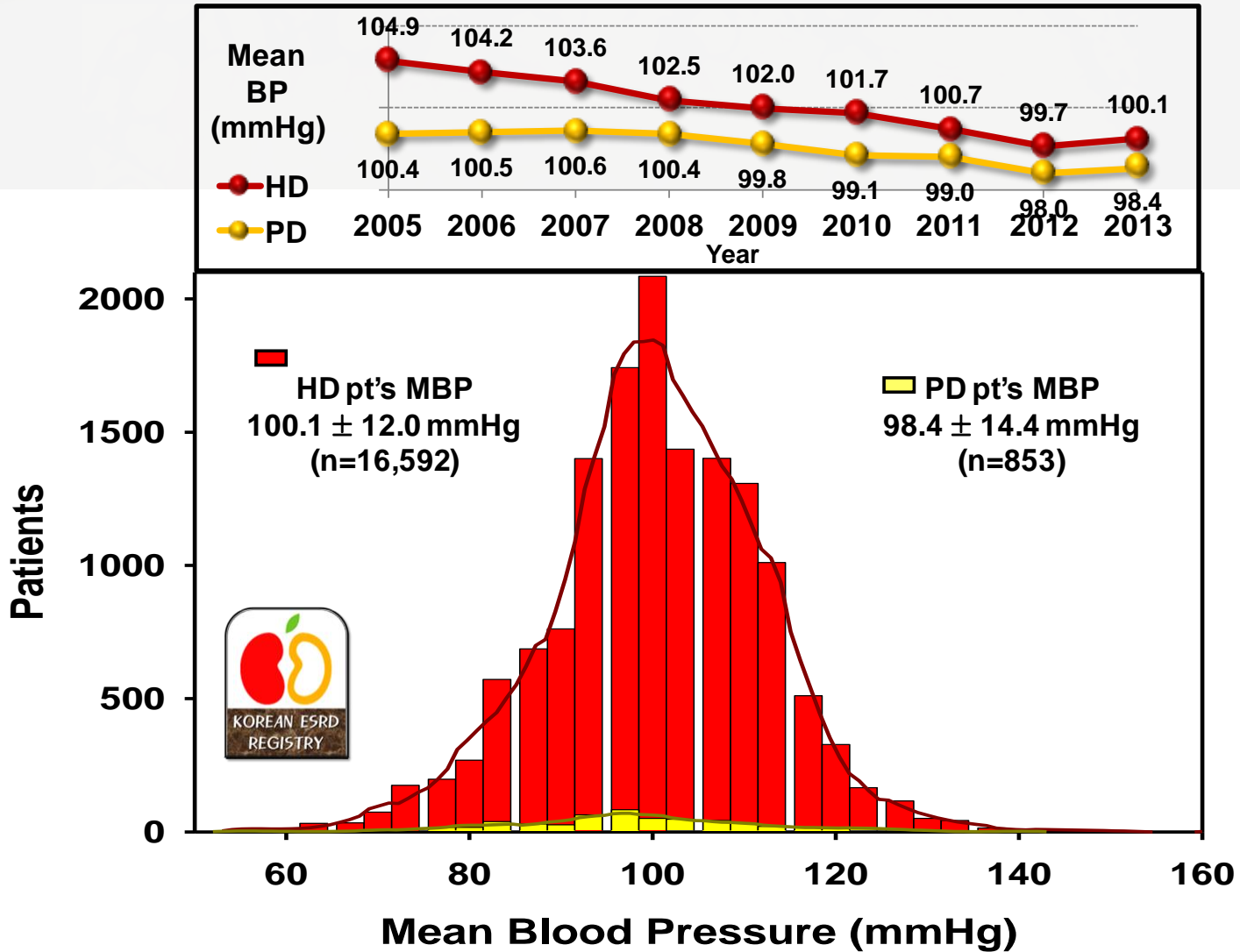




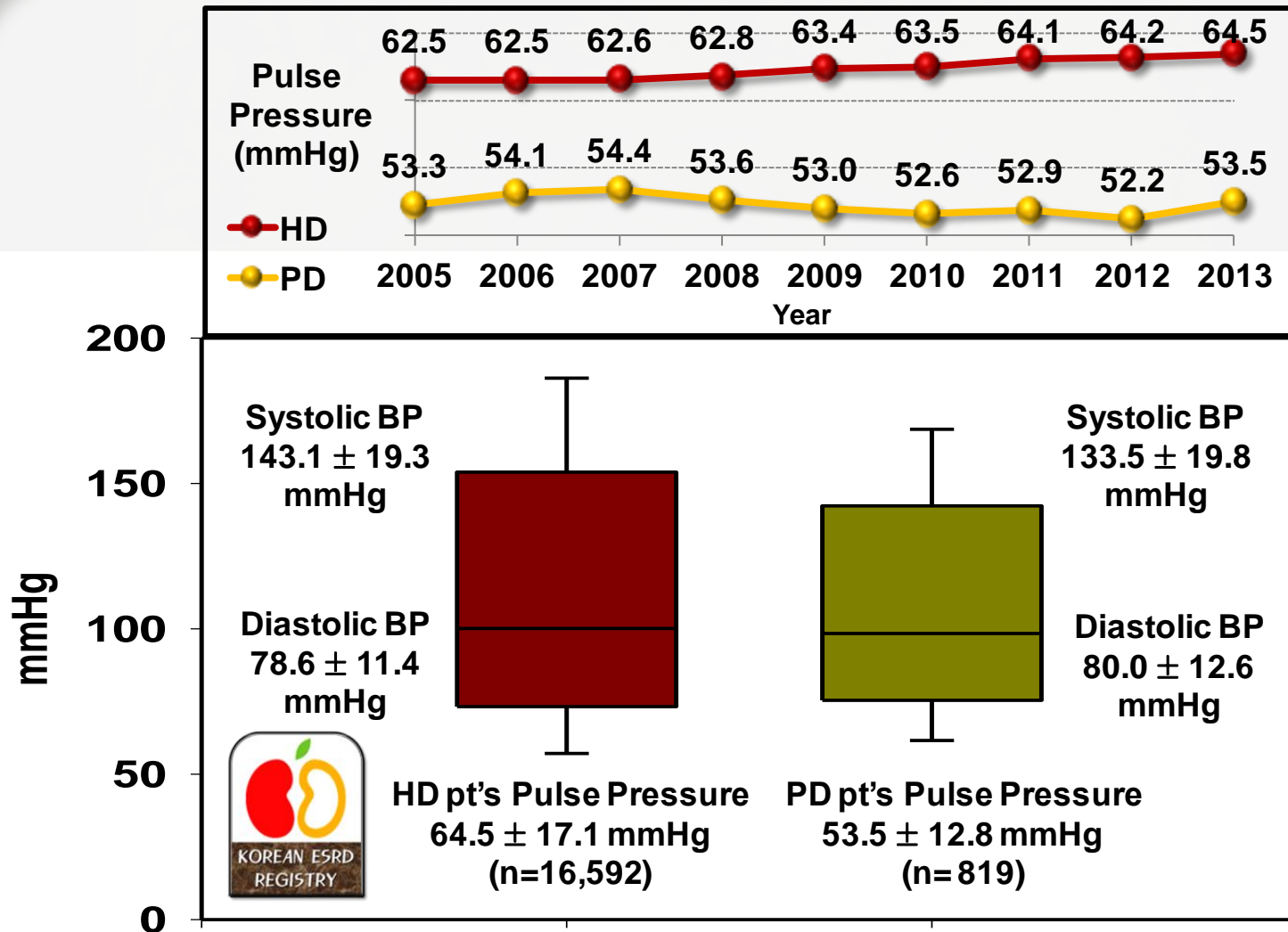
# Body Mass Index : HD & PD



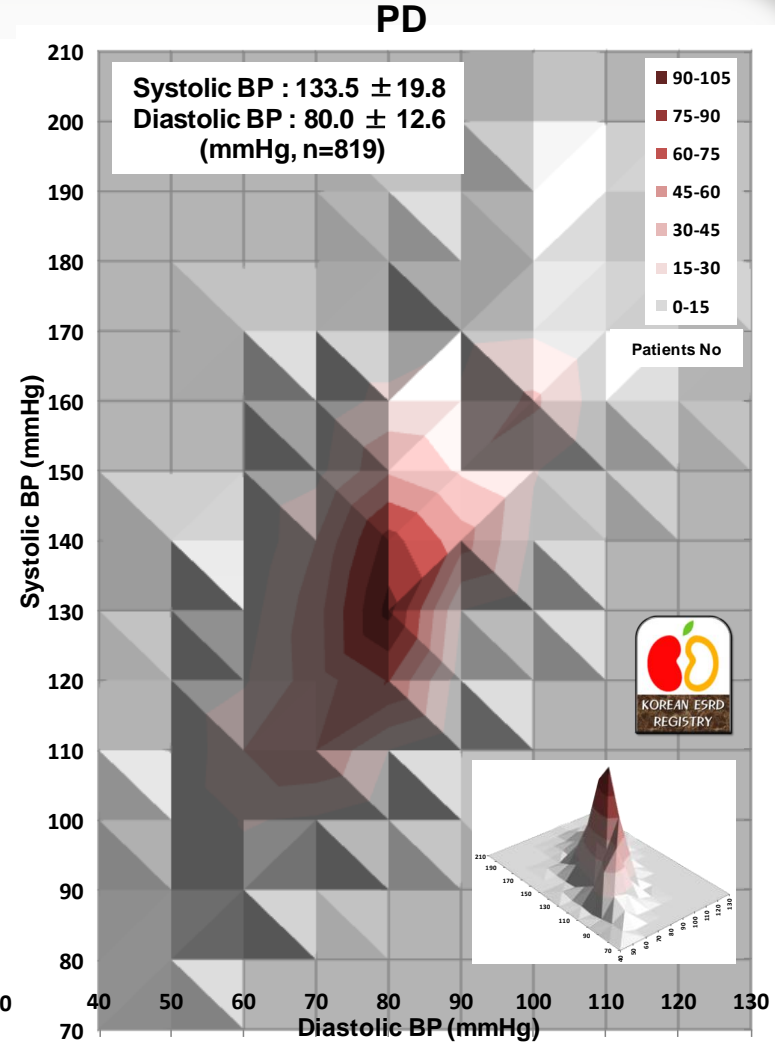
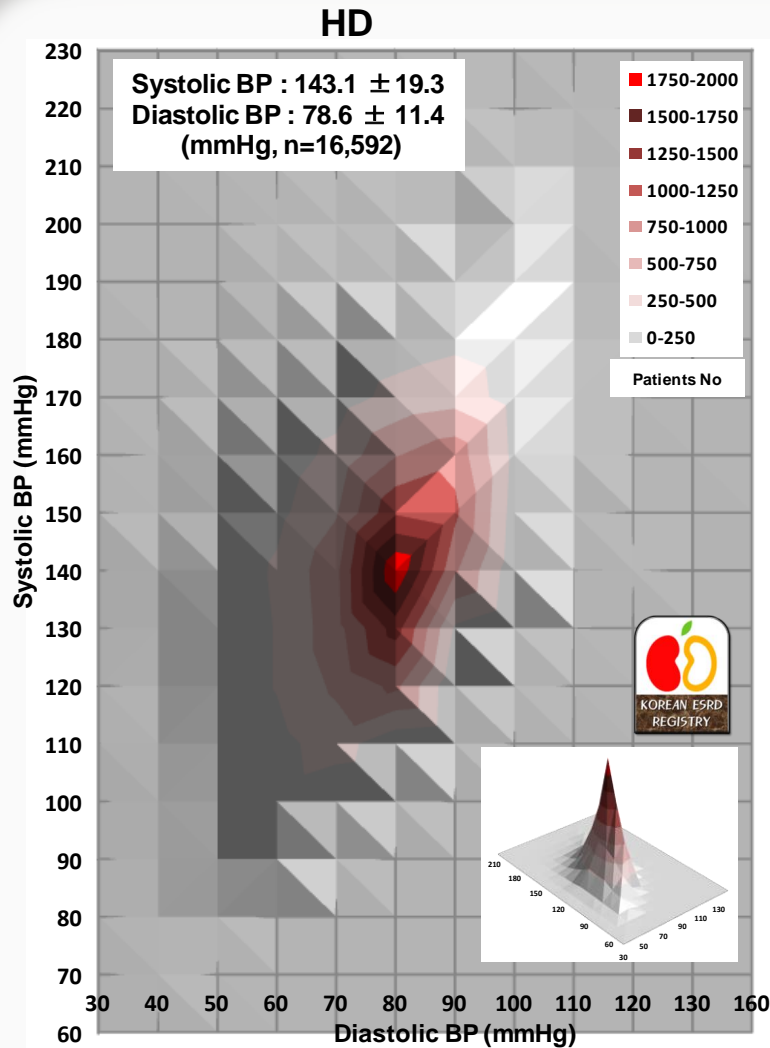
# Mean Blood Pressure : HD & PD



# Pulse Pressure : HD & PD

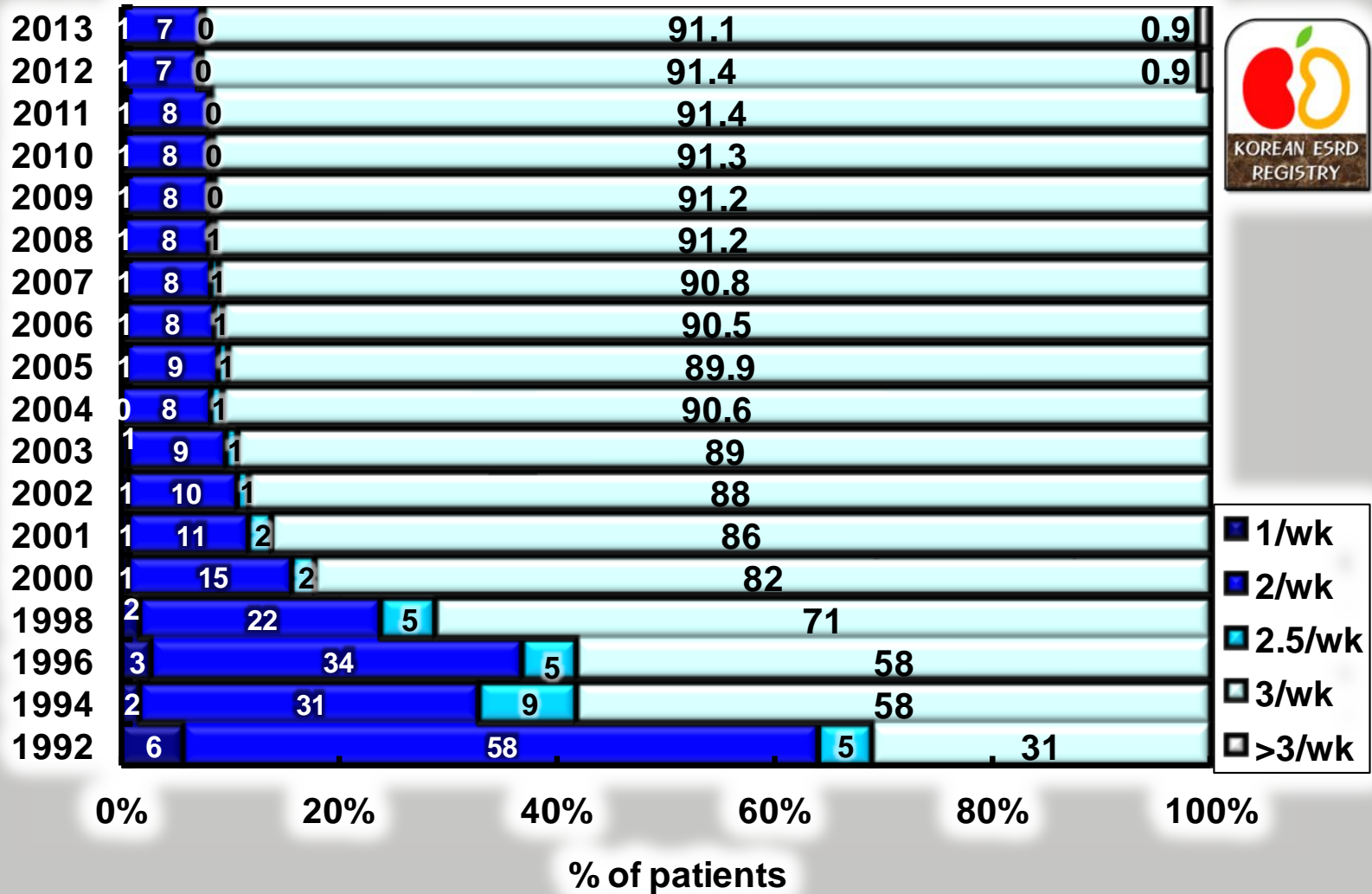


# Patients' Distribution according to BP



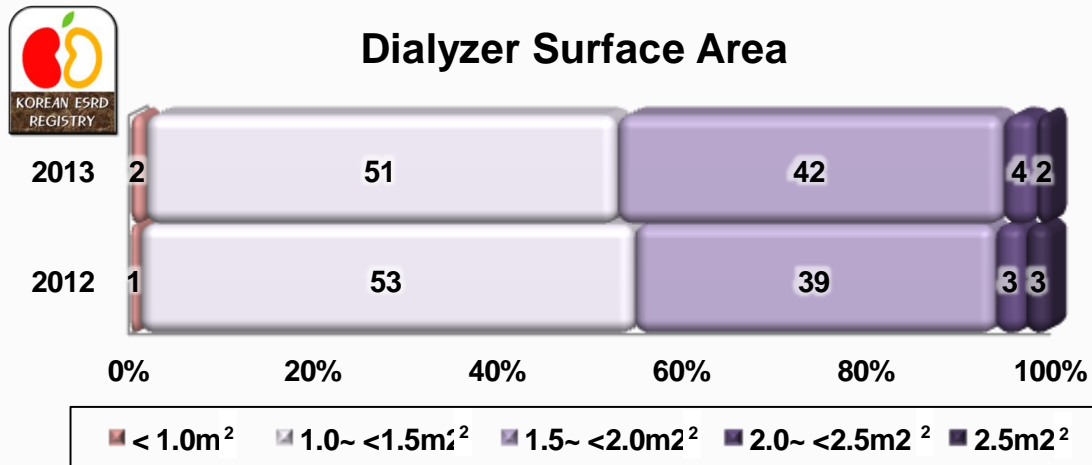
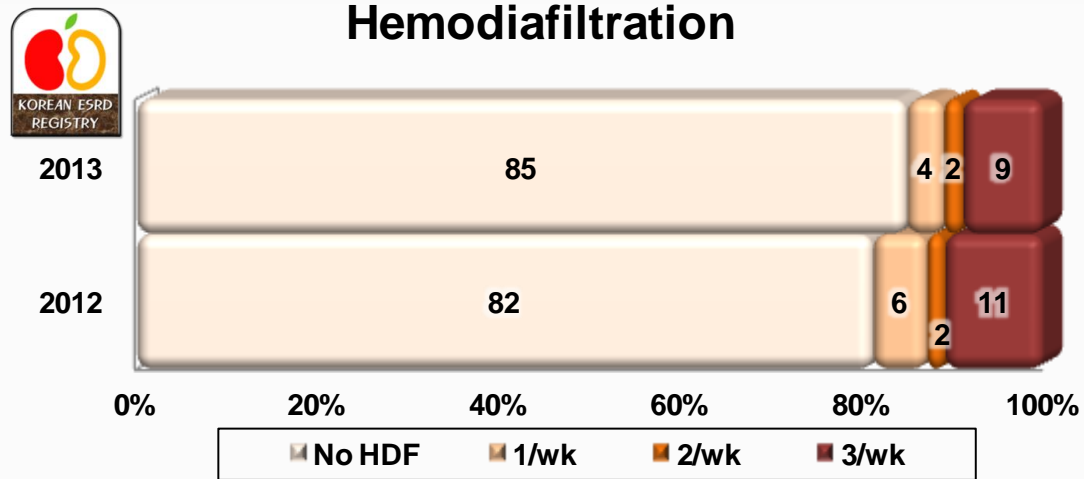


