

## 혈액투석환자에서 생체임피던스방법을 이용한 간편한 건체중예측방법 개발

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### Simple Method of Predicting Dry Weight using Bioelectrical Impedance Analysis in Hemodialysis Patients

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**Purpose:** To develop a simple method of predicting dry weight (DW) using bioelectrical impedance analysis (BIA) in hemodialysis patients

**Methods:** Segmental multifrequency BIA was performed before and after HD in 73 patients. According to the ECF/TBW ratio of whole body, patients were divided into normohydration (NH) ( $\leq 0.35$ ) and overhydration (OH) ( $> 0.35$ ). We previously developed a method of predicting DW, using the linear equation ( $y=ax+b$ ) between the slope of ultrafiltration amount (UF) and the percentage changes in ECF/TBW of right leg (Nephrology 2009; 14:705–711). In this study, we modified this method by just using the slopes of UF removed versus the percentage changes in ECF/TBW of right leg during HD. In NH patients, using the current DW (cDW) of NH subjects as a reference, we compared the accuracies of DW1 (current devised method), DW2 (previously devised method) and DW3 (the normovolemia/hypervolemia slope method). In OH patients, we compared the estimated DW by 3 methods.

**Results:** There were 28 NH and 45 OH patients. In NH patients, the mean cDW, DW1, DW2, and DW3 values were  $60.1 \pm 12.4$ ,  $59.5 \pm 12.4$ ,  $60.5 \pm 12.4$ , and  $59.2 \pm 12.7$  kg, respectively. No significant differences existed between cDW and DW1, DW2, and DW3 ( $0.6 \pm 1.2$ ,  $-0.3 \pm 0.6$ , and  $1.0 \pm 0.9$  kg, respectively). In OH patients, the mean cDW, DW1, DW2, and DW3 values were  $57.8 \pm 10.2$ ,  $56.2 \pm 10.1$ ,  $56.5 \pm 9.3$ , and  $55.3 \pm 9.4$  kg, respectively. No significant differences existed between cDW and DW1, DW2, and DW3 ( $1.6 \pm 1.2$ ,  $1.3 \pm 4.7$ ,  $2.5 \pm 1.7$  kg, respectively). However, DW1 showed larger variation.

**Conclusion:** This method showed the similar accuracy with other and seems to be useful in dialysis center.

**Key Words:** 수분, 생체임피던스, 혈액투석  
Body fluid, Bioimpedance, Hemodialysis