

Abstract Submission No. : 2446

## Long noncoding RNA FGD5-AS1 sponges microRNA-497-5p to regulate hyperuricaemia-induced renal interstitial fibrosis in a rat model involving LIM domain only 7

**Jiali Wei**, Ying Zhang

Department of Nephrology Department, Hainan General Hospital, China

**Objectives:** To explore the roles of lncRNA FGD5 antisense RNA 1 (FGD5-AS1) and miR-497-5p in renal interstitial fibrosis (RIF).

**Methods:** Rat hyperuricaemia models were constructed and respectively treated with altered FGD5-AS1 or miR-497-5p to detect biochemical indices including uric acid (UA), serum creatine (SCr), blood urea nitrogen (BUN) and 24-h urine protein. The pathological changes and score, fibrosis degree and RIF index in rat kidney were determined. Expression of FGD5-AS1, miR-497-5p, LIM domain only 7 (LMO7), ZO-1 and Occludin was assessed.

**Results:** In kidney tissues from hyperuricaemia rats, FGD5-AS1 and LMO7 were downregulated while miR-497-5p was upregulated. Overexpressed FGD5-AS1 or reduced miR-497-5p reversed RIF-induced changes in hyperuricaemia rats, while downregulated FGD5-AS1 or upregulated miR-497-5p had opposite effects.

**Conclusions:** Overexpressed FGD5-AS1 downregulated miR-497-5p to ameliorate RIF in hyperuricaemia rats by promoting LMO7.

Figure 1. The correlation between FGD5-AS1 and miR-497-5p was determined by dual luciferase reporter gene assay. FGD5-AS1 binds to miR-497-5p to inhibit its expression.

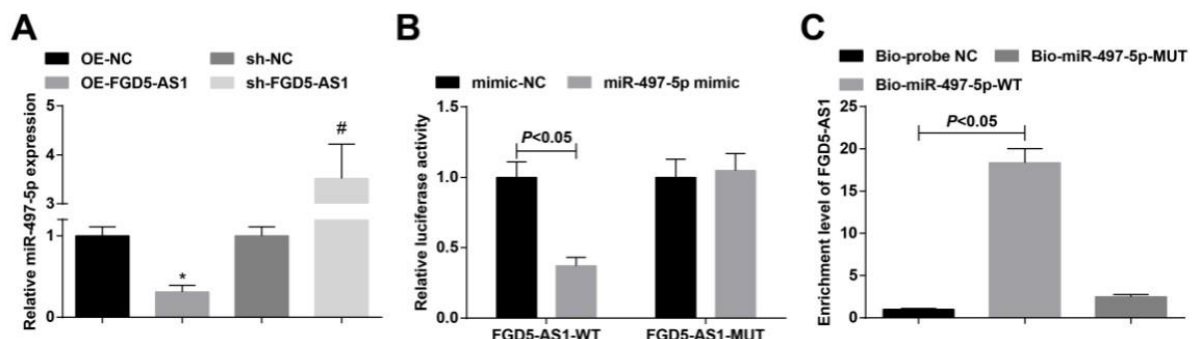


Figure 2. The correlation between miR-497-5p and LMO7 was determined by dual luciferase reporter gene assay. MiR-497-5p targets and regulates the expression of LMO7.

**KSN** 2021  
FULLY VIRTUAL MEETING  
September 02 (Thu) - 05 (Sun)