# Frequency of HD per Week





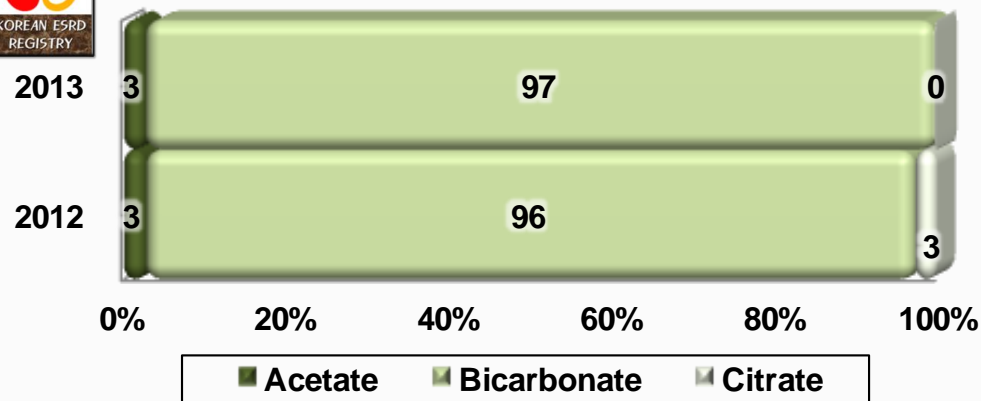
# Hemodiafiltration & Dialyzer



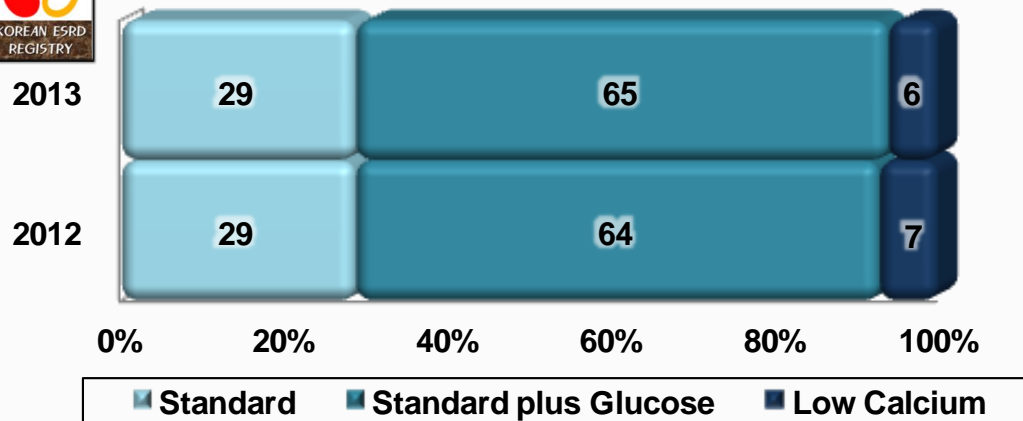
# HD Dialysate



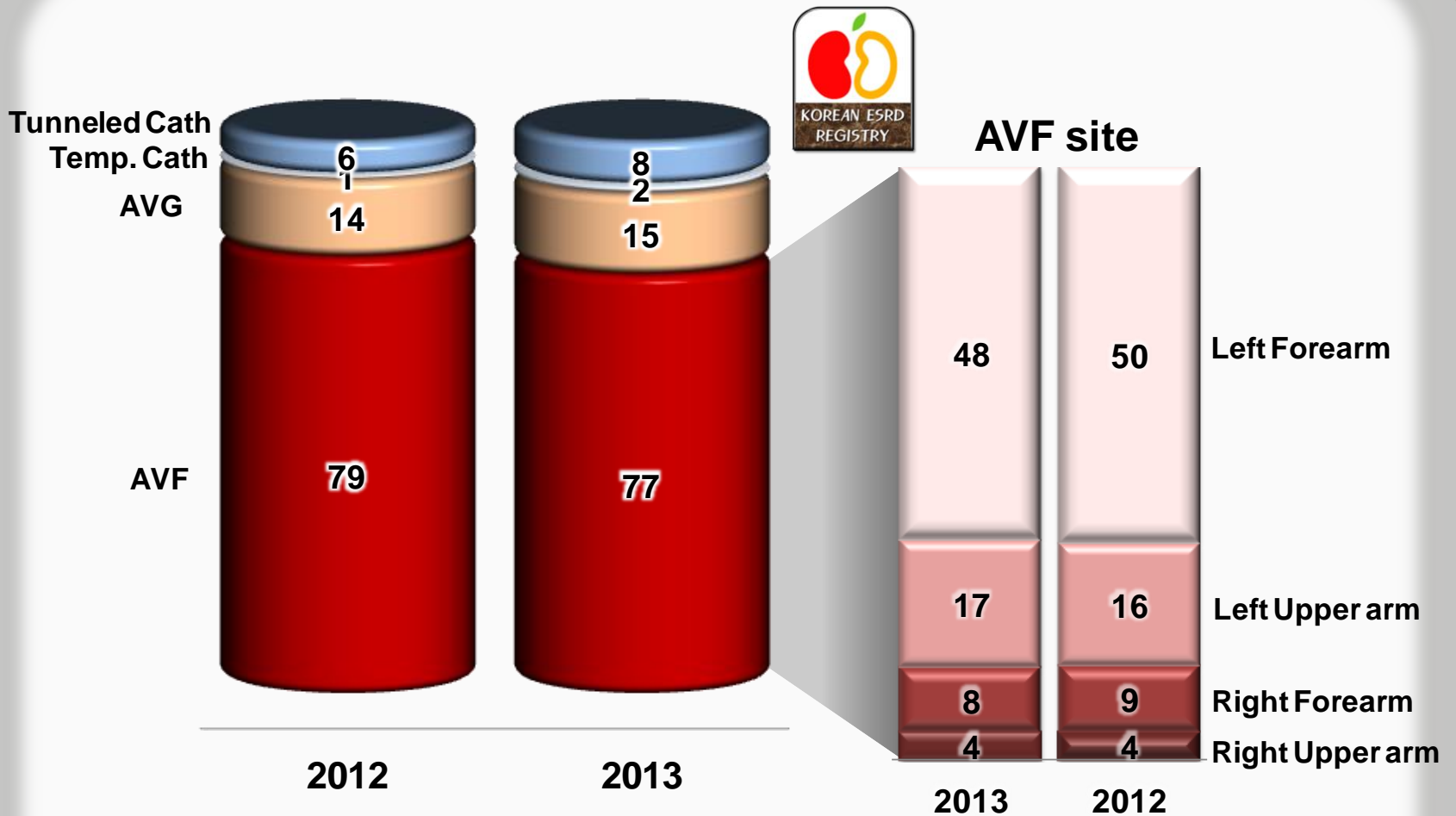
### Dialysate (I)



### Dialysate (II)



# Vascular Access

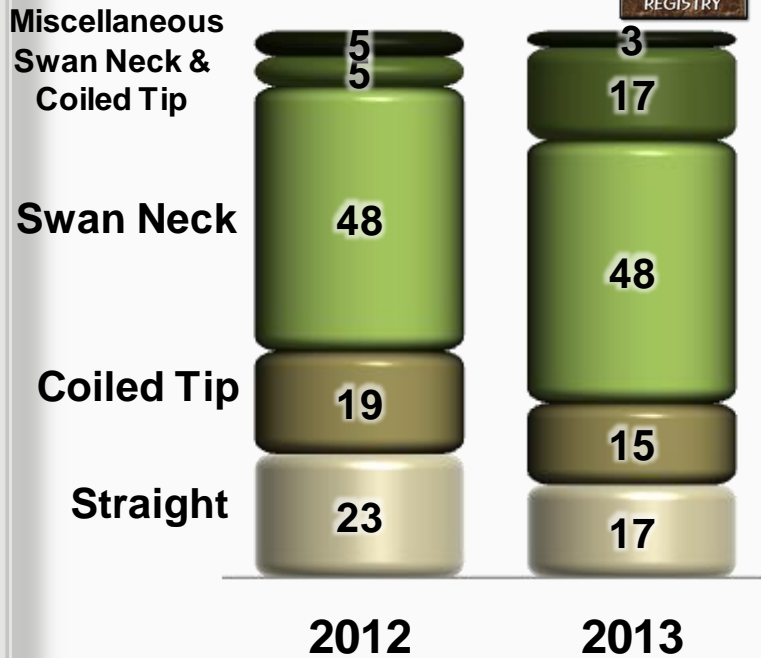




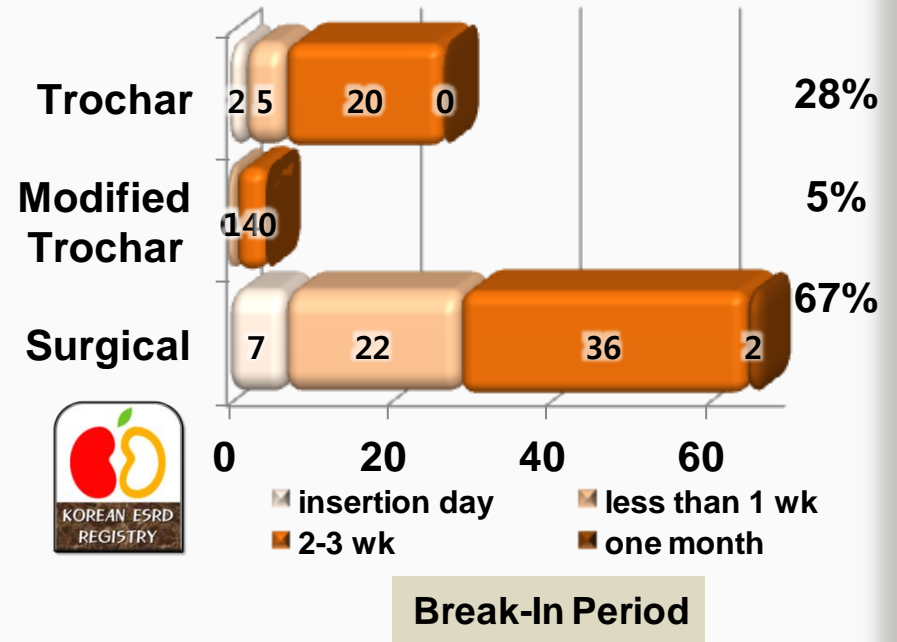


# PD Catheter

## PD Catheter Type

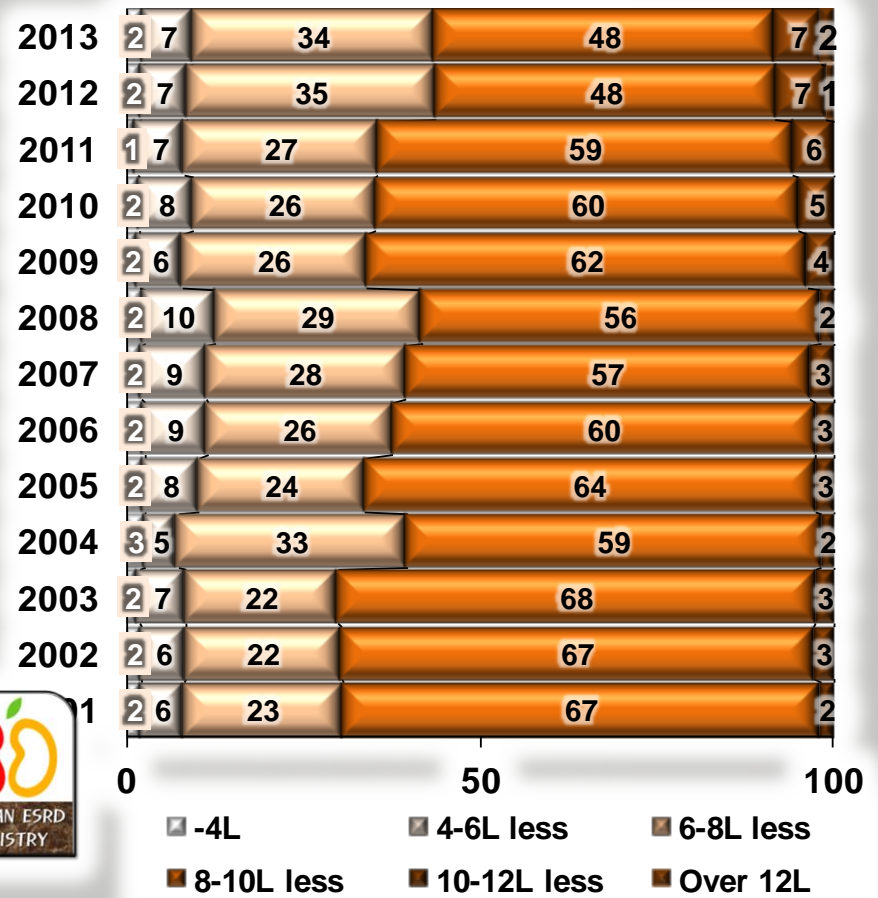
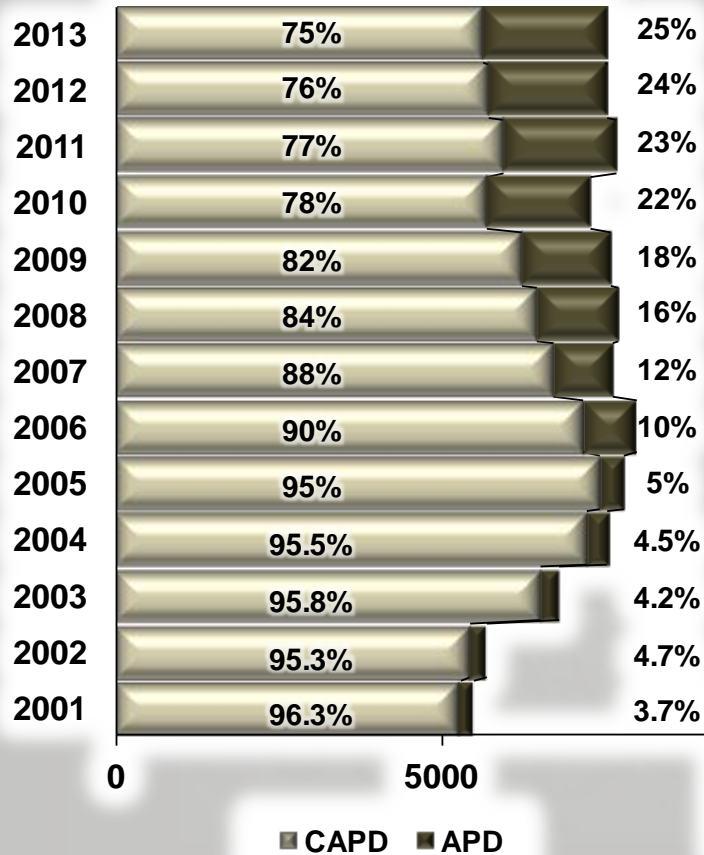


## PD Catheter Insertion Method 2013

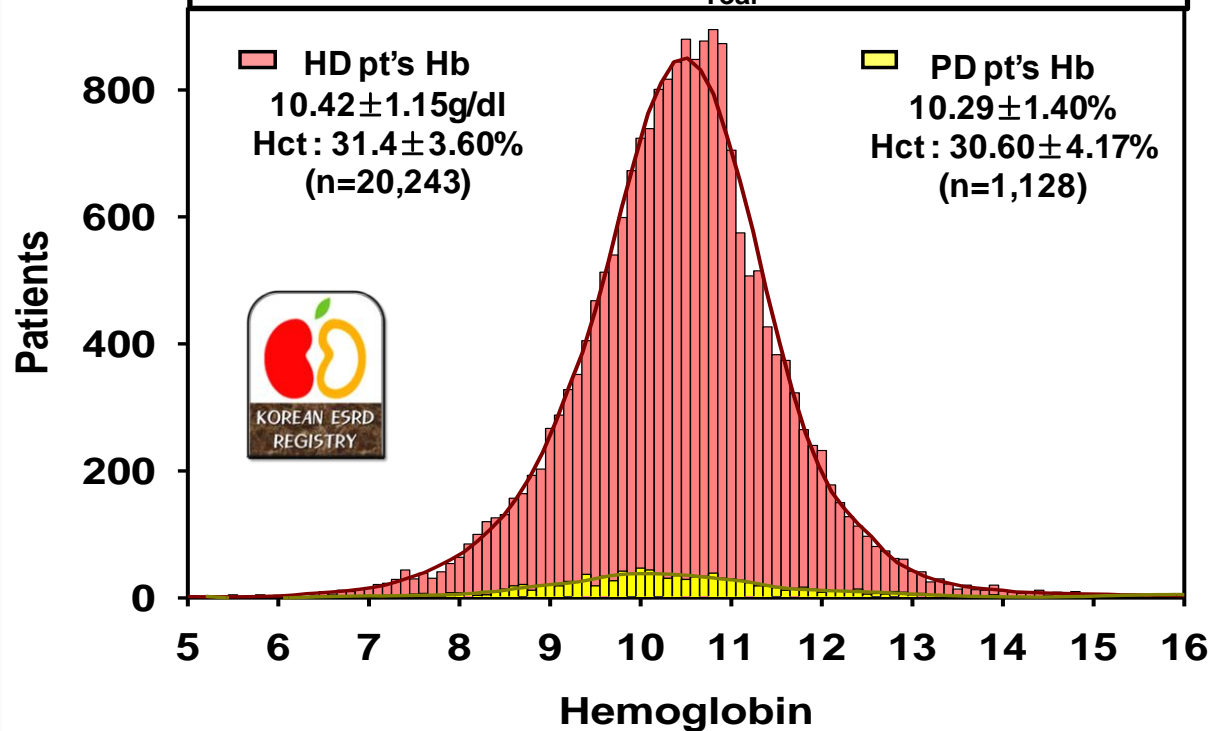
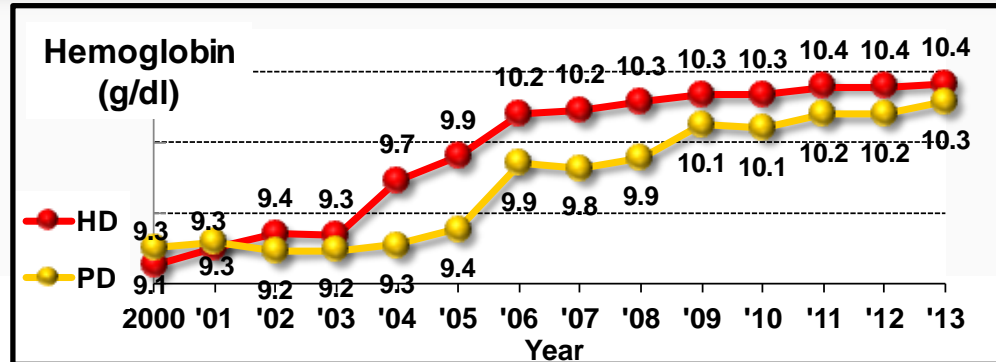




