

제2형 수분통로 세포 내수송에서 Rab GTPase 활성 단백질인 AS160의 역할

경북대학교 의학전문대학원 생화학세포생물학교실

김효영 · 임정숙 · 최효정 · 박의정 · 정현준 · 이유정 · 권태환

The Rab GTPase-activating Protein AS160 as a Negative Regulator for AQP2 Trafficking in Collecting Duct Cells

Hyo-Young Kim, Jung-Suk Lim, Hyo-Jung Choi, Eui-Jung Park
Hyun Jun Jung, Yu-Jung Lee, Tae-Hwan Kwon

Department of Biochemistry and Cell Biology School of Medicine Kyungpook National University

Background: PI3K and Akt are known to be activated in response to vasopressin in the collecting duct. However, it is unclear whether the PI3K/Akt pathways regulate AQP2 trafficking. AS160 is a novel Akt substrate of 160 kDa containing a Rab GTPase-activating protein (GAP) domain. The present study examined whether Akt and AS160 play a role in the AQP2 trafficking.

Methods: The strategy was to examine whether siRNA-mediated AS160 knockdown in mouse cortical collecting duct cells (M-1 cells) affects AQP2 trafficking.

Results: Short-term dDAVP treatment in M-1 cells stimulated phosphorylation of Akt (S473) and AS160. Conversely, the PI3K inhibitor LY 294002 diminished phosphorylation of Akt (S473) and AS160. siRNA-mediated Akt1 knockdown was associated with unchanged total AS160 but decreased phospho-AS160 expression, indicating that phosphorylation of AS160 is mediated by PI3K/Akt pathways. Moreover, siRNA-mediated AS160 knockdown significantly decreased total AS160 and phospho-AS160 expression. Semiquantitative immunocytochemistry revealed that AS160 knockdown was associated with significantly increased AQP2 expression of the plasma membrane ($123 \pm 2\%$, $p < 0.05$, $n = 52$) despite the absence of dDAVP stimulation, compared with the control M-1 cells transfected with non-targeting siRNA.

Conclusions: Taken together, PI3K/Akt pathways mediate AS160 phosphorylation, which is likely to play a role as a negative regulator for AQP2 trafficking. Since phosphorylation of AS160 is known to inhibit its GAP activity leading to an increase in the active GTP-bound form of the AS160 target Rab proteins, this supports that vasopressin-stimulated phosphorylation of AS160 plays a role in the AQP2 trafficking.

Key Words: 수분통로, 집합관, 항이노호르몬

Aquaporin, Collecting duct, Vasopressin