# PD Type & Doses

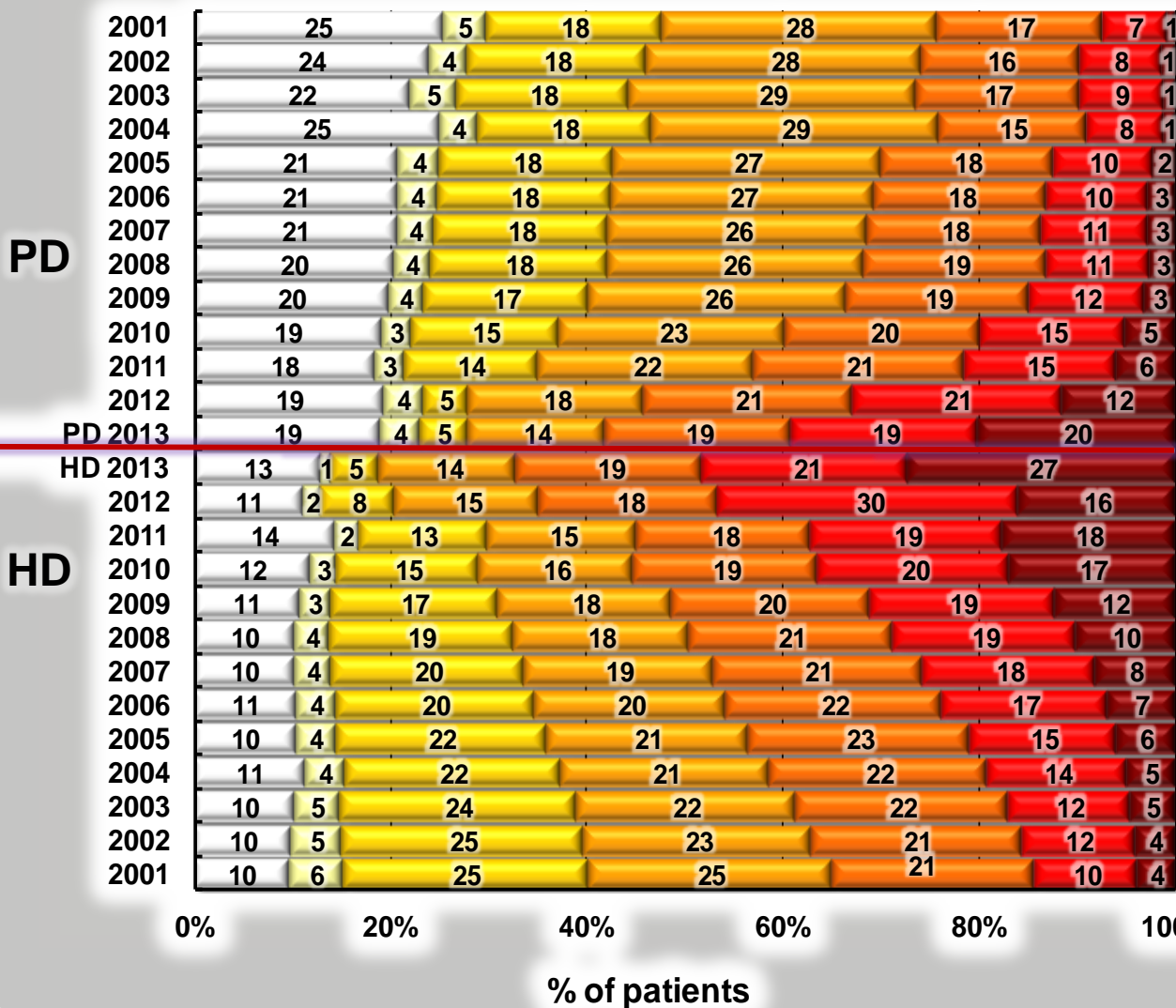


# Hemoglobin : HD & PD

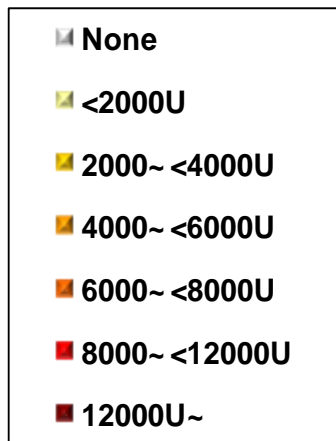




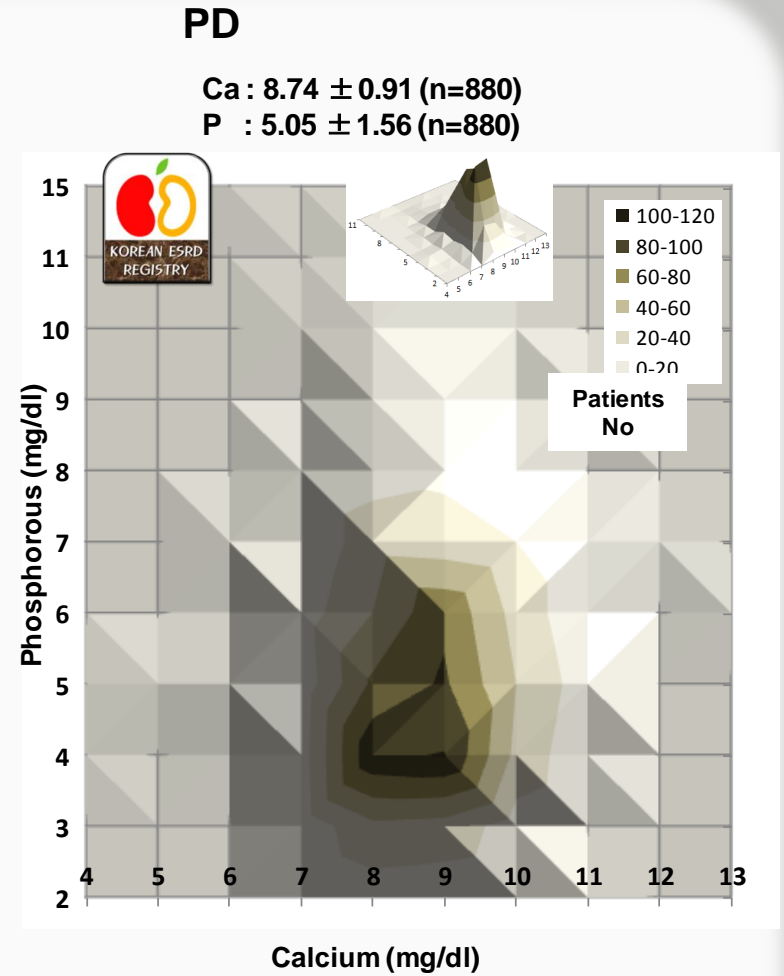
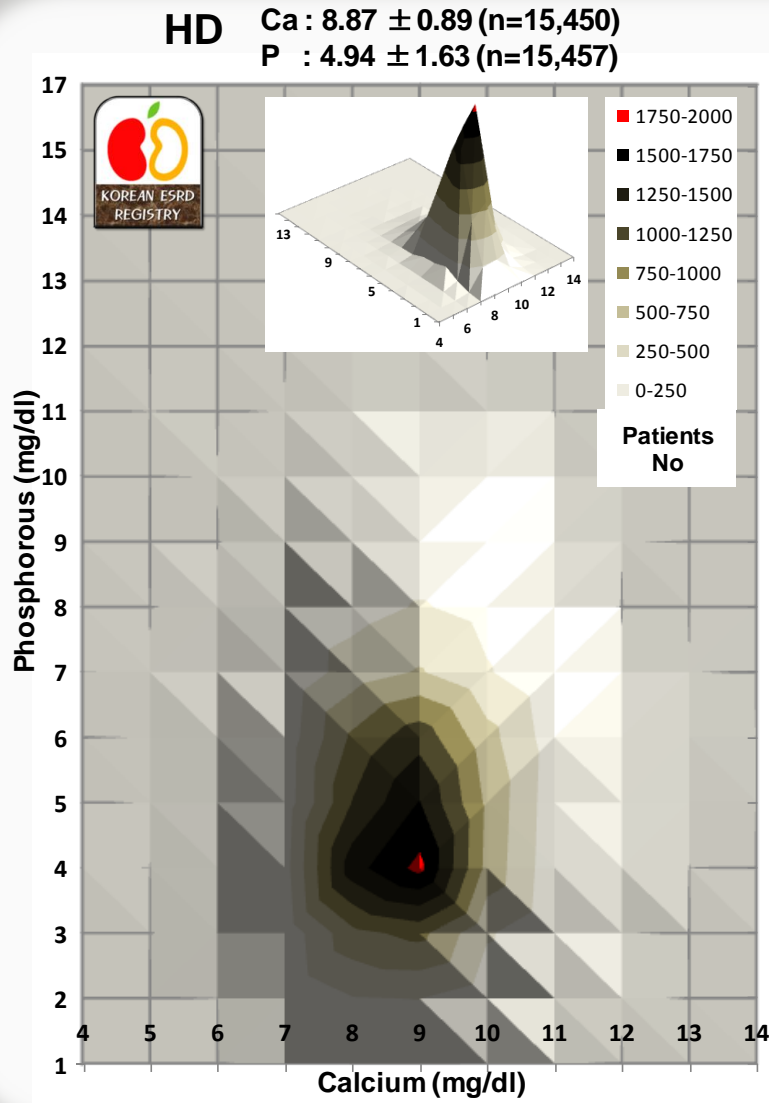
# Erythropoietin Doses



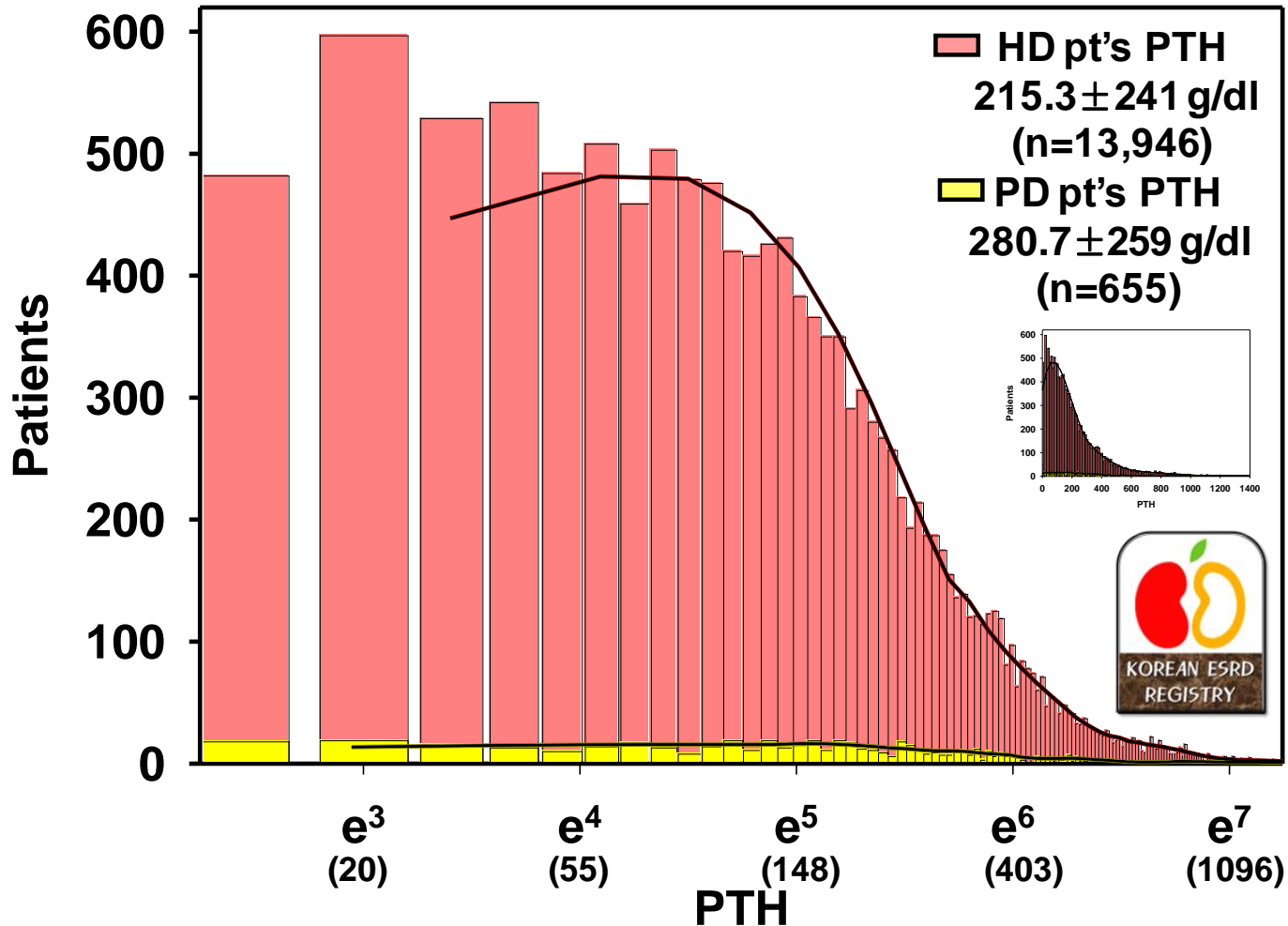
EPO Dose per Week



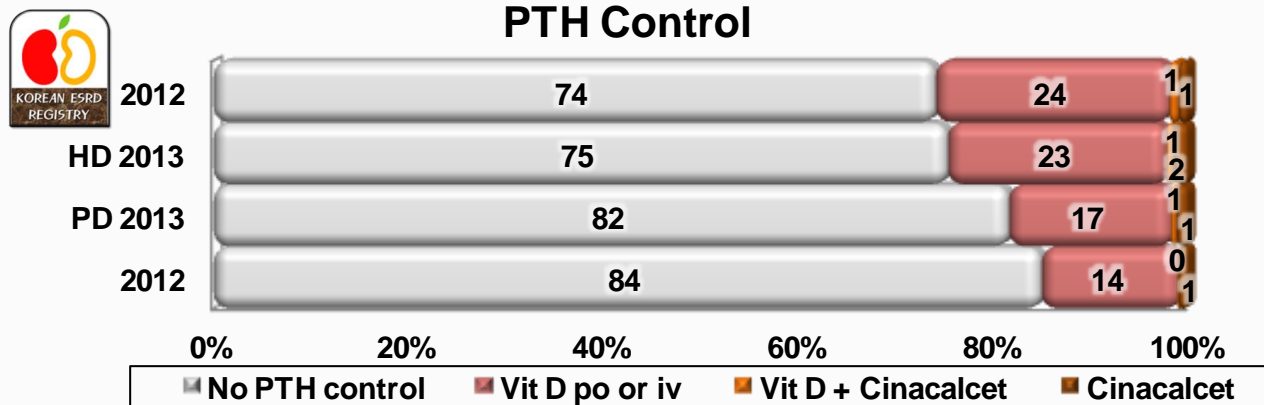
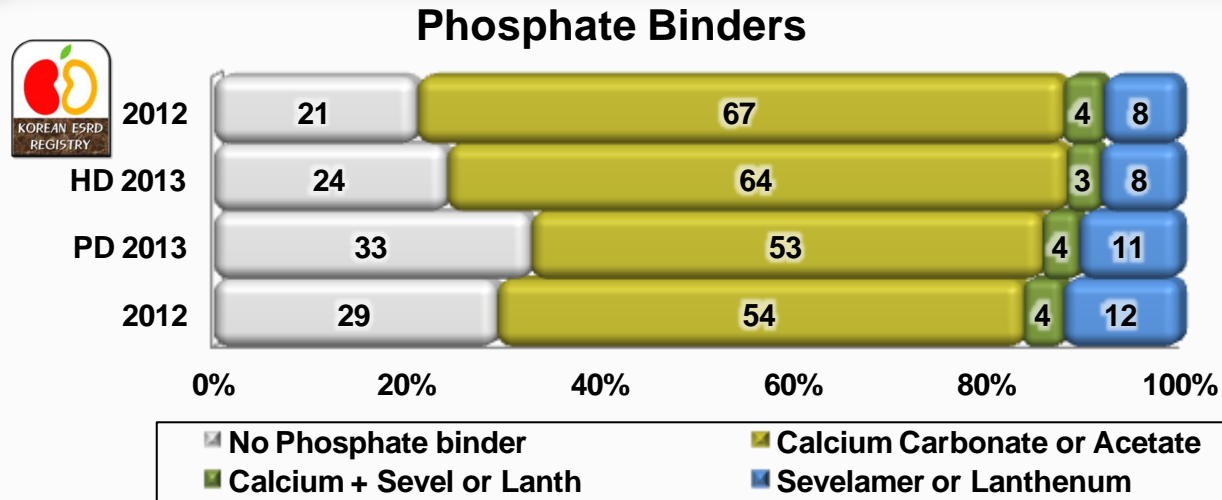
# Calcium & Phosphorous



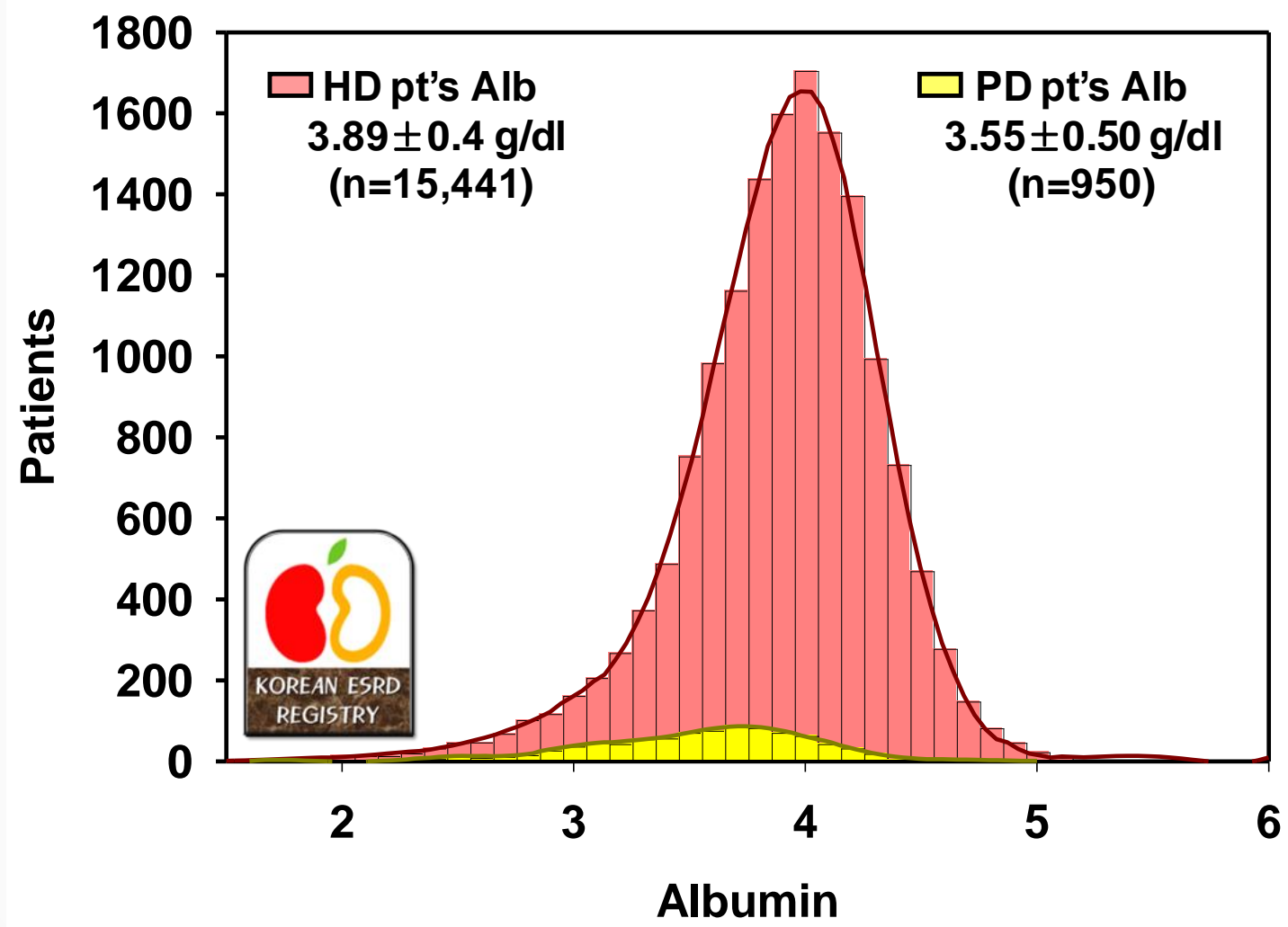
# PTH



# Phosphate Binders & PTH Control



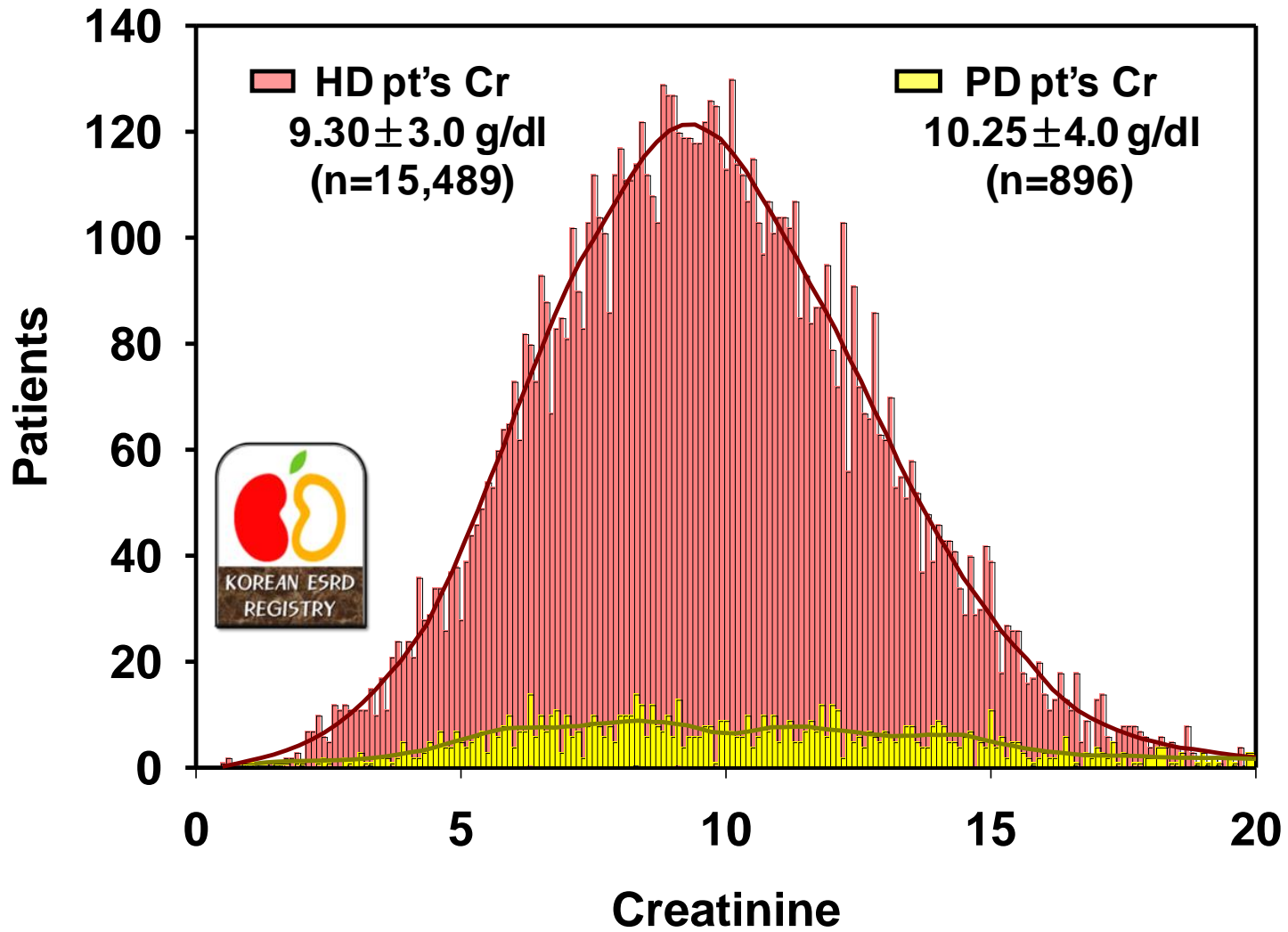
# Serum Albumin



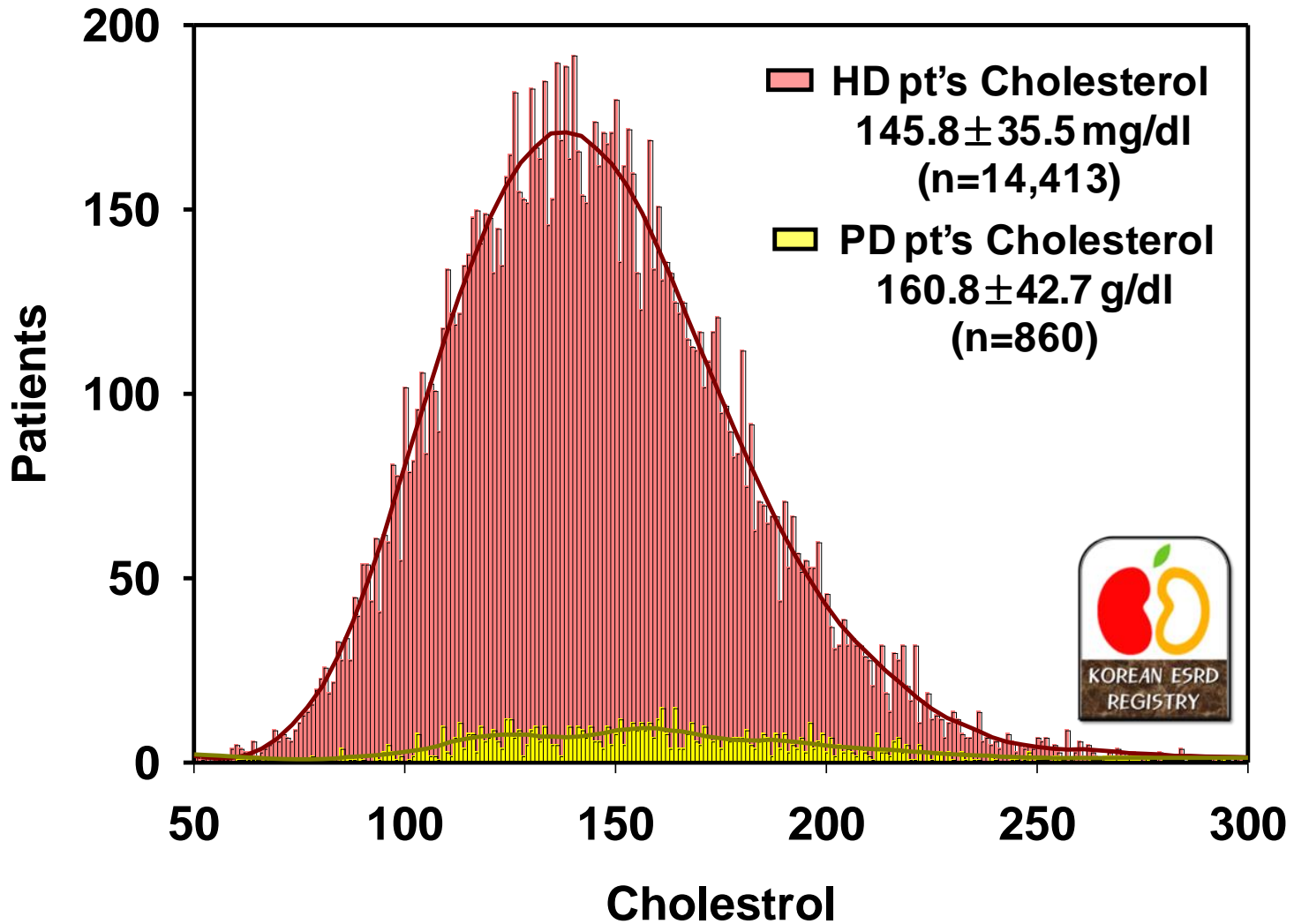




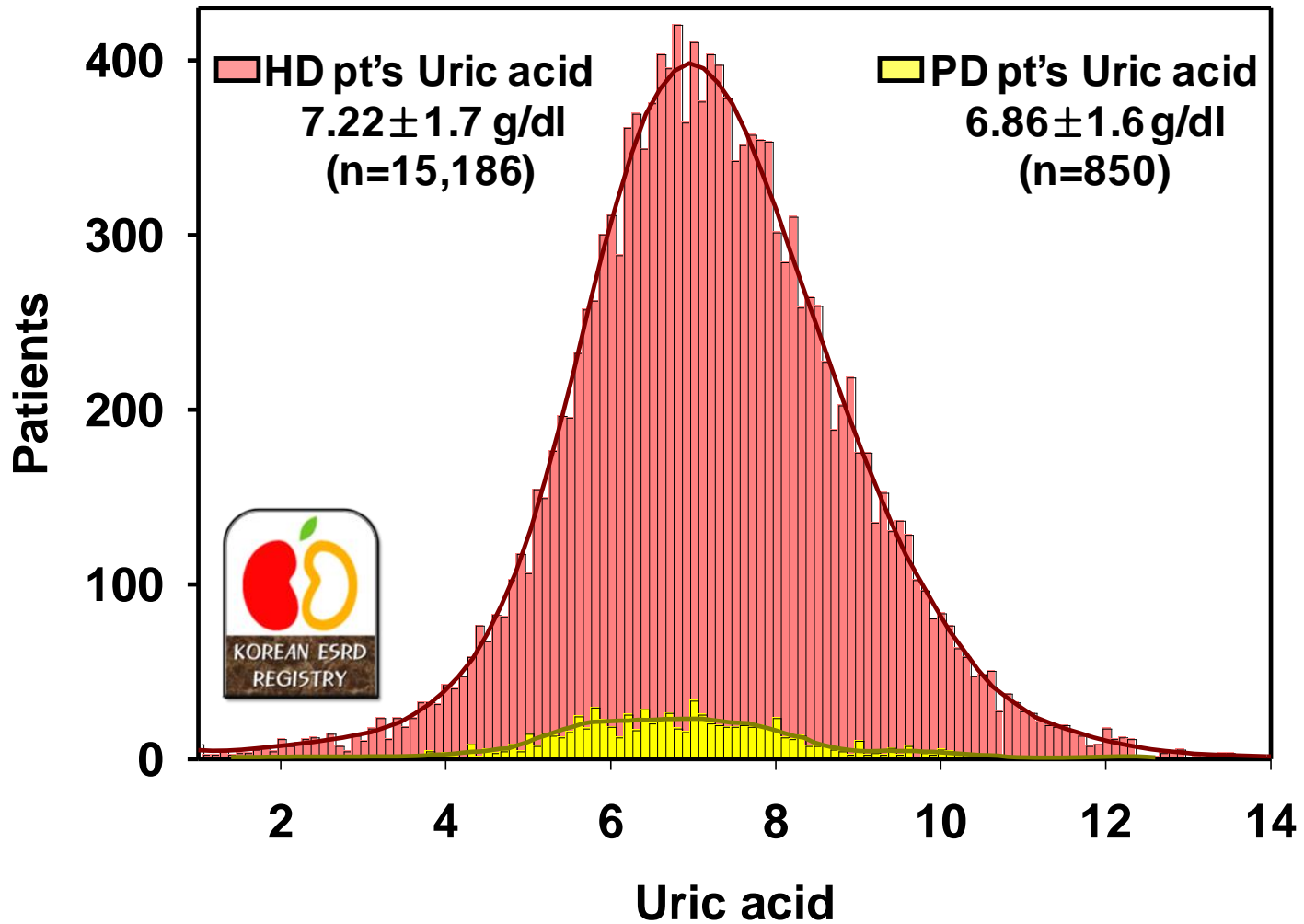
# Serum Creatinine



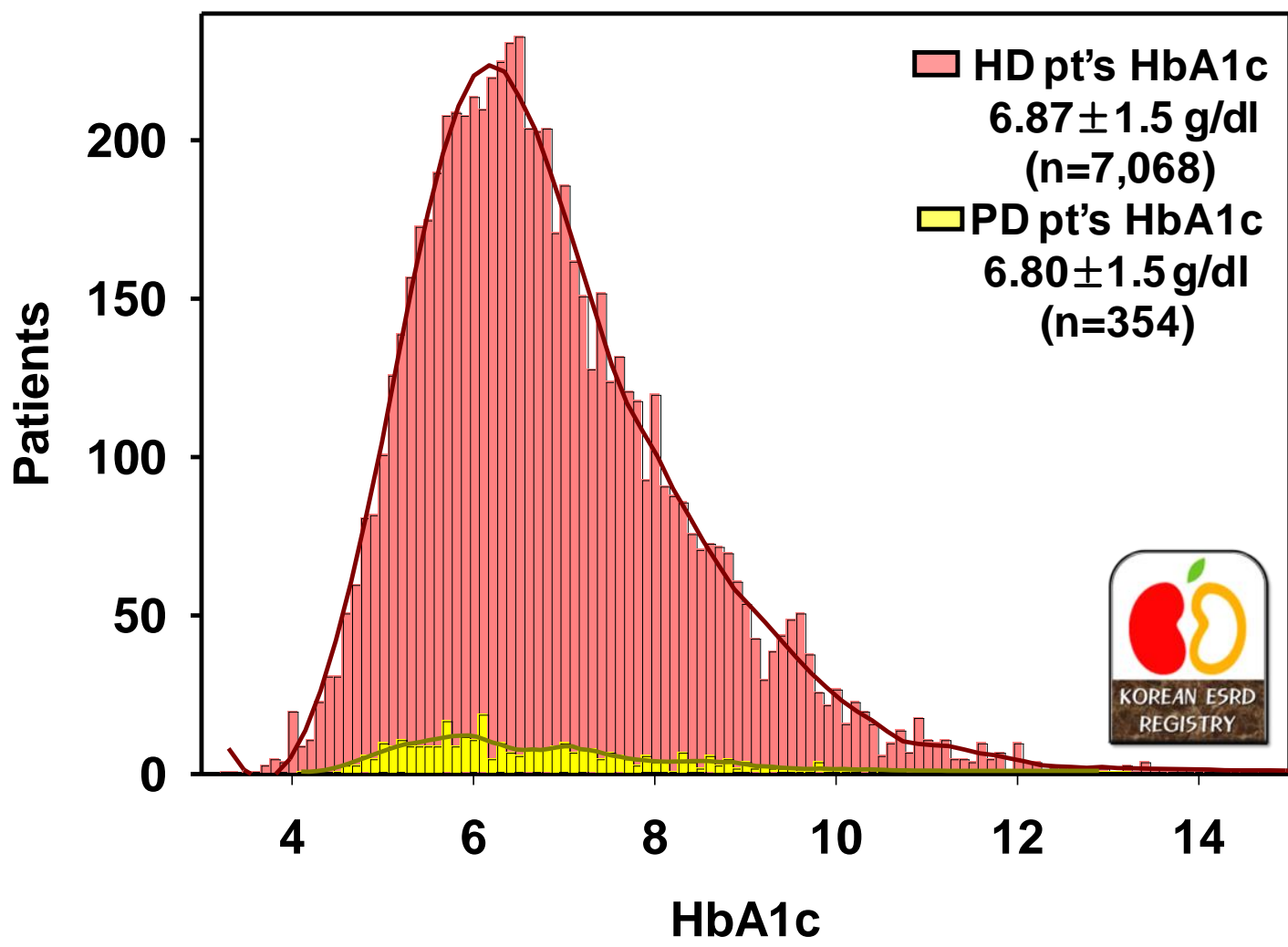
# Total Cholesterol



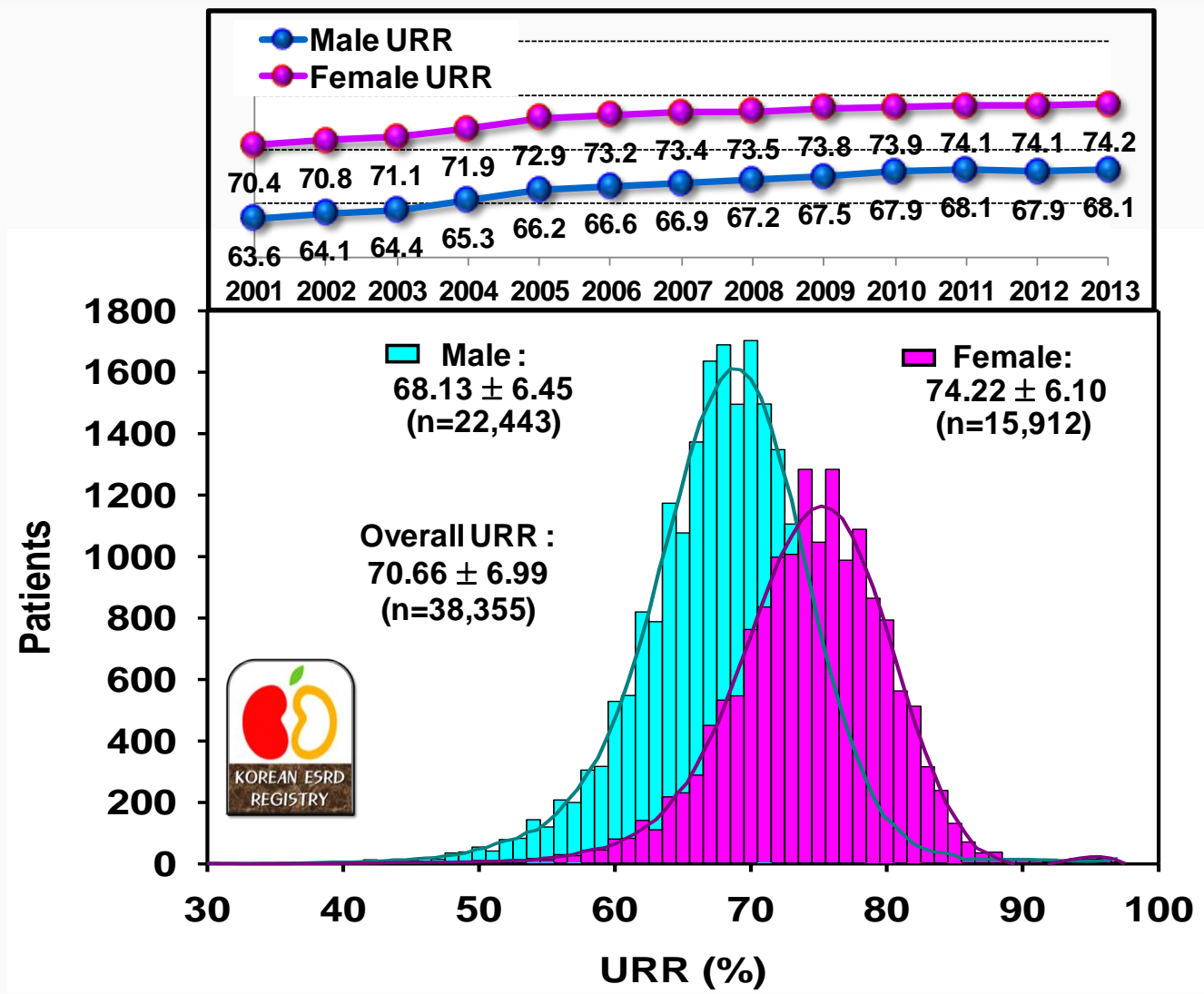
# Uric Acid



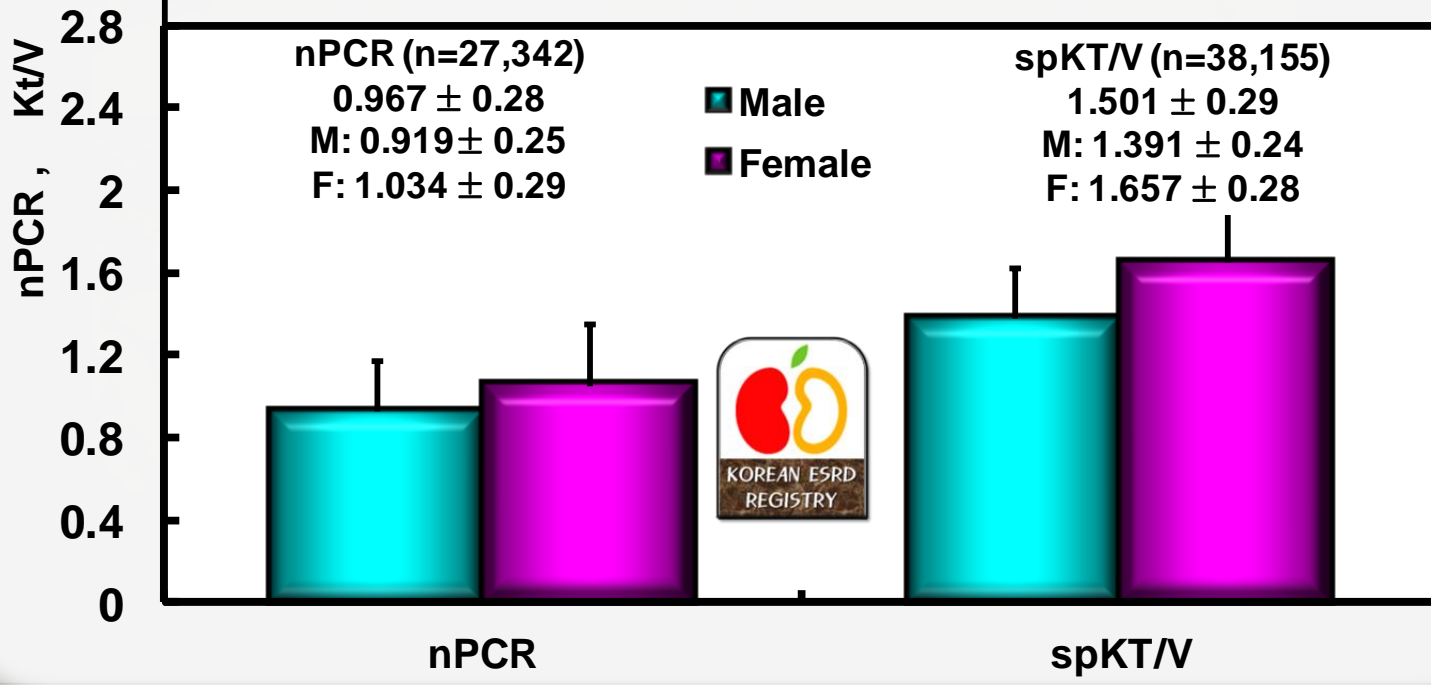
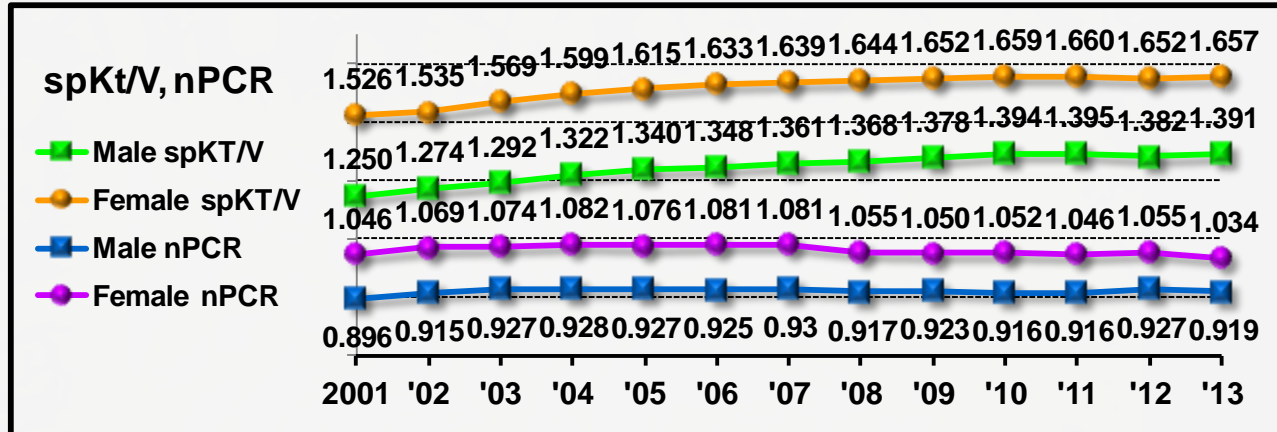
# Hb A1c



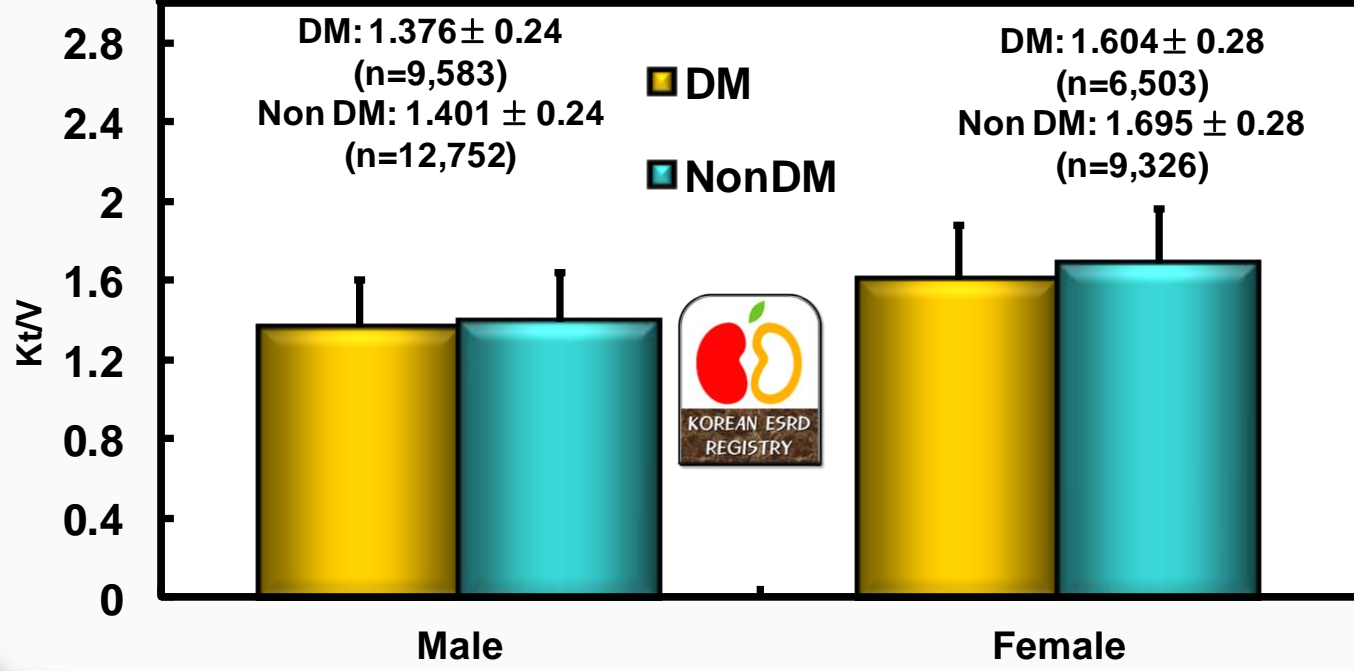
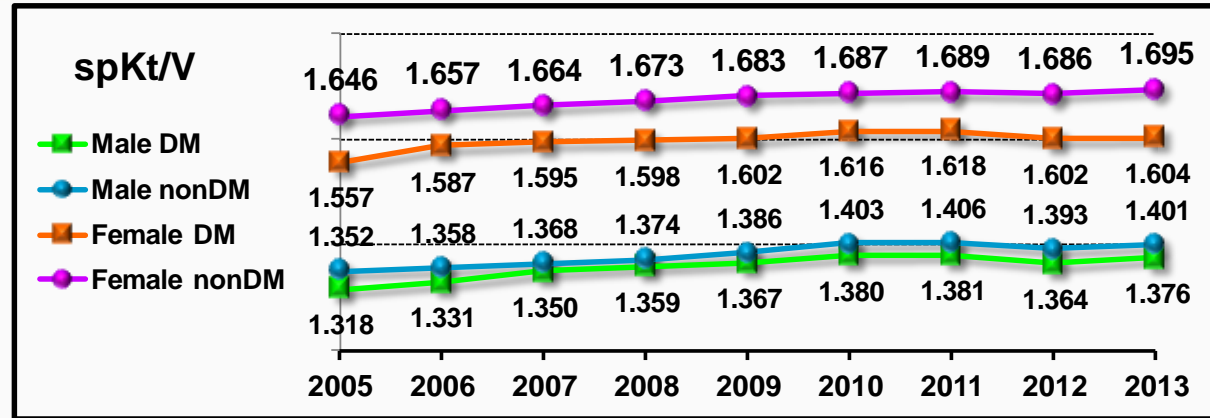
# Urea Reduction Ratio



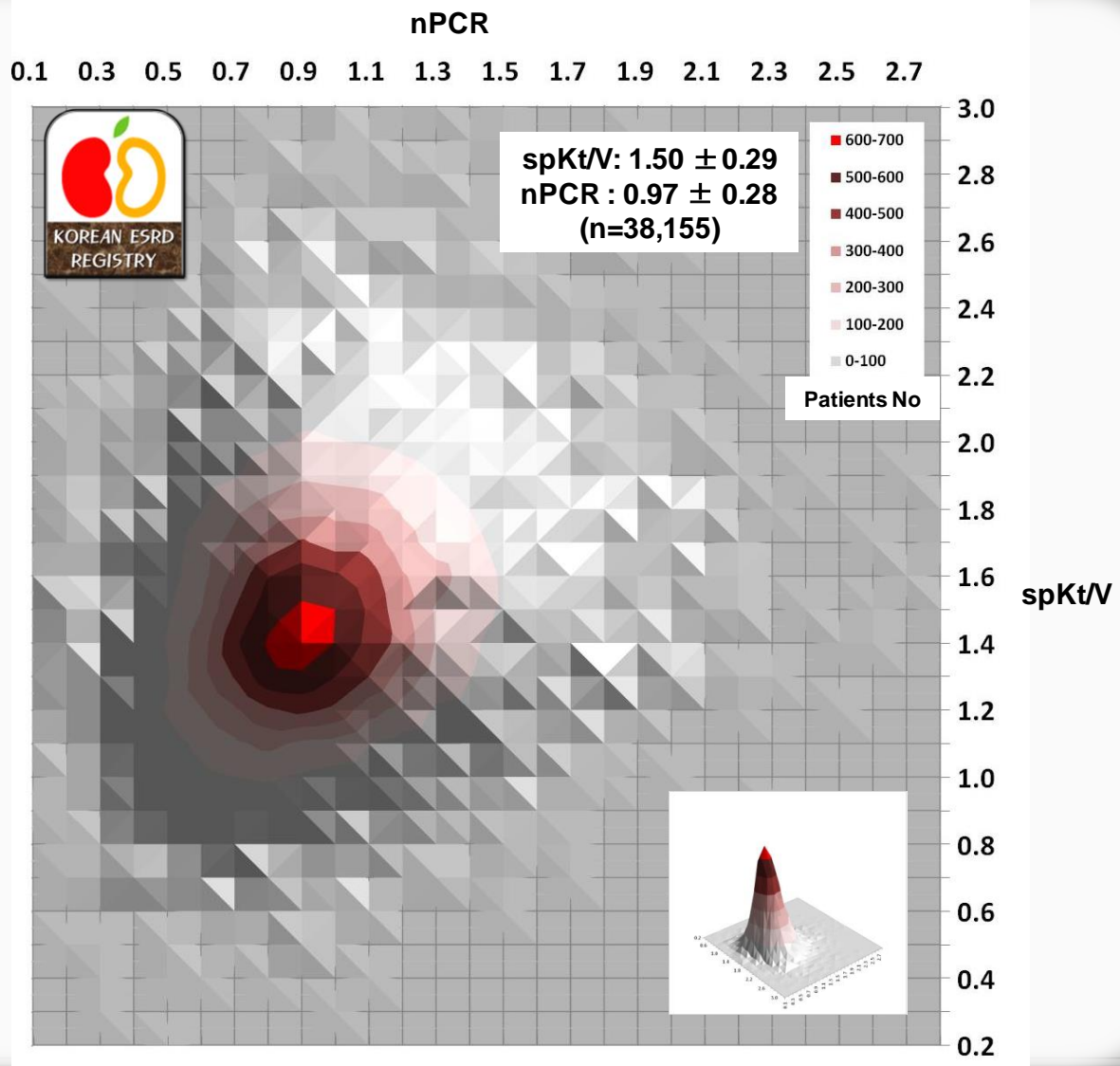
# HD Adequacy



# HD Adequacy : DM & Non-DM

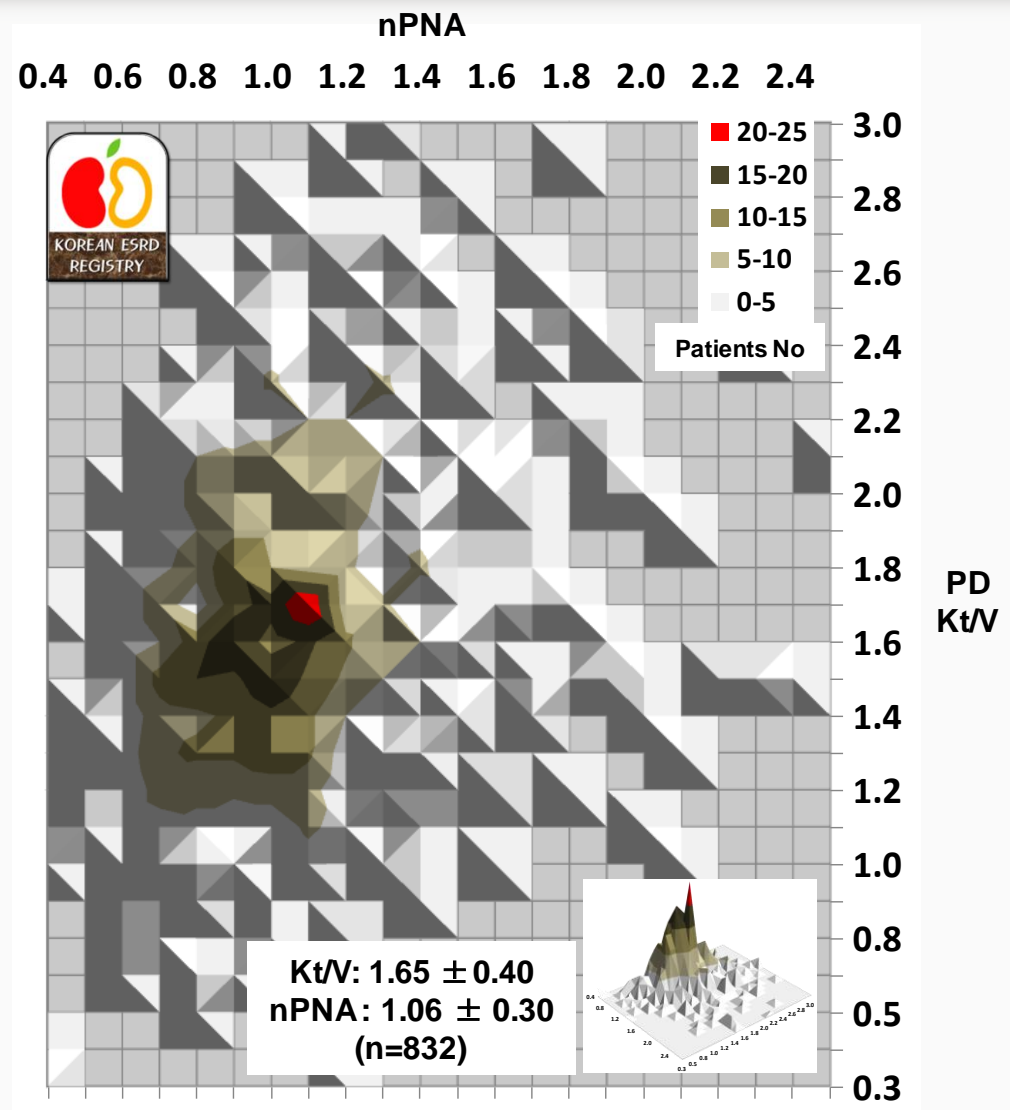


# HD Adequacy : spKt/V vs nPCR



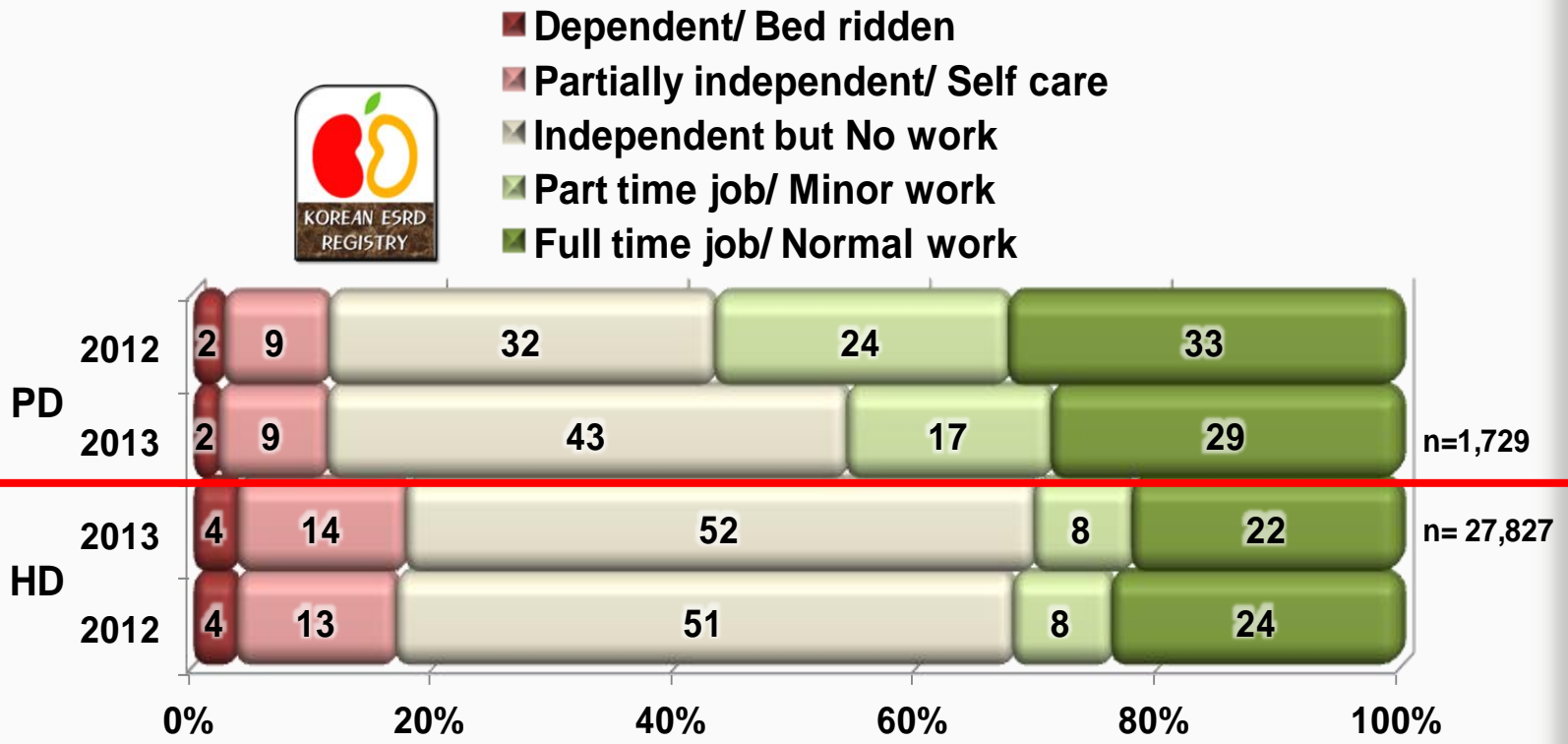


# PD Adequacy : Kt/V vs nPNA






# Rehabilitation of Dialysis Patients



# Co-Morbidity of Dialysis Patients

	HD (% n=53,454)	PD (% n=4,636)
 <b>Cardiac</b>	<b>17.4</b>	<b>13.9</b>
Coronary Artery Disease	9.5	8.0
Congestive Heart Failure	4.1	4.2
Pericardial Effusion	0.4	0.2
Arrythmia	3.3	1.5
<b>Vascular</b>	<b>49.4</b>	<b>61.9</b>
Cerebrovascular accident	3.6	4.0
Hypertension	44.3	56.8
Other vascular disease	1.5	1.1
<b>Infection</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>8.8</b>
Pneumonia	1.5	1.5
Tuberculosis	0.5	0.2
Peritonitis	0.3	4.5
Herpes zoster	0.3	0.2
Access/ exit site infection	0.7	1.1
Other Infection	1.8	1.2
<b>Liver disease</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>5.3</b>
Hepatitis B	3.9	3.8
Hepatitis C	2.3	0.9
Congestive Liver	0.1	0.2
Hemochromatosis	0.0	0.0
Other liver diseases	0.3	0.4
<b>Gastrointestinal</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>5.2</b>
Gastric Ulcer	2.0	0.6
Duodenal Ulcer	0.3	0.0
Constipation	4.6	0.8
Other Gastrointestinal Diseases	6.5	3.8
<b>Miscellaneous</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>5.0</b>
Malnutrition (Alb<2.5g/dl)	0.2	0.2
Malignancy	1.2	1.1
Hypertensive Retinopathy	0.7	0.2
Uremic Dermatitis	1.6	0.4
Uremic Neuritis	0.8	0.2
Uremic Dementia	0.3	0.2
Uremic Ascites / Pleural Effusion	0.2	0.2
Osteodystrophy	0.7	0.1
COPD & other pulm disease	0.4	0.3
Decubitus ulcer/ DM foot	2.0	2.1

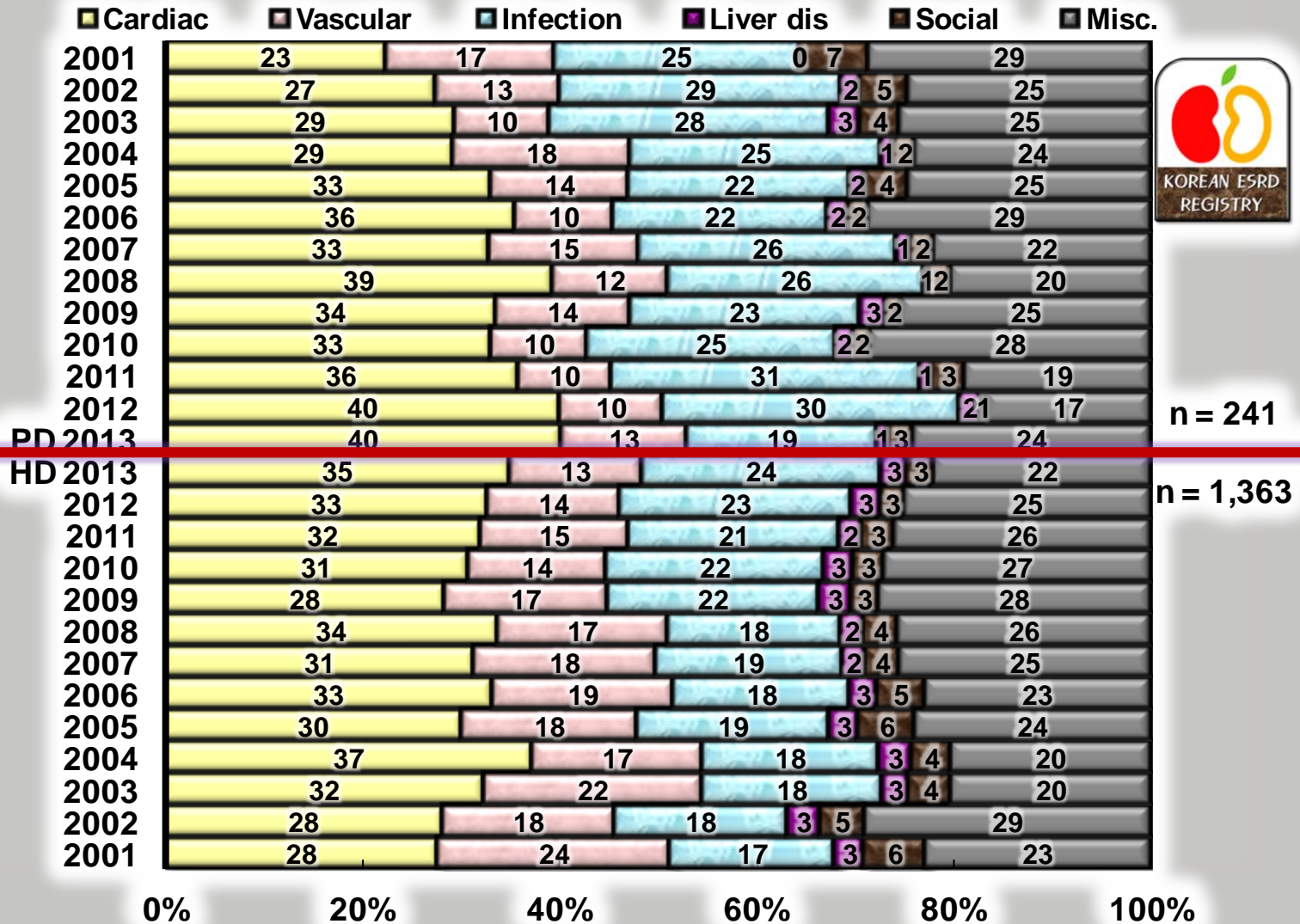
# Causes of Death (%), 1994-2013



	1994 -96	1998	2001	2003	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
<b>Cardiac</b>	<b>27.4</b>	<b>27.4</b>	<b>26.9</b>	<b>31.7</b>	<b>30.7</b>	<b>31.7</b>	<b>35.1</b>	<b>29.5</b>	<b>31.1</b>	<b>32.7</b>	<b>33.9</b>	<b>35.8</b>
Myocardial infarction	6.4	6.4	7.7	7.4	8	7.5	9.7	8.0	8.3	6.6	6.8	7.5
Cardiac arrest, uremia associated	13.7	13.7	11.2	11.7	10.4	10.8	11	8.5	8.7	11.0	11.1	14.2
Cardiac arrest, other cause	7.2	7.2	8.1	12.5	12.4	13.3	14.4	13	14.2	15.0	16.0	14.2
<b>Vascular</b>	<b>17.2</b>	<b>17.2</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>17.8</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>13.3</b>
Cerebrovascular accident	14.3	14.3	15.1	14.5	12.3	13	12.2	11	8.2	8.7	7.9	8.7
Pulmonary embolus	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2
Gastrointestinal hemorrhage	1.7	1.7	2.7	3.2	1.7	2.7	1.9	2.3	2.6	2.2	2.3	1.2
Gastrointestinal embolism	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.6	0.2
Other vascular disease	0.9	0.9	4.3	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.0	1.9	3.0
<b>Infection</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>17.8</b>	<b>20.5</b>	<b>20.1</b>	<b>20.2</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>23.1</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>23.5</b>
Pulmonary infection	2.5	2.5	4.5	3.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	5.9	7.5	8.4	10.8	8.4
Septicemia	6.6	6.6	6.9	9.7	9.6	11.7	9	10.4	10.7	9.7	8.9	11.9
Tuberculosis	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.1
Peritonitis	2.1	2.1	1.1	2	1.4	1.1	2	0.8	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.5
Other Infection	2	2	4.5	4.9	4.3	2.9	4	4.5	2.9	4.0	3.0	2.7
<b>Liver disease</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2.4</b>
Liver failure due to hepatitis B	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.3	1	2.2	1.2	1.0	1.4	1.3
Liver failure due to other cause	1.6	1.6	1	1	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.6	1.1	1.3	1.1
<b>Social</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>2.8</b>
Patient refused further treatment	2.9	2.9	2.1	1	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.3
Suicide	2.5	2.5	3.3	2.3	3.3	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.9	1.4	1.4	1.3
Therapy ceased for other reason	0.8	0.8	0.9	1	1	0.7	1	0.8	0.7	1.5	0.3	1.2
<b>Miscellaneous</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>27.1</b>	<b>27.3</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>23.6</b>	<b>22.2</b>
Cachexia	2.9	2.9	8.1	6.6	4	4.4	3.8	3.3	2.8	2.7	2.1	1.6
Malignant disease	2.1	2.1	4.4	3.5	6.4	5.7	4.6	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.7	5.7
Accident	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.2	1	1.3	0.6	1.6	1.4	1.4
Uncertain	25.8	25.8	10.3	10.1	12.3	13.4	14.9	16.8	18	14.5	13.3	13.4

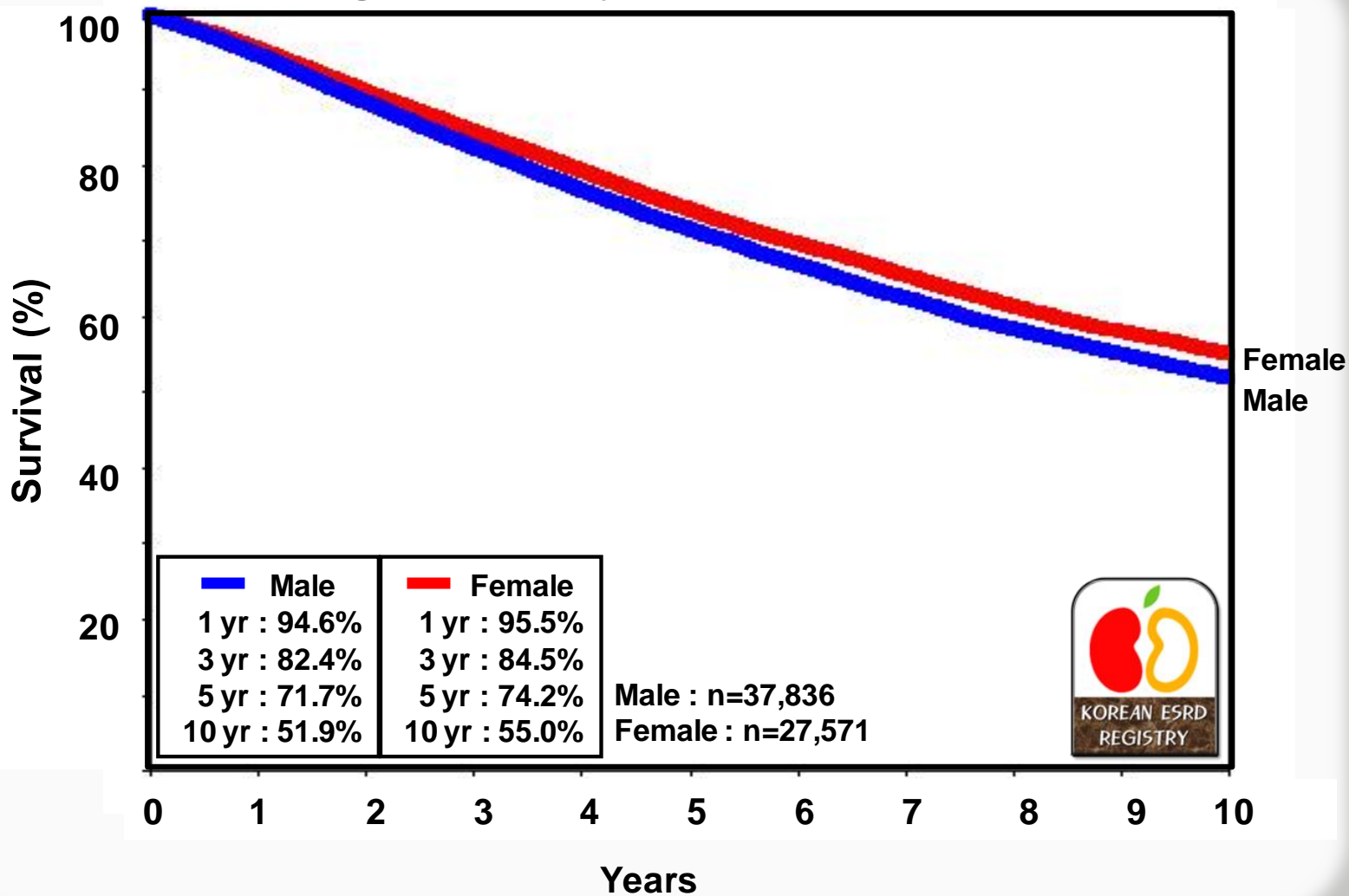
\*Number of patients :1994-1996=981, 1998=911, 2001=761, 2003=894, 2005=1,256, 2007=1,531, 2008=1,563, 2009=1,727, 2010=1,802, 2011=1,828, 2012=1,745, 2013=1,604.

# Death Causes, HD & PD



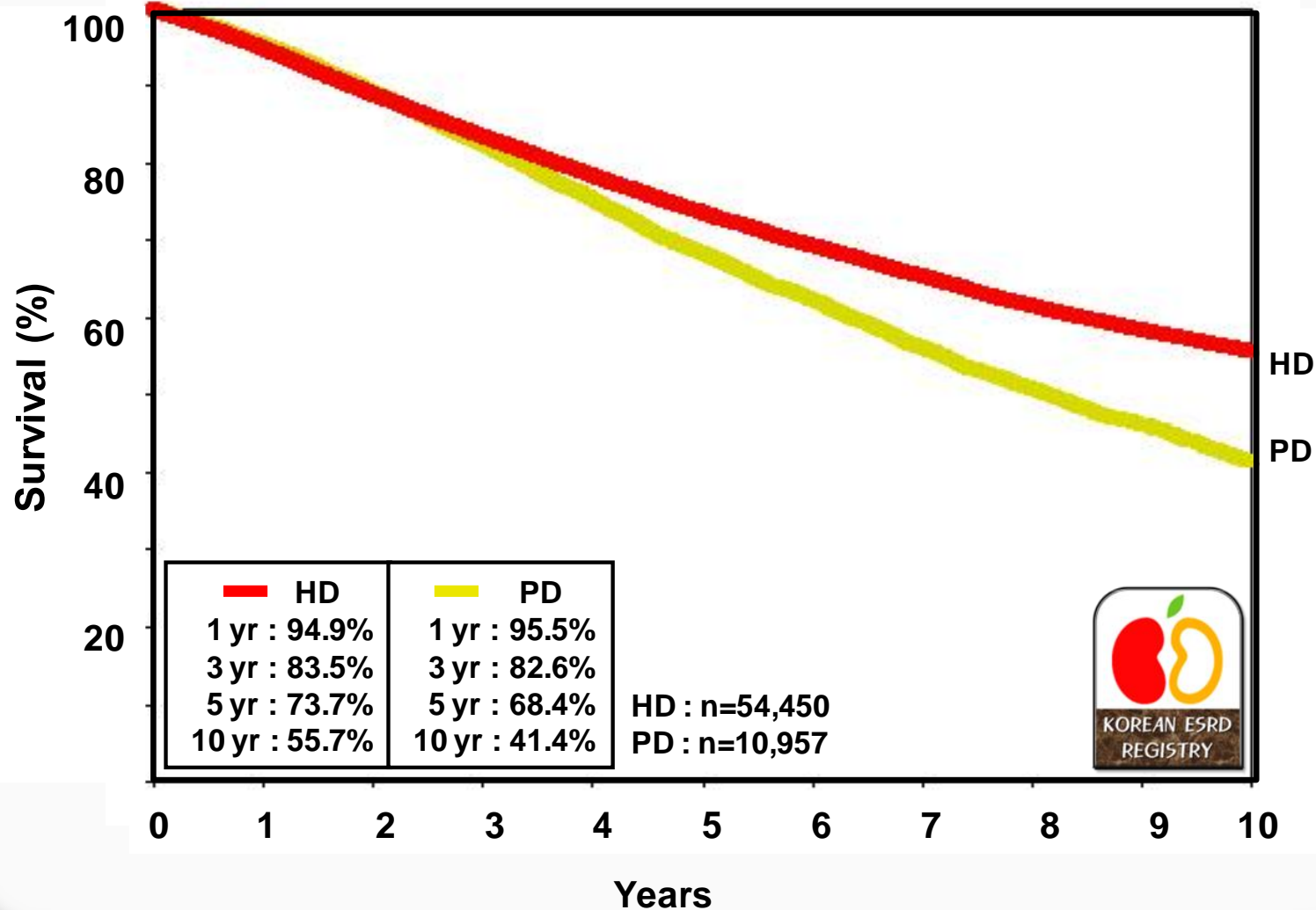
# Overall Patient Survival

- Registered Dialysis Patients since 2001-



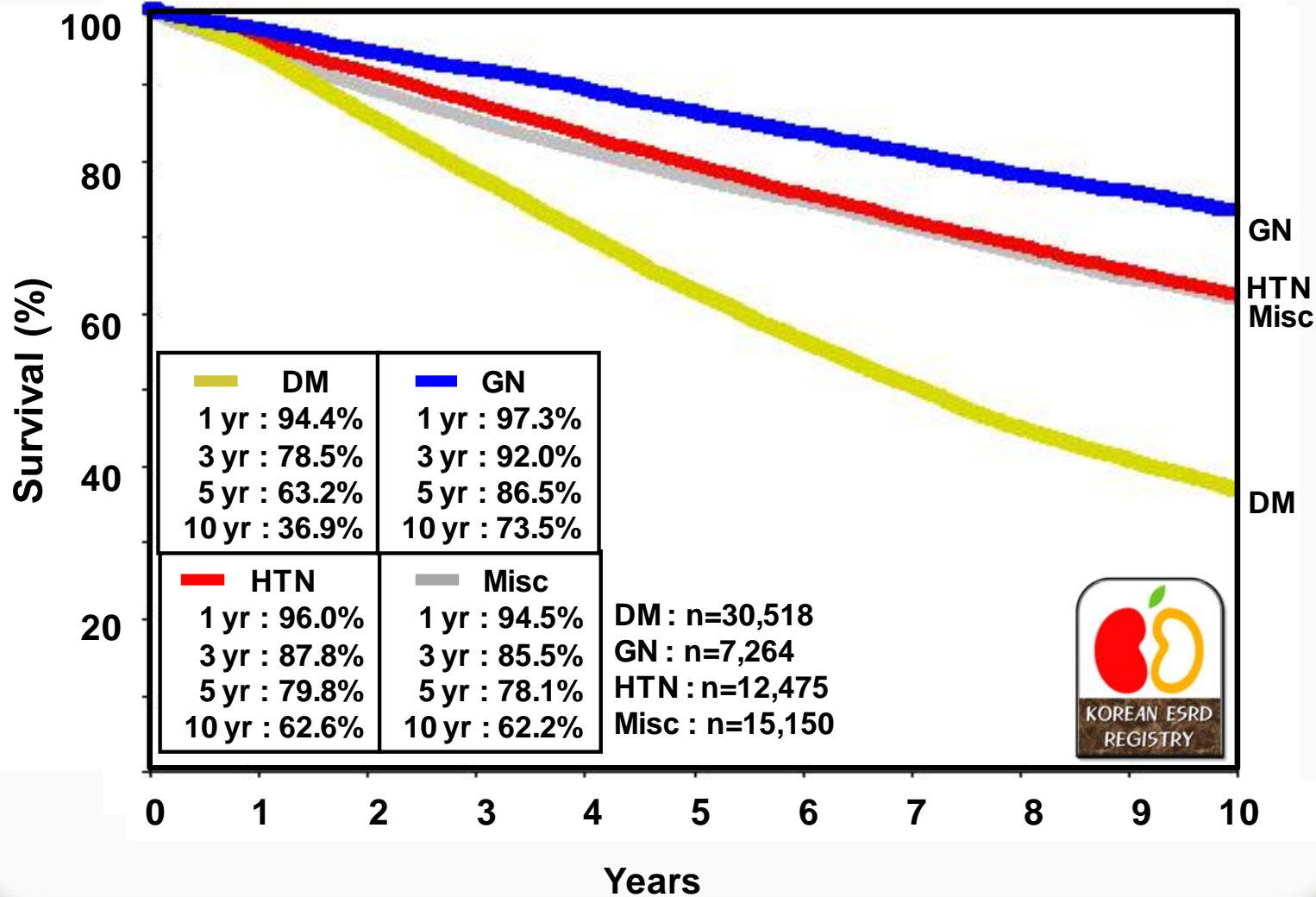
# Patient Survival : HD vs PD

- Registered Dialysis Patients since 2001-



# Patients Survival : Cause of ESRD

- Registered Dialysis Patients since 2001-

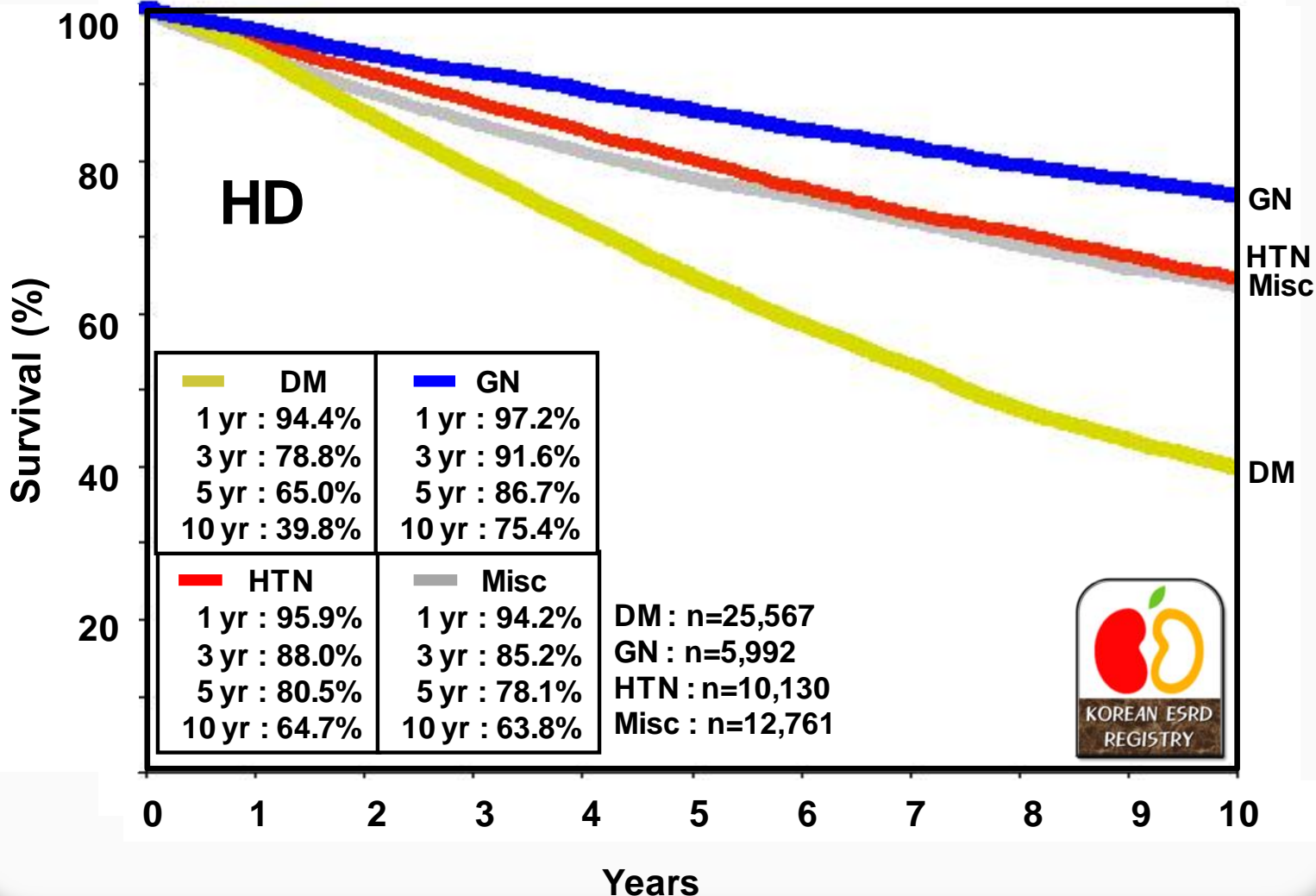






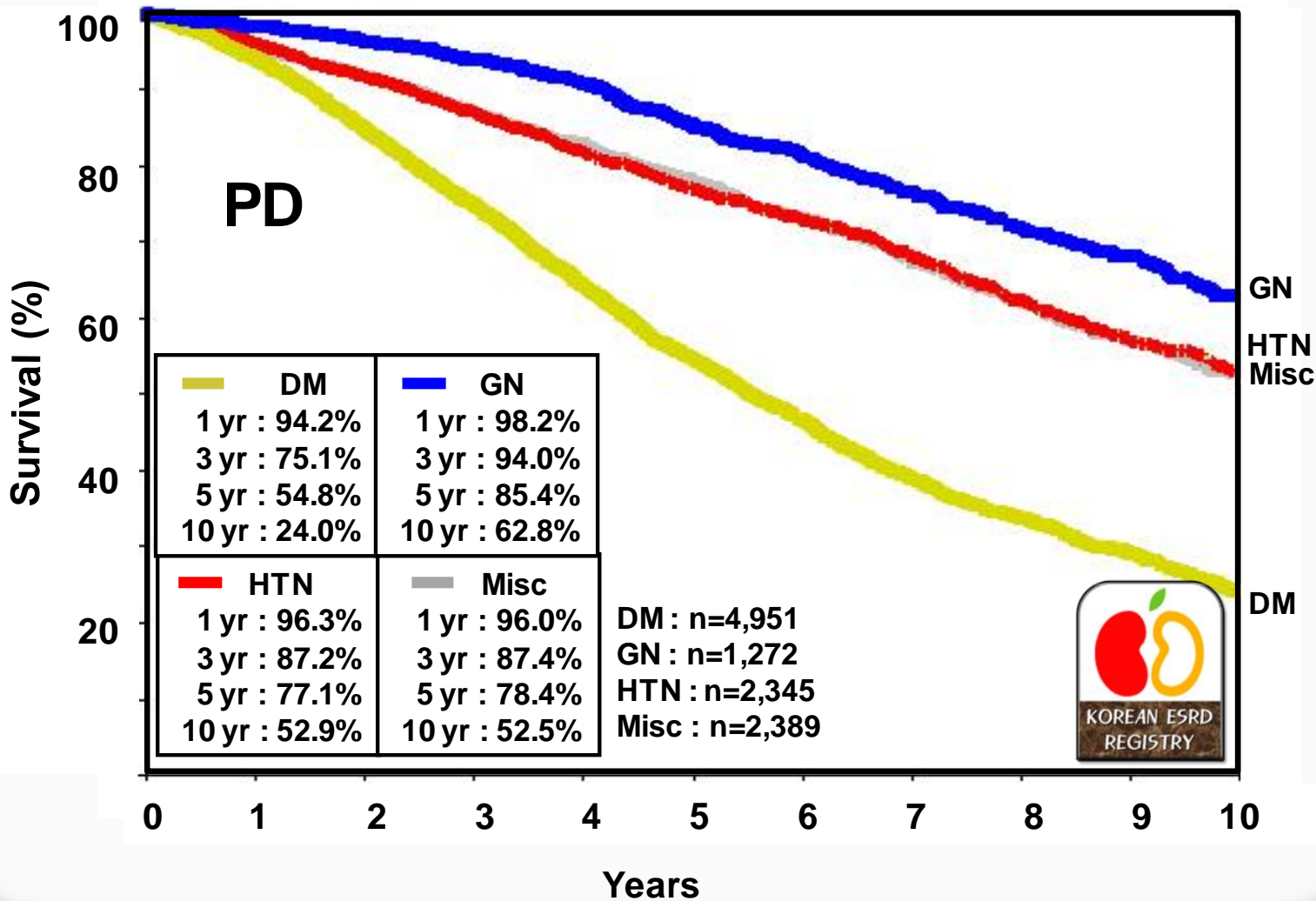
# Patients Survival : Cause of ESRD, HD

- Registered Dialysis Patients since 2001-



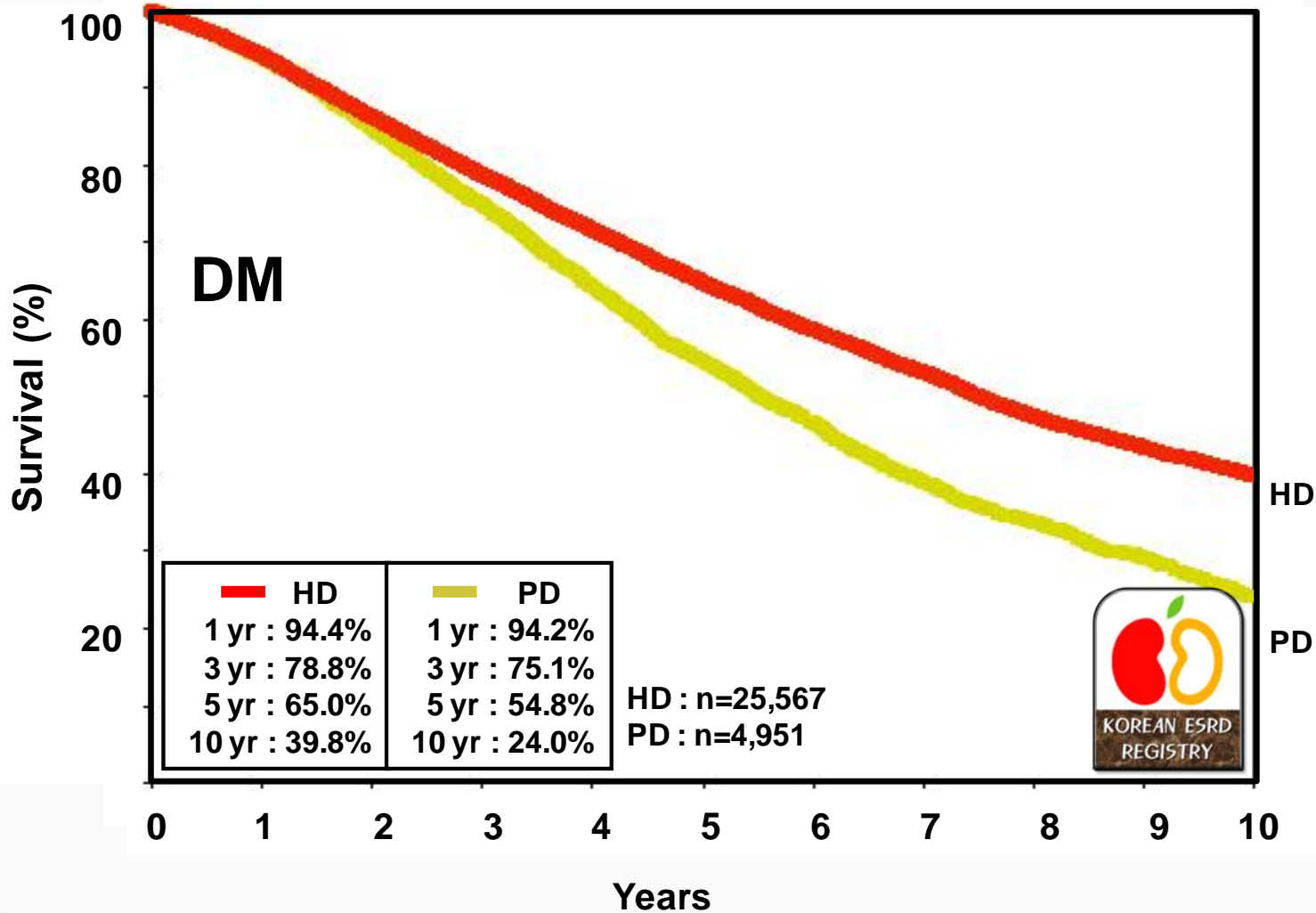
# Patients Survival : Cause of ESRD, PD

- Registered Dialysis Patients since 2001-



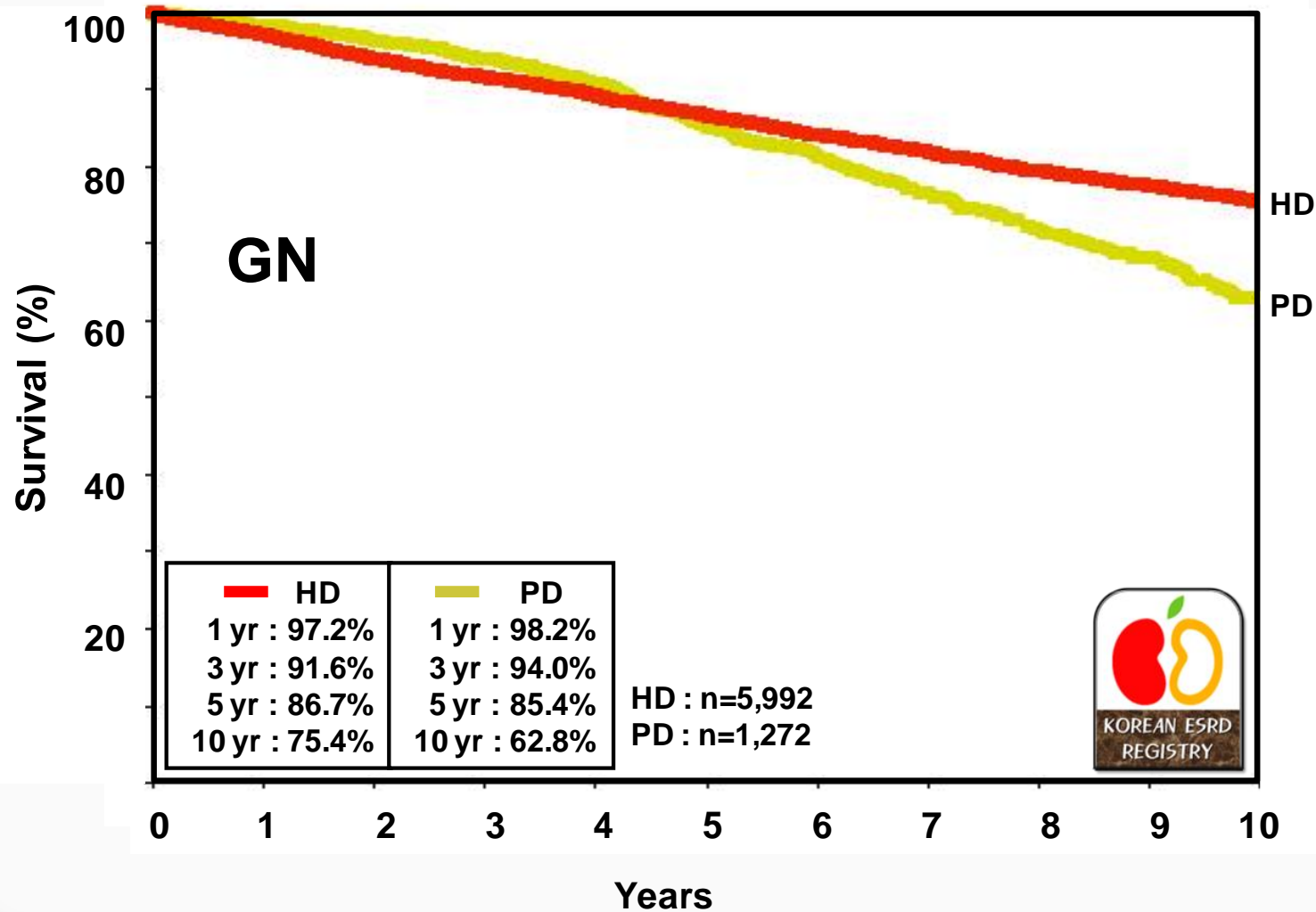
# Patients Survival : HD vs PD in DM pts

- Registered Dialysis Patients since 2001-



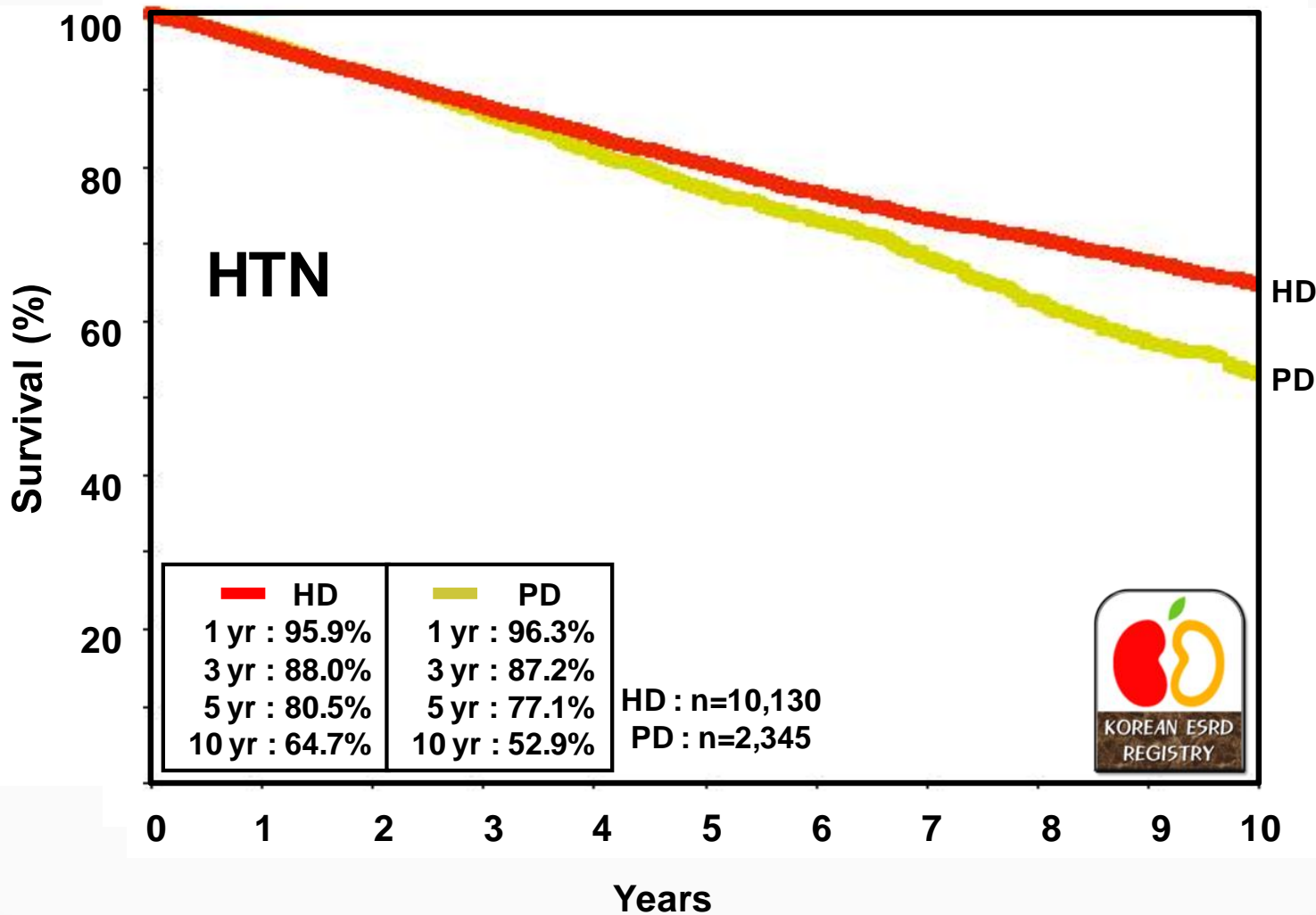
# Patients Survival : HD vs PD in GN pts

- Registered Dialysis Patients since 2001-



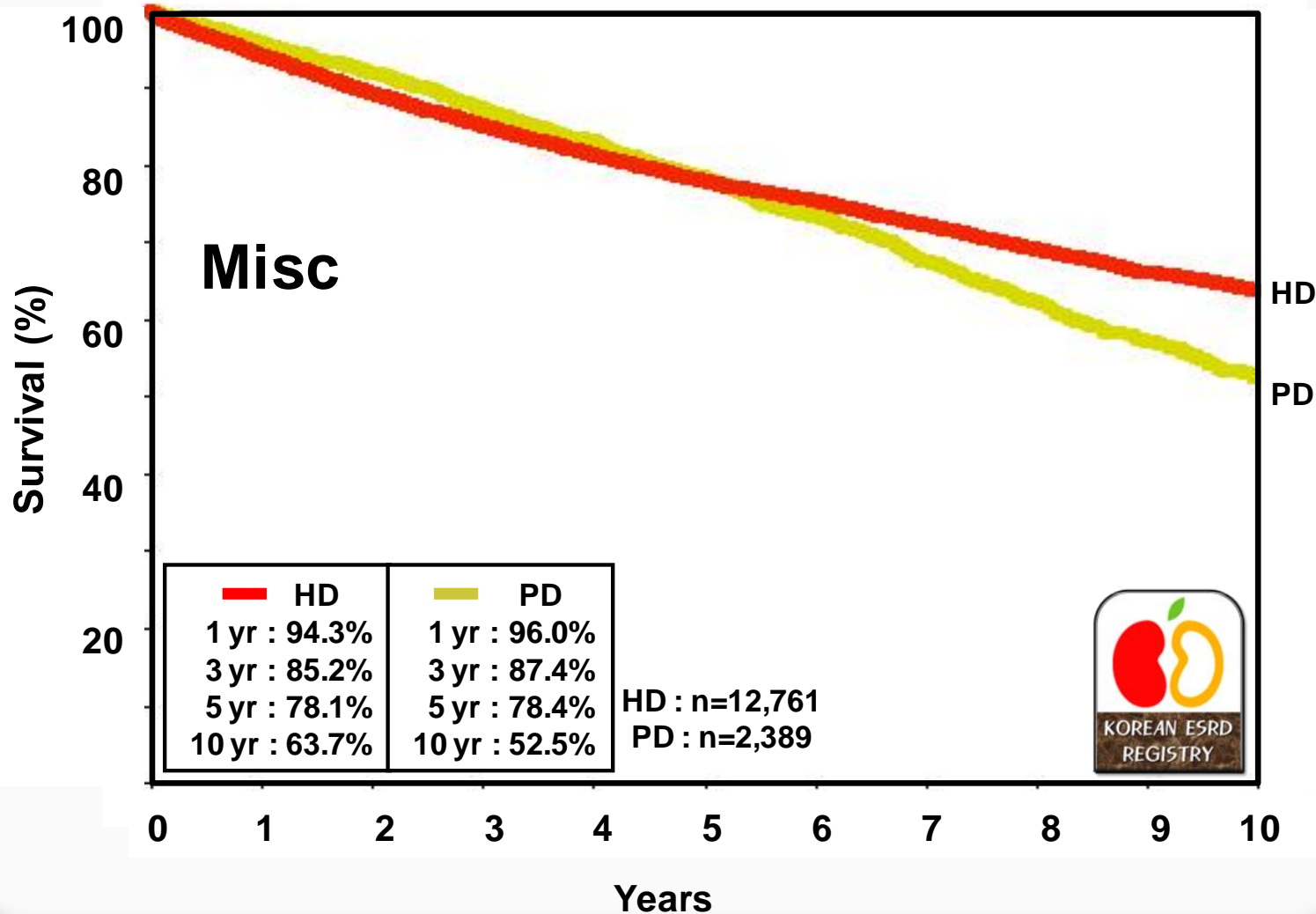
# Patients Survival : HD vs PD in HTN pts

- Registered Dialysis Patients since 2001-

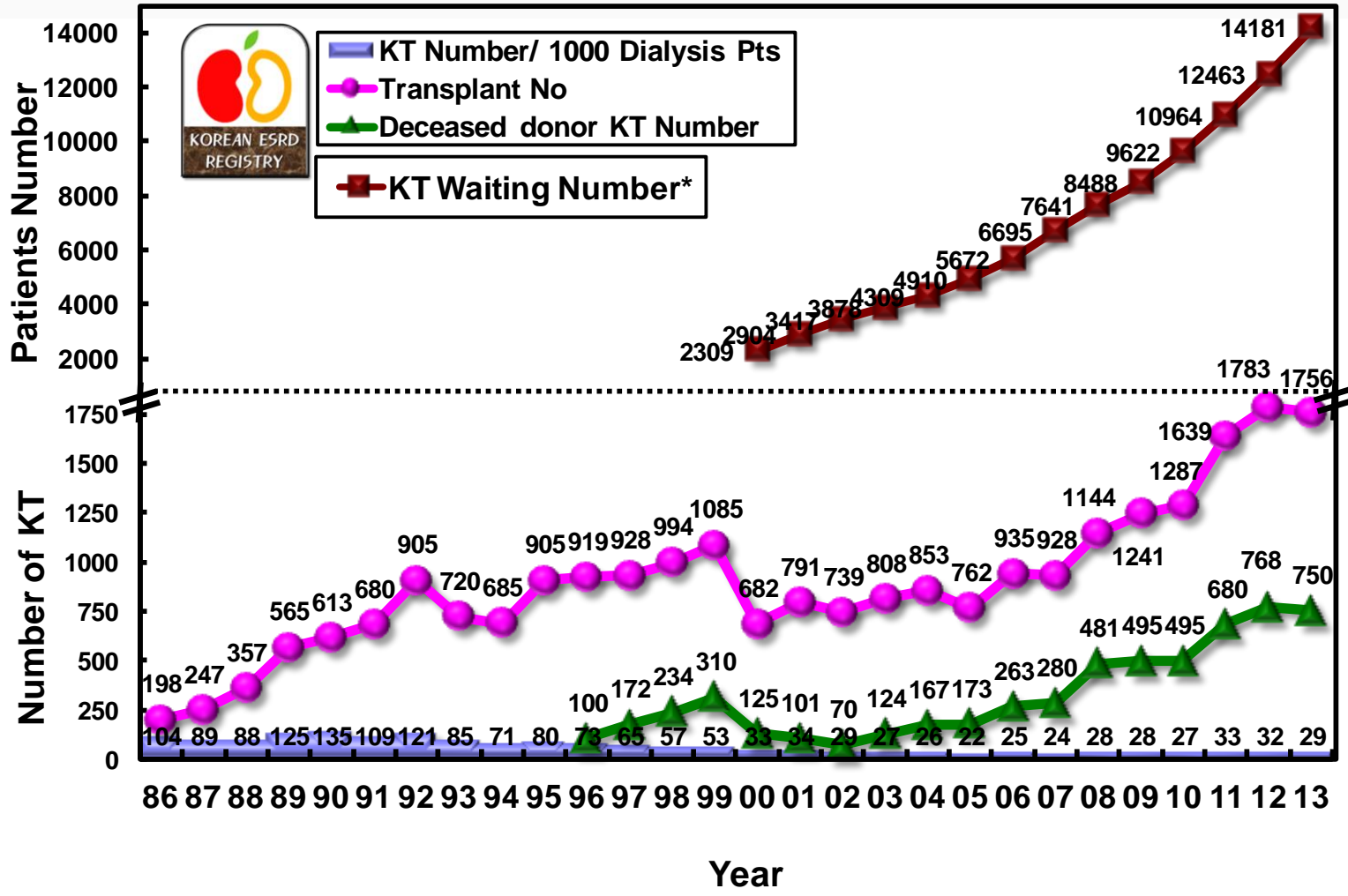


# Patients Survival : HD vs PD in Misc pts

- Registered Dialysis Patients since 2001-



# Kidney Transplantation

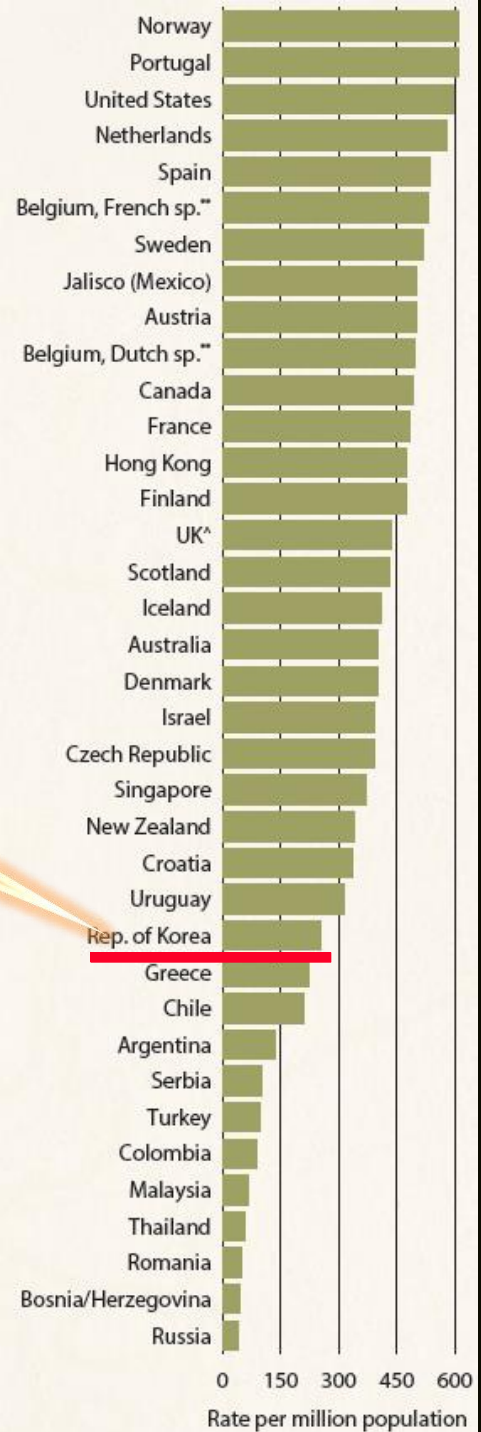
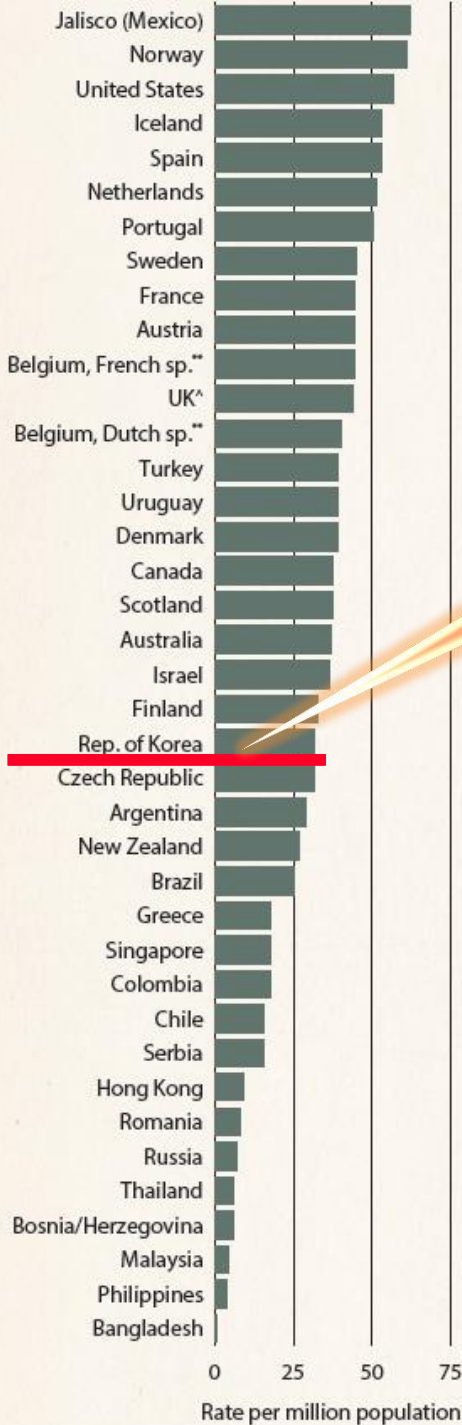




# Kidney Transplantation

**Incidence**  
24.6 PMP  
2011

**Prevalence**  
252 PMP  
2011



U.S. Renal Data System, USRDS 2013. Annual Data Report: Atlas of Chronic Kidney Disease and End-Stage Renal Disease in the United States, National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases, Bethesda, MD, 2013.



# 특 징 요약

- 2013년 새로운 등록프로그램 사용시작 : 개인정보 보호
  - 투석 방법, 합병증, 검사 수치, 재활상태 추가 등재
- 전체 투석환자 및 혈액투석기관수의 꾸준한 증가
- 비윤리 의료기관 존재, 요양병원 증가
- 복막투석의 정체 및 상대적 혈액투석 비율의 증가
- 원인 신질환에서 당뇨병성 신증의 비율 증가
- 혈액투석 효율 점진적 향상, 빈혈 개선, 혈압저하
- 신장이식 증가, 특히 뇌사공여 지속적 증가
- 의료보험 심사평가원의 적정성 평가, 대한신장학회의 투석기관 인증제와 약제 비용에 따른 투석 치료의 변화

# 감사의 글

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- **전국의 인공신장실 담당의료진**
- **대한신장학회 사무국**
- **투석용 의료물품 공급업체 :**

(Gambro Korea, FMC Korea, Baxter Korea, 보령제약